

U.S. Patent Application for

METHOD FOR FACILITATING PRICING, SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUEL TO A CUSTOMER

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Attorney Docket No. 068.0003



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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

METHOD FOR FACILITATING PRICING, SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUEL TO A CUSTOMER

COMPUTER SOFTWARE ADDENDUM

Attached hereto is a compact disc containing computer software and data including executable programs, scripts, and database management system tables that are used to implement the systems and methods provided by the present invention. More particularly, the attached compact disc contains software and data used to implement at least two distinct applications comprising the systems and methods provided by the present invention; such two distinct applications include a broad-based, general use energy management system (referred to as the Energy Management System "EMS"), and a limited user/function restricted application (referred to as the Producer Control Center "PCC") intended for use by fuel producers needing access to centrally stored and managed fuel deal data. Such material is protected by the Copyright Laws of the United States (17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq.) and may not be copied without the express, written authorization of the copyright holder Copyright © 2001, Highland Energy (Highland Energy Corporation). Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to systems and methods used to facilitate pricing, sale, and distribution of fuel to a customer. More particularly, the present invention is directed to automated systems and methods that are used to price fuels such as natural gas, oil, gas, other petroleum based fuels, etc., to facilitate commodity sales of such fuels, and to distribute such fuels to customers, and to track and report sales and distribution related data.

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Description of the Related Art

Fuel sales and distribution systems and techniques are well known. Everyday millions of fuel sale contracts are completed in the U.S. and abroad. Fuels produced by a range of producers are transported over many modes of transportation (e.g., gas pipelines, etc.) to ultimately arrive at an intended destination. The steps involved in pricing fuel, selling a reserve, storing reserves, and ultimately transporting purchased fuel involve many parties including producers, agents, brokers, other middlemen and, ultimately, end customers. All of these parties have their own unique ways of doing business, reporting sale and purchase data, and collecting and paying against agreed upon contracts.

Unfortunately, many of the steps and processes carried out to facilitate fuel sales and distribution are archaic, inefficient, and, often, paper-based. Such inefficient ways of doing business cause many parties to engage large teams of personnel to manage the intricate details often involved in fuel sale and distribution. Fuel deal pricing provides a good example of the inefficiencies involved in moving large volumes of natural gas and other fuels.

Typically, pricing fuel deals in the natural gas arena involves manual processes related to gathering fuel index rates, manually computing sales prices across a multitude of fuel sales deals, laboriously factoring in transportation and other tangential costs, and managing for fuel overages and short falls often associated with transportation anomalies, etc. These processes typically involve the efforts of large teams of personnel within organizations who are required to constantly monitor sales deals, set pricing limits for sales people, and track and record fuel deal progress.

While many systems have been developed to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel and other products, commodities, and services in general, no systems developed to date can effectively management the volume of transactions among a wide array of parties to efficiently and effectively get fuel from one place to another. Moreover, existing systems have heretofore not been able to facilitate pricing practices that factor in past fuel deal data across a

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multitude of prior fuel deals to better drive profit margins in the commodities and brokerage fields.

Accordingly, there exists a serious need to provide systems and methods that enable centralized location and management of fuel deal data, provide for application of pre-determined pricing techniques based on such fuel deal data, facilitate broad-based reporting based on such centrally stored fuel deal data to drive better business practices for parties to fuel deals, and increase productivity and make more efficient fuel sale and distribution practices. The present invention squarely addresses such a need and provides a new and improved systems and methods for facilitating fuel sale and distribution.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention solves the problems mentioned above with regard to prior systems and methods used to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to a customer. By squarely addressing the limitations of prior systems and methods, the present invention provides new and improved systems and methods that permit a wide array of users to broadly access a central data store to create and manage fuel deal data. Such new and improved systems and methods further permit the inclusion of pricing processes into existing business processes that are based on prior fuel deal data and which take into account prior prices charged across collections of prior fuel deal contracts.

Accordingly, the present invention provides new and improved systems and methods for facilitating sale and distribution of fuel to a fuel customer. Such systems and methods include and involve a server facility configured to store fuel deal data and to process such fuel deal data to automatically generate pricing data based on the fuel deal data and in accordance with a predetermined pricing technique. The system and method also include and involve a client facility that is coupled to the server facility via an electronic data network and which is configured to permit a user to enter such fuel deal data and to cause the server facility to store and process the fuel deal data to generate the pricing data. As such, fuel may be sold and distributed to a fuel customer via a

fuel distribution system based on the fuel deal data and the automatically generated pricing data.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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The present invention is described in detail below with reference to the following drawing figures, of which:

FIG. 1 is a timing diagram that depicts process flows within a business process that facilitates sale and distribution of fuel to customers in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

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FIG. 2 is a system diagram in which client systems can access server system(s) to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to customers in accordance with the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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FIG. 3A is an entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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FIG. 3B is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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FIG. 3C is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3D is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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FIG. 3E is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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FIG. 3F is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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- FIG. 3G is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3H is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 31 is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3J is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3K is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3L is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3M is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3N is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4A is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4B is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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- FIG. 4C is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4D is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4E is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4F is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4G is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4H is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4I is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4J is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4K is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4L is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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- FIG. 4M is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4N is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4O is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4P is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 4Q is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;
- FIG. 5A is a flow chart that illustrates the operations carried out to effect a pricing technique and, in particular, one that effectuates a weighted average sales price for fuel deals in accordance with a preferred embodiment of present invention; and

FIG. 5B is the conclusion of the flowchart started in FIG. 5A.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention is now described in detail with regard to the drawing figures that were briefly described above.

The systems and methods described herein are illustrative of the exemplary system implemented by way of computer software within a networked data processing environment and which is contained within multiple files housed on the compact disc that is appended to this patent document. Accordingly, the discussion that follows refers to such an exemplary system and those skilled in the art are encouraged to review such appended software in the context of fuel

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deal management for a complete understanding of the present invention. As noted at the beginning of this patent document, the material contained on the attached compact disc is protected by the Copyright Laws of the United States (17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq.) and may not be copied without the express, written authorization of the copyright holder (Highland Energy Corporation). Copyright © 2001, Highland Energy Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

Referring now to FIG. 1, depicted therein is a timing diagram corresponding to the business process carried out within an organization to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to a customer and which may be set up to utilize the systems and methods provided by the present invention. In particular, FIG. 1, illustrates a monthly or periodic business process involving several phases of operation that are carried out by the systems and methods provided by the present invention including, but not limited to: an availability phase, a bidding phase, a nominating (e.g., gas pipeline nominations, etc.) and routing phase, a third party and sanctioned sales period, a pricing period, an invoicing period, and an accounting period. Together, these periods make up what is referred to herein as a MONTH OF FLOW PROCESS (MFP). The MFP is described next to further illustrate the business operations that are handled by the systems and methods provided by the present invention.

THE MONTH OF FLOW PROCESS (MFP) Availability Period

During the availability period of the month of flow process, equity contracts for sale and distribution of fuel (those that need to roll from month to month) are established for the next month. These purchase deals define the anticipated volumes by well/meter for each producer. The status for the production month needs are set to 'Availability' at this point. Then, correspondence is transferred (via fax, email and phone conversations) to the various operators/producers in order to confirm the anticipated volumes to be produced.

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The anticipated production volume for an entire well/meter is then entered into the system. An entitlement and makeup percentage is used to indicate how much of this volume is actually available to be marketed (represents the owner interest in the production of the well/meter). New deals are setup on the system to represent the new month's purchases. The package description is utilized to assist with easy recognition of volumes, price, etc. (used for identification purposes only). There is a process built within the system to automate the propagation of new deals to the next month (first time into a new month will automatically generate entries for the new month with zero volume amounts). The actual volume stored on the system (at this point) is zero. Only the nominated volumes contain the expected volumes for the production month. These 'nominated" volumes are equal to the estimates provided by the producers and entered into the system during this part of the month of flow. The primary area of the system utilized is the 'Availability' functions (off the system's main menu.)

Bid Week Period

During the bid week of the month of flow process, buyers are found for the volumes that were made available through the availability step described above. The status of the production month of the system needs is set to 'Sales' at this point. By setting the status to 'Sales' all of the price indices will be initially populated and 'seeded' with zero values. Each of the sales is confirmed by a dealmaker and is written up on a deal log sheet. These deal log sheets reflect the pipe/field, meter/well, company, contract, volume, and pricing instructions to support the sale. Prior to completing a deal, the dealmaker will work closely with the volume control group to ensure that appropriate volumes will be available at the well/meter of sale. The dealmakers then complete the deal log sheet entries for the sale and they are transferred to the volume control group for deal creation and entry into the system. Most of the volumes sold during this particular phase are for the equity purchase deals created during the availability period.

Nominating and Routing

During the nominating and routing period of the month of flow process, the volumes to support the sales are routed from the producer's well/meters to the sales wells/meters (primarily to pooling points or field tanks). This process occurs throughout the entire month. When the volumes are routed to specific pool wells/meters, allowances are automatically made by the system for fuel, gathering and transport costs. These costs will net down the actual available volumes that can be applied to the sales deals. When volumes are routed to a pool/tank then these volumes reflect as 'Transport Out volumes'. The volumes then show up as "Transported In' (net fuel) on the receiving meter/well within the system. The primary area with the System utilized during this process is the "Route Volume" menu option within the Routing module (main menu selection of 'Routing' on the System.

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Third Party Deals and Sanctioned Sales

During the Third Party Deals and Sanctioned Sales of the month of flow process, the dealmakers complete the third party deals. These deals are typically setup where a specific purchase deal (non equity type) is made to support a specific sales deal. These types of deals will usually have a specific price agreement and volume associated with them. Sanctioned sales represent sales from equity volumes with specific terms (prices, volumes, etc.) to specific sales meters. A sales price for a specific volume is set in advance of the production month with these types of deals. All third party deals are excluded from Weighted Average Sales Price (WASP) calculations as discussed below with regard to FIGS. 5A and 5B (each third party purchase volume exists within its own WASP pool ('None')). All sanction sales deals are included within the WASP calculation but EACH combination sanction sales (purchase-to-sale) will utilize a 'Dedicated' WASP pool during the calculation. In this way, sanction sale costs etc. PLUS netback percentages can be applied. All equity deals combined with the 'Common' WASP pool where costs and prices are

aggregated by meter/well based on volume weightings. All deals actually go through the calculation in order determine margins. However, the calculation has been setup to ensure that third party, sanctioned sale and equity pools are calculated without interfering with each other.

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Pricing

During the pricing period of the month of flow process, all monthly index based prices are entered immediately when published. These are usually entered just before the beginning of the production month. Daily prices are keyed or otherwise entered throughout the month as they are received. When deals are setup the 'Pricing' function within the System is used to actually calculate a price for the deal ('Price' tab on deal detail screen). Each evening, for example, the 'Price All Deals' function of the System is started. particular function will re-price all deals for the entire month (Price + WASP calculations). For months in the 'Sales' phase, the nominations are re-priced and recalculated. For months in the 'invoiced' phase, the pipe/field actuals are re-priced and recalculated. In addition, to this periodic process, an option exists within the System to price production months throughout a day, for example. Below, with reference to FIGS. 5A and 5B, the details related to fuel deal pricing are described. The ability of the present invention to incorporate a pricing technique such as one that is predetermined and implemented as a modular component of a larger software system, represents a significant point of novelty to which the present invention is directed.

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Invoicing

During the invoicing period of the month of flow process, invoices for all of the sales for the previous month are produced. This represents the final step of the month within the system. All marketing individuals directly involved with the system for the month (controllers, dealmakers, etc.) are informed that the month is closing out and that invoices are now being produced. The status for the production month is changed to 'Invoiced'. A final nomination calculation is

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automatically done with the status updated. Accounting is then notified that the month has been completed. Invoicing reports are then run for the month and sent to the buyers by an accounting group, for example. Additional reports may be run (Sales By Pipe/Field, Purchase By Producer, Balancing Reports, Pipeline Statement Comparison Reports, etc.) by the accounting group for historical reference and reconciliation.

Accounting

During the accounting period of the month of flow process, an accounting group creates a revenue and journal entry feed to track receivables within an automated accounting system. This feed is created directly out of the system. Pipe/Field statements begin appearing beginning as early as the 15th of the month. These statements represent volumes (by well/meter) for the previous month. Each accounting analyst is responsible for a specific set of pipe/fields. The volumes from these statements are entered as actuals into the system. A copy of the Pipe/Field statements are sent to the controllers for sign off. Accounting analysts then balance all of the purchase meter routing information for their respective pipe/fields. Accounting analysts then balance all of the sales meters for their respective pipe/fields. Accounting analysts then adjust any route volumes that cross pipe/fields to ensure interconnect balances are synchronized with pipe/field statements. Reconciliation and voucher reports can be run immediately after the production month is promoted to 'Accounting' phase (meaning accounting is finished with the month). These reports can then be sent to producers and/or entered into to accounting system.

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AN EXEMPLARY SYSTEM

Referring now to FIG. 2, depicted therein is a diagram of an exemplary system in which client systems can access server system(s) to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to customers in accordance with the business process (MFP) illustrated in FIG. 1. In particular, system 100 includes both server(s) 102 and client systems 104. Additionally, a database management system and

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corresponding data store 106 (hereinafter data store 106) is used to store fuel deal data and programs. Servers 102 are configured to be accessed via wide area network connections such as those facilitated via the Internet using open standards based protocols. Client systems 106 are configured with software contained on the appended compact disc to access servers 102 to engage in fuel deal operations such as those described with reference to the month of flow process (MFP) discussed above with regard to FIG. 1.

In FIG. 2, client systems 104 may be configured as desktop computing systems, wireless computing clients, etc. to access servers 102. Such access may be made possible via applications and technology such as dbOvernet TCP/IP Socket Connection Middleware. Furthermore, servers 102 execute common SEServer applications and routines utilizing dbOvernet middleware technology.

Within the processing space of servers 102, a database server system such as Microsoft's SQLServer V.7.03 (a DBMS engine) may be instantiated. Such a database management system may control data store 106 and may be configured in accordance with the present invention to maintain all fuel deal data in accordance with the present invention.

The following discussion further defines an exemplary arrangement for a client-server system implemented in accordance with the present invention:

SERVERS

MS Windows NT 4.0 (SP6) may be chosen as a Network Operating System.

The DBMS may be Microsoft's SQL-Server (V7.0x) – Service Pack 3. All data generated and processed within the context of the present invention is stored in MS SQL-Server database tables. Such data is accessed via direct SQL statements (embedded in Windows applications, stored procedures, forms, and reports). There are several database views that have been setup to access aggregated information (for performance and consistency). In addition, all of the critical calculations and time consuming procedures such as pricing

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calculations, routing and rollover processes, etc. are written as Transact-SQL stored procedures and are contained on the attached compact disc and are discussed in further detail below in the embedded description-tables found herein.

The SEServer may be a Middleware Server Application. The system database is accessed via middleware software that uses TCP/IP (SEServer/dbOvernet). All databases queried through the system come through this middleware component.

SECrystal (Crystal Reporting Engine Server Application) may be used for server side reporting functions, etc. All reports for the system utilizes a remote Crystal Reporting engine (SECrystal) server. These reports are run and saved on the server for electronic distribution. Crystal Report (V8.0) from Seagate Software is used for this function.

The SEFax (Fax Server Application) may be used for Fax distribution. This server application is responsible for sending out reports via a fax device. This software monitors a specific directory and when a fax file 'shows up' in the directory it will be faxed.

The MAPI Mail Client Software provides Email (like Microsoft Outlook or Outlook Express). The MAPI compliant email service needs to be running on the same machine as the report engine server (SECrystal). This provides the ability to email reports (Correspondence) automatically. Options should be set on this client to automatically check (send/receive) at periodic intervals.

The Adobe Acrobat Reader (Free PDF Viewer) is used to view reports, etc. The server machine that runs the SECrystal reporting server application needs to also have the PDF viewer installed. This is used in order to 'spool' to paper the print jobs.

WEB ACCESS - NETWORK CONNECTIVITY

All functions within the System are available over the Internet (with appropriate security). An individual wishing to log in to the system over the Internet will need to have appropriate application security to log in, the current

application executable program (as contained on the attached compact disc) and an ISP account. System administrators will need to furnish access site addresses (e.g., IP addresses, domain names, etc.) to users to address the systems provided by the present invention.

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CLIENT SYSTEMS

Client systems may utilize a Client Operating System such as MS-Windows 95/98/Me; MS-Windows NT 4.0/2000. TCP/IP network protocol is required. Access to the server TCP/IP address (either LOCAL address or REMOTE address is required.)

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The system typically includes a single .EXE file(s) (plus approximately 8 disk compression and graphics DLL's). The system application require only a single executable with a few DLL's to reside on the client machine. No other client configuration software is required. Upgrades to the client software are automatically done when a user first connects (logs in) through the Internet (on application startup). A version number check will be made if necessary and a new installation program and script are automatically downloaded.

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The Adobe Acrobat Reader (FREE PDF view) is used as a reporting system for files saved in the PDF 1.2 format. The default output for all reports on the system is the standard PDF format. This provides for email/electronic storage. In order to view reports this software (or other third party viewer with a file association to .pdf files) needs to exist on the client machine.

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The MAPI Mail Client Software is used for electronic mail communications. A MAPI compliant email service needs to be running on the client machine to be able to highlight a report and email it using the client email address list. This software is not required to run the but is required to take advantage of the system's ability to attach reports automatically within an email client.

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All client applications are written using DELPHI (V5+) including Delphi 3rd party tools and procedures. Such applications and stored procedures and

identified 3rd party tools are further described in the description-tables found below.

DATABASES, AND CORRESPONDING ENTITY RELATIONSHIPS

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The various database tables that make up the system have been divided into nine (9) database subject areas. A subject area within this context is simply a logical aggregation of tables that support a particular business or system function. All of the database tables physically reside in the same database, but are not required to so reside. Only the documentation (as described below) has been constructed to illustrate these subject areas. It is also important to note that there are linkages (not documented here) between the various subject areas.

These database subject areas and a description include:

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Companies: All company related tables (including company name, contact name, addresses functions, etc.).

Contracts: All contract related tables (including contract provisions, notes, default standard reporting, etc.).

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Deals: All deal related tables (includes other costs, deal classes, correspondence, etc.).

Volume Inventory: All volume inventory tables (includes production interests, daily monthly, calculated values, etc.).

Operational: All tables that were created to support the system (software application). These tables include fax queue tables, printer definition tables, system logs, system messages, reporting tables, etc.

Pipes/Fields: All pipe/field and meter/well related tables.

Pricing: All tables within the system that are related to pricing (indices, price descriptions, baskets, etc.).

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Routing: All tables within the system that define routes (leg definitions, daily leg rates, monthly leg rates, nom and actual volume routing instructions, etc.).

Security: All security related tables within the system (includes user, logins, passwords, business functions, etc.).

The above-described nine (9) logical database subject areas are next broken down into the actual tables that reside on the attached compact disc. For purposes of brevity, such database subject areas are broken down in the following tables:

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TABLE DESCRIPTIONS

Below is an inventory of the various database tables that are utilized by the Energy Management System. This particular inventory indicates the current number of rows (through January 2001), the database (MS SQL Server) and the database subject areas (logical grouping of tables).

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments
	Companies				
	Subject Area				
1.0	Address	1,384	SQL Server	Companies	Contains record entries for each address for all companies and contacts within companies (multiple address types per company and/or contact).
2.0	Company	1,242	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each company in the database. Information on this table includes company name, fax, phone and primary address reference identifier.
3.0	Contact_Group	908	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each contact group relationship. This is the mechanism for grouping company contact individuals
4.0	Contact_GroupNames	8	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each contact group name.
5.0	ContactFunction	997	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry showing the contact to function relationships for a given company.
6.0	Contacts	3,347	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each individual contact in the database. Includes full name, phone, fax, email, title, etc.
	Contracts Subject Area				
10.0	К	1,414	SQL Server	Contracts	This table contains a record entry for each contract within the system. Bank information (ABA), Evergreen indicators, termination date, fixed pricing, etc. type data attributes are stored on these records. Each contract on the system has an associated parent 'company' (on the Company table).
11.0	KNetBack	334	SQL Server	Contracts	This table contains the netback pricing tiers associated with a given contract. The parent table for this entity is the contract table (K). The netback pricing tiers are volume and date influenced.
12.0	Knotes	589	SQL Server	Contracts	This table contains an optional record entry for each contract on the system. If there are no notes associated with a contract then the records are not inserted on the database. This provides the users with a free form area for keeping notes about a contract.
13.0	Kproducts	1,049	SQL Server		This table contains a reference to the products that are available (oil, gas, liquids, etc.) for a given contract. A product has to be associated to a contract before a deal can be setup using that contract for that product.
14.0	KreportDefaults	48	SQL Server		This table contains the entire standard reporting defaults for a particular entity. These reports include invoices, remittance, vouchers, deal confirmations, etc.
15.0	KreportOverrides	0.	SQL Server		If a particular contract has its own unique standard reports then a reference to these unique reports is stored in this table for the contract in question.

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments
16.0	Kservices	1,068	SQL Server		This table contains a reference to the services that are available (marketing, end user, pass thru, etc.) for a given contract. A service has to be associated to a contract before a deal can be setup using that contract for that service.
	Deals		1		
	Subject Area				क े १ १३१३ जिल्ला
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20.0	RdealClass	6	SQL Server	Deals	This table is a reference table that indicates the types of deal class options that are available. The context of each class is 0=Purchases, 1=Sales and 2=Both. The description field indicates the possible answers (but the rDealClassA table contains the actual answers that can be applied).
21.0	RdealClassA	23	SQL Server	Deals	This table is a reference table that indicates the possible deal classification options for each of the classifications defined in the rDealClass table.
22.0	RdealClassRules	448	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains record entries for every combination of deal classification answers (rDealClassA table). Each of these classification options can have its own set of calculation rules/etc associated with it.
23.0	Engine_Master	39,149	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains a record entry for each price entry effective date (header record).
24.0	Engine_MasterPrice	79,244	SQL Server	Deals	This particular table contains the individual pricing components associated to a given deal on a given effective date (parent record is on the Engine_Master table). When the user of the Energy Management System enters a price, this is the table that gets updated.
25.0	Package	65,351	SQL Server	Deais	This table contains a record for each deal that has been setup on the system. Start Date, End Date, Deal Name, Contract, Company, etc. are specified on this table.
26.0	PackageCosts	381	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains entries for all 'other costs' associated with a given deal. Each of these 'other costs' will have unique STID's (deal or meter level) and have calculated 'Engine' records automatically generated (when a calculation runs).
27.0	PackageCorrespondence	3,447	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains entries for all of the electronic correspondence between the parties to the deal (deal confirmations, availability reports, remittance detail, vouchers, etc.).
28.0	PriceComponents	19	SQL Server	Deais	This table contain record entries for each component that can be set aside for pricing purposes (on a deal). Examples include 'DAILY INDEX', 'MONTHLY INDEX', 'GATHERING', etc. These tags will be associated to each component of the price to allow for future queries and reporting. In addition, these tags will provide an audit trail of all pricing related information.
29.0	PriceDesc ,	33,877	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains a record for each deal description (or comments) within the system. These price description records (only 1 per deal) provide the users with a place to put free form text to help describe the price of the deal.
	Volume inventory	<u> </u>			
	Subject Area		- 	T	

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments
30.0	Engine	280,970	SQL Server	Volume inventory	This table contains record entries for each calculated transaction that the system attaches to volume inventory items. Each transaction has a unique STID (transaction id) that are defined in the Engine_TransactionList table. Indicators on this table determine the disposition of the transaction.
31.0	Engine_TransactionList	36	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains record entries that define all of the transactions that can be calculated and stored in the Engine table. The STID field is the unique transaction identifier.
32.0	Gasinv	159,501	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This is the primary table were all volumes (nominated and actual) are maintained. This table contains the header record entries that shows by month, company, transaction, pipe/field & meter/well the nominated volume and the estimated actual volumes. References to price types, contracts, etc. are stored on each record.
33.0	GasinvD	4,145,617	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains the detail (DAILY) nominated and estimated actual volumes for the Gasinv table.
34.0	Prodinterest	7,999	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains a record that lists the production interests that are held for a given meter/well and contract (with date effectiveness).
35.0	ProdPkg	4,080	SQL Server	Volume inventory	This table contains a record that indicates (by month) the contract and the deal ID of a deal that was generated automatically within the 'Availability' (equity purchase deal creation) area of the system.
36.0	ProdSum	39,296	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains records that indicate (by month and meter/well) the gross mmbtu's and the Btu factors.
37.0	ProdVol	44,187	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains record entries (by month and meter/well) which show the receipt and delivery mmbtu's per day.
	Operational Subject Area				and the second of the second o
40	ApplicationMessages	55,882	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains a 'rolling' 7 day listing of all application messages (such as those that are displayed to the console during a calculation).
41.0	ExceptionCategories	8	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries to hold all of the exception 'reasons' that will be used whenever an exception even occurs. There can be multiple types of exception categories.
42.0	ExceptionList	2,171	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries for the actual exception events that get logged by the system. These represent an audit trail of non-normal or error type information. This table is linked to the ExceptionCategories table because each exception event (in this table) requires a reason category.
43.0	LogTable	4	SQL Server	Operational	This table is used for debugging purposes only and is not used in any screens or reports.
44.0	PrinterDef	6	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains a record for each available printer (including driver and port).

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	0ase	Subject Area	Description/Comments
45.0	RgasMonth	1,440	SQL Server	Operational	This is a reference table that contains a record for each month from 1/1980 thru 12/2099. In addition, this table also contains the status and status update sequence number for the particular month. This status is used in order to enable/disable certain functions within the Energy Management System throughout the month.
46.0	RGasMonthStatus	1,873	SQL Server	Operational	This represents a historical audit table that will be updated every time the monthly status for a given production month is modified (via triggers on the RgasMonth table). This provides a mechanism of identifying who & when the changes were for the status, over time.
47.0	SEMessages	1,251	SQL Server	Operational	All system messages are stored in this table.
48.0	SEAudit		SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries for those events that are deemed 'auditable'. Some examples include 'Login' events, Actualization balancing events, standard report submission events, etc.
49.0	SEImages	2	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that contain graphic images for the screen and reports used throughout the system.
50.0	SELocations	3	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that define the server paths (network folder locations) where certain key correspondence items are found. For example (report location, deal correspondence, etc).
51.0	SEProcessingCodeTypes	15	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains the 'Type' codes to the reference table 'SEProcessingCodes'. An example is the type code of 'CONTRCTPRD' which describes a reference code for contract products.
52.0	SEProcessing Codes	143	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains reference codes for various fields used throughout the Energy Management System.
53.0	SERptsExecutedStats	19,117	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that lists the start and end date and times for all reports that were submitted. This provides statistics on how long to execute/etc.
54.0	SERptsGroupItems	218	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries of each specific report that exists within a reporting tab (group) within a specific reporting folder (category).
55.0	SERptsGroups	36	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains a list of all available reporting tabs (groups) within each reporting folder (category).
56.0	SERptsitemDetail	123	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains the list of all available reports within the system.
57.0	SERptsitemParms	657	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries for each report parameter for each report defined to the system. Options exist for substituting a different label name than actual parameter field name.
58.0	SERptsQueue	5,667	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries for all 'submitted' reports (report queue). When reports are automatically removed from the system the record is removed from this queue.
59.0	SERptsQueueDistribute	7,855	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries that dictate how to distribute the output of reports from the queue (fax, email, printer, etc.).
60.0	SERptsQueueNotify	276	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries that indicate who (and if) individuals or groups have been notif that the report has finished.
61.0	SERptsSchedule	0	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains records that define spe schedules for the running of scheduled re

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments
62.0	SERptsScheduledReports	0	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that define which reports to run as part of specific schedules.
63.0	SERptsScheduledGroups	0	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains 'groups' for scheduling. This provides the ability to assign multiple individuals to a specific group and have the group belong to the schedule.
64.0	SERptsScheduledUserGroup s	0	SQL Server	Operational	This is the actual table that contains the members within a schedule group. Each entry in this table defines the group.
65.0	SERptsTablesUsed	896	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains documentation on what tables, views or stored procedures are used within each report.
	Pipes & Fields Subject Area				
80.0	Meter	4,335	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains a record entry for each well/meter that has been setup on the system.
	The state of the s			Fields	The piperfield, name, county and state are stored here.
81.0	MeterNotes	935	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains a record for notes pertaining to meters/wells.
82.0	PipeField	372	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains a record entry for each pip/field defined on the system. The company and the pipe/field description are stored here.
83.0	MeterRates	3,980	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains the entire pressure base, Btu factors by effective date for specific meters/wells.
84.0	MeterAllocations	551	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains entries for the allocation information on the meter/well. This includes accounting cross-reference codes (id and deck).
	Pricing	4 3 65			
	Subject Area		·		
90.0	GCIndex	142,268	SQL Server	Pricing	This table contains record entries by Day for daily index prices AND/OR a single entry for monthly index prices (1st day of month for monthly indices).
91.0	IndexRef	228	SQL Server	Pricing	This represents the master table of all defined price indices within the Energy Management System. One record entry per index exists within this table.
92.0	IndexBaskets	14	SQL Server	Pricing	This table contains a record entry for each index basket established on the system. These index baskets can be associated to sales or purchase deals just as normal indexes are associated to them. Simple averages are calculated with all index items within an index basket.
93.0	IndexBasketLink	36	SQL Server	Pricing	This table contains the actual indices that are currently associated with an index basket. An unlimited number of indices can exist in a basket. A simple average of all the prices within the basket is used.
	Routing Subject Area	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	(1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 	The state of the s
101.0	LegRef	4,226	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains record for each unique transportation leg (meter-to-meter) on the Energy Management System.

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments
102.0	Leg	57,830	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains a record for each active leg within a given month. Nomination and actual rates that the leg-utilizes during the month are posted on each record. These rates are used with the actual routing instructions (LegDetail table).
103.0	LegD	0	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains OPTIONAL entries for any daily leg rates that need to be utilized within a given month. Daily rates are checked PRIOR to the monthly rates (on the Leg table) when setting up the actual routing instructions (LegDetail table).
104.0	LegDetail	1,716,695	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains the detail routing instructions for all volumes purchased all the way through the sales points for that particular volume. Nomination AND actual routing instructions are stored for each meter/well that had volume activity during the month. All volumes sold can be tracked back to originating purchase points.
105.0	WASPResovedRouting .	34,304	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains record entries that show the pool level calculated totals for all receipt and delivery points within the system. 'Common', 'Dedicated' and 'None' pools are aggregated and the total numbers stored here. Only 'Common' pool volumes and dollars represent the totals from more than one purchase point (shows weighted average pricing based on volumes purchased and/or transported).
	Security Subject Area	<u> </u>			
110.0	GCUser	27	SQL Server	Security	This table contains a single record entry per unique user (employee) on the system. The character based (up to 12 character) login ID AND an internal user id (integer) are unique keys to this table.
111.0	GCButton	58	SQL Server	Security	This table contains records that represent the system functions that have specific security rules associated with them on the system. For example a system function of 'DEALS' has been setup in order to define security relationships between users (GCUser table) and this function.
112.0	GCSecurity .	1,548	SQL Server	Security	This table stores the relationships between users on the system (GCUser table) and the system function that they have access too (GCButton table). A specific access privilestored for each of these relationships (like READ ONLY, READ/UPDATE, READ/UPDATE/DELETE or SUPER)

Referring now to FIGS. 3A-3N, depicted therein are entity relationship diagrams that illustrate data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems and methods that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1. The database tables used logically categorized above into the above-identified nine (9) subject areas are maintained within data store 106 (FIG. 1), and are included among the files present on the attached compact disc, and are further defined in detail in FIGS. 3A-3N. Those skilled in the art will readily understand the data relationships among relational database tables as shown in FIGS. 3A-3N. Accordingly, for purposes of brevity, further comments about FIGS. 3A-3N have been omitted.

In addition to the tables described and specified in the tables listed above, the following table illustrates an inventory of the various database views that utilized by the systems and methods provided by the present invention.

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VIEW DESCRIPTIONS

Below is an inventory of the various database views that are utilized by the Energy Management System:

Ref#	View Name	Description/Comments
1.0	V_SearchDB	Provides a view to search the database stored procedures and triggers for specific text items.
		Used for assessing the impact of system changes.
2.0	VAccountingRevenueFeed	Database view (3 select UNION) used for creating OGSYS journal and revenue receivable data.
3.0	VCompany	Display of company information (name, address, etc.)
4.0	Vcontact_Accounting	Display the accounting contact for a given company.
5.0	Vcontact_Admin	Display the administrative contact for a given company.
6.0	Vcontact_Control	Display the control contact for a given company.

Ref#	View Name	Description/Comments: Account to the control of the
7.0	Vcontact_Production	Display the production contact for a given company. This is the contact used for Availability estimates/etc.
8.0	Vcontact_volconfirm	Display the contact responsible for confirming volumes within a given company. This is the contact used for volume confirmations in the 'Availability' phase.
9.0	VcontactFunction	Display a list of all contacts for a given company along with their respective functions (accounting, volume confirmations, etc.)
10.0	VContacts	Display name and addresses for contacts.
11.0	VETID_Dates	Display the engine start, effective and end dates for a given engine transaction id (based on package). This view is used VERY LITTLE because of performance issues.
16.0	VgasinvD_NomChg	Display list of daily volumes where the nomination volumes are different between two successive days.
17.0	VKTermination	Displays specific contract termination information.
18.0	VlegDetail_MeterTotals	Display routing information summarized by meter.
19.0	VlegDetail_PipelineComparis	Display routing information in a format that is used for the pipe/field comparison report. Used for reconciling fuel, gathering, transport, pvr, etc to pipe/field statements.
20.0	VlegDetail_PurchasePointTot als	Display routing information that shows total routing costs/etc for given purchase points (hop 0's).
21.0	VlegDetail_Summary	Displays routing information (summarized) for reporting purposes (purchase meters/wells only).
22.0	VlegDetail_SummarySales	Displays routing information (summarized) for reporting purposes (sales meters/wells only).
23.0	VMeterAllocations	This view is used to list the current meter/well allocations (based on effective date) for each given meter/well. These allocations are the accounting deck and purchaser id information, which can be different from month to month.
24.0	VMeterRates	This view is used to list the current meter/weil rates (standard pressure base, pipe/field pressure base, Btu factor, etc.) for each given meter/weil. These rates can be different from month to month.
25.0	VOurContact_Accting	Display the current HEC contact for accounting information.
26.0	VOurContact_Prod	Display the current HEC contact for production information.
27.0	VPackage_info	Display detail list of information concerning a package (includes contacts, names, phones, etc.).
28.0	VPrevGasMonthStuff	Displays current month volume totals versus previous month volume totals.
29.0	VprodConfirmLetters	Display contact information for use with correspondence on production volumes. Specifically used in the confirmation process in the 'Availability' production month phase.
30.0	Vprodinterest	Display a list of contracts and meters to confirm the production interests. This is used primarily in the 'Availability' production month phase.
31.0	VRequestProduction	Display list of production interest volume and meter information. This is used primarily in the 'Availability' production month phase and is used when sending out estimate reports to producers.

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Once all software and data as described above has been properly installed on one or more server systems 102 and within one or more coupled (networked) client systems 104 as illustrated in FIG. 1, use and operation of the systems and methods provided by the present invention may be commenced. Such operations may be in relation to the general use application (Energy Management System - EMS) or the limited use/user/function application (Producer Control Console – PCC) provided on the attached compact disc. In either case, the present invention facilitates a client-server application environment that includes, among other things, a user interface that is pleasing to users and which permits easy and ready access to system functions and operations. Such a user interface may be a graphical user interface or GUI that is configured to permit a user to engage in window-operations to bring about database operations that affect fuel deal data and the like in accordance with the present invention. Such a GUI is illustrated by way of screen shots (images of computer monitor screens) that are used to permit generation of, manipulation of, reporting of, and all other system operations relating to fuel deals and corresponding fuel deal data.

For example, reference is now made to FIGS. 4A-4Q which illustrate a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1. FIG. 1, for example, represents an opening main menu screen through which a user may select "PERSONAL" operations related to setting up a personal profile to affect user-preferred presentation of data (e.g., name, screen colors, etc.). Additionally, a user may select "PRICE-INDEX" to affect fuel pricing and index related data. A user may select "COMPANY" to control lists of producers, and other related company entities. A user may select other options corresponding to the steps involved and described with regard to the MONTH OF FLOW PROCESS illustrated and described with reference to FIG. 1.

The other screen shots shown in FIGS. 4B-4Q further illustrate specific features of the GUI that has been designed to facilitate the implementation of

the systems and methods provided by the present invention. For the purpose brevity, further detailed comments related to such screen shots has been omitted.

SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION AND FUNCTIONALITY

As noted above, the present invention utilizes stored procedures in the form of database management system procedures and functions which are executed server-side and client-side to facilitate the present invention's systems and methods. Listed in the following tables, is a detailed break-down of all the stored procedures, tools, and modules used to facilitate such systems and methods. The actual source code and instructions contained with in such procedures, functions, and modules is contained on the attached compact disc.

STORED PROCEDURES

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Below is an inventory of the various database-stored procedures (procedures and functions) that are utilized by the systems and methods provided by the present invention. Each of the stored procedures and functions are written in the Transact-SQL dialect. All of the stored procedures are prefixed with "usp_" which stands for "User Stored Procedure." This provides an ability to differentiate those procedures bundled with the DBMS versus those created for the systems and methods provided by the present invention:

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STORED PROCEDURES

Below is an inventory of the various database-stored procedures (procedures and functions) that are utilized by the Energy Management System. Each of these stored procedures and functions are written in the Transact-SQL dialect. All of the stored procedures are prefixed with "usp_" which stands for "User Stored Procedure". This provides an ability to differentiate those bundled with the DBMS versus those specifically created for the EMS application.

Ref#	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments:
1.0	Usp_DailyCleanup	This procedure is run everyday and is responsible for any cleanup activities (like rolling aged messages off the ApplicationMessages table).
2.0	Usp_fGetCalcIndex	Retrieves the weighted average price for a given volume item. This routine is invoked during the WASP calculation in order to obtain the price for the meter/well and post it to the Engine database table.
3.0	Usp_fGetIndex	Retrieves the daily or monthly price index for a given day. Used during the pricing calculation routine.
4.0	Usp_fGetIndexBasket	Retrieves and calculates the index amounts for the price lines whenever an index basket price variable has been entered. This particular function will return the average price (simple average) of all indices within the basket for a given month/day.
5.0	Usp_fGetNetbackPercentage	This function will return the actual netback percentage to be used for a given production month and contract. When it calculates the netback it looks at volumes and tier instructions that have been setup on the contract. The number it returns is the netback percentage to utilize. In addition, this routine brings back the specific percentage to use for the product being calculated (gas, liquids, oil, etc.).

	Tax I a land the Name	
Ref#	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments This production interest information for a particular
6.0	Usp_fGetProdInterestID	This routine brings back the production interest information for a particular ownership interest.
7.0	Usp_fGetProdPkg	This procedure brings back the 'deal id' (if one already exists) when posting volumes through the 'Availability' screens. If a deal does not already exist (in the current production month) then a new deal is created and that ID is sent back.
8.0	Usp_fGetWASPIndicator	This function accepts a deal id (package ID) as it's input. It then reads the DealClass table and the rDealClass table(s) to determine if this particular deal should be considered WASPable based on its classification scheme. The return values are either 'None', 'Common' or 'Dedicated'.
9.0	Usp_fGetWaspType	This procedure will send back the WASP type field (GAS, OIL or LIQUIDS) when passed a specific product ID. This procedure is used during the calculation in order to determine which set of netback rules off a contract to use.
10.0	Usp_fisLastDay	This procedure accepts a date and sends back the last date in a production month.
11.0	Usp_fLastDay	This procedure accepts a date and sends back the last date in a production month.
12.0	Usp_fPipeContactInfo	This procedure, when passed a pipe/field id, will send back the specific contact information requested (like accounting contact, volume contact, etc.).
13.0	Usp_GasDayToGasMonth	This function will return the production month to use for a given production day.
14.0	Usp_GetProductVolumeRound	This routine will return the rounding precision necessary when calculating volume information for specify products (Oil calculates to 2 decimal places, Gas to zero, etc.).
15.0	Usp_LinePrice	This is the actual procedure that will calculate the Engine records for a given deal (volume related STID 8 or 9 type records).
16.0	Usp_message	This routine handles all of the 'progress' messages that are issued during the calculation, rollover, actualization, and etc. type events on the system. This routine will optionally post this information to the ApplicationMessages table for historical reference (audit).
17.0	Usp_pActualize_BaiPurchases	This is the main driver routine for Step 2 of 4 of the actualization process.
18.0	, Usp_pActualize_BalPurchasesCheck	This routine will check to see if all of the meters/wells on a given pipe/field have been actualized. If not, then it sends back a bad return code. All meters/wells are required to be 'checked' (actualized) prior to balancing of purchase routing points
19.0	Usp_pActualize_BalPurchasesClear	This routine is the actual routine that will adjust all purchase meter imbalances. These imbalances are adjusted forward THROUGH the sales point based on nomination routing instructions (used as a map).
20.0		This is the main driver routine for Step 3 of 4 of the actualization process.
21.0	Usp_pActualize_BalSalesCheck	This routine will check to see if all of the purchase meters/wells routing balances (from step 2 of 4) are balanced. If any meter/well on the pipe/field is out of balance then this routine sends back a bad return code. All meters/wells on the pipe/field are required to be 'balanced' prior to balancing of the sales points.
22.0	Usp_pActualize_BalSalesClear	This procedure is the final procedure invoked by the usp_pActualize_BalSales main driver procedure. It is responsible for posting imbalance amounts to the internal clearing purchase or sales deals.
23.0	Usp_pActualize_BalSalesOver	This procedure attempts to reconcile any outstanding balances that result in OVER supplying of volume to a particular sale. Nomination information is used by this routine as a 'road map' on how to allocate this volume.
24.0	Usp_pActualize_BalSalesUnder	This procedure attempts to reconcile any outstanding balances that result in UNDER supplying of volume to a particular sale. Nomination information is used by this routine as a 'road map' on how to allocate this volume.
25.0	Usp_pFiilIndex	This procedure will initialize the records within the 'GCIndex' table with daily entries (for daily indices) and monthly entries (for monthly indices). The monthly record entries are only on the first day of the month.
26.0	Usp_pFillIndexSingle	This procedure will populate the 'GCIndex' table with a price index entry for a SINGLE index.
27.0	Usp_pGasInvD_Fill	This routine initially populates the daily volumes on the GasInvD table. These are initially populated with zeros (anytime a meter/well is added to a deal).
28.0	Usp_pGasInvD_NomEOM	This routine is used in the 'Availability' area of the EMS system and is used to take a given volume amount and propagate that volume amount to all days in the month.
29.0	Usp_LogAuditInfo	This routine is used to post record to the audit table within the system.
30.0	Usp_pPackageRevision	This routine is used to increment the revision number field on the deal. Certain types of changes to a deal will automatically increment the revision number on a deal and this update is done through this routine.

Ref #-	Stored Procedure Name	
	Usp_pPostClassificationRules	This procedure is executed (usually by triggers on the rDealClass and rDealClassA tables). It can be executed stand-alone. This procedure will ensure that a record is created in the rDealClassRules table for every combination of deal classification codes (dcA values on the rDealClassA table).
32.0	Usp_ProdPush	This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase of EMS and is used to initially populate a particular month with ownership interest information, by meter/well.
33.0	Usp_pPushMeter ·	.This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase of EMS and is used to populate a single meter/well ownership interest to its respective deal (package) and volume inventory item (GasInv/GasInvD).
34.0	Usp_pRouteBuildLegHistory	This routine creates the 'Leg' records for a given meter/well. When a new 'route' (LegRef) is defined on the system then this routine will get invoked to initially seed the 'Leg' table with entries in order to allow routing.
35.0	Usp_pRouteBuildLegHistoryAll	This routine gets invoked when a production month is initially opened to the 'Sales' phase. All ACTIVE meters and legs will have their respective 'Leg' table records populated for that production month by this routine.
36.0	Usp_pRouteCopyLegHistoryActuals	This routine gets invoked when the status of a production month changes from 'Sales' to 'Invoiced'. All nomination routine instructions (in the 'LegDetail' table) are then copied by this routine. This provides the mechanism to have actuals different than norms while preserving the nom instructions.
	Usp_pRoutePostChange	This procedure gets invoked whenever a change to a specific route is requested (i.e. modifications of volumes between hops).
	Usp_pRoutePostDealInfo	This procedure gets invoked to 'seed' the 'LegDetail' table with routing information. This is invoked when new meters/wells are added to deals.
i	Usp_pRoutePostDeaiInfoVols	This procedure gets invoked to populate the specific volumes on each of the 'LegDetail' entries (daily) for deal inventory items.
	Usp_pRoutePostDelete	This procedure gets invoked whenever a deletion is requested on the routing (LegDetail) information.
41.0	Usp_pRoutePostLegRates	This procedure gets invoked in order to post the rates (fuel, pvr, transport, gathering, etc) to each of the 'LegDetail' records in the database. Daily rates (LegD table) overrides monthly rates (Leg table) and this procedure ensures that pnority. If a rate gets changed for a leg this routine gets invoked to update all existing routes (LegDetail) records.
42.0	Usp_pRoutePostSale	This procedure gets invoked in order to post volume (route it) to a sales item (in the LegDetail table).
	Usp_pRoutePostTransport	This procedure gets invoked in order to post volume (route it) to a transportation point (in the LegDetail table).
	Usp_pRouteRemoveLegDetails	This routine will remove any/all 'LegDetail' (routing instructions) when a meter/well for a specific deal is removed.
	Usp_pSERPT_GetAdditionalReportInfo	This routine is used by all of the 'standard' reporting procedures to obtain specific report fields needed when running a standard report.
	Usp_pSERPT_PostReportToCorrespondence	This routine will post a 'PackageCorrespondence' table record to a particular deal that is affected by the 'standard' report being run. This routine is called by all standard report routines.
	Usp_pSERPT_PostReportToDistribution	This routine will post a report distribution request to the SERptsQueueDistribute table. This is either a request to 'PRINTER', 'EMAIL' or 'FAX'.
	Usp_pSERPT_PostReportToQueue	This routine is used by all of the standard report routines and will post an actual report request (queue item) to the SERptsQueue table.
	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportAvailConfirms	This routine is responsible for running the 'Availability' confirm reports.
50.0 51.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportAvailEstimates Usp_pSERPT_RunReportDealConfirm	This routine is responsible for running the 'Availability' estimate reports. This routine is responsible for running the deal confirmation reports (from the deal detail screen on EMS).
52.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportInvoice	This routine is responsible for running all standard invoice reports.
53.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportRemittance	This routine is responsible for running all standard remittance reports.
54.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportVoucher	This routine is responsible for running all standard voucher reports.
55.0	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterBoolean	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts Boolean parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.
1	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterDate	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts date and date/time parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.
1	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterDecimal	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts decimal (number) parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.
į	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterInteger `	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts integer number parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.
59.0	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterString	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts string parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.

Ref #	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments: Secretary Secr
60.0	Usp_pSERPT_WhichReport	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and is responsible for
		determining WHICH report to use. The default reports are in KreportDefaults
		table. However, any given contract can override the default (KreportOverrides
	Live DCD	table).
61.0	Usp_PSPrice	This is the main pricing routine for the volume inventory items (regular
	Librar DCD-iAll	purchases and sales).
62.0	Usp_PSPriceAll	This is the main procedure for calculating the prices for a given month on a set of deals (volume inventory pricing, STID 8 & 9). Parameters to this stored
}		procedure dictate the type of price to calculation (Nom or Pipe/Field Actual and
		Sales versus Purchase, etc.).
63.0	Usp_PSPriceAnyNewInvoicesNeeded	This routine is responsible for assigning new invoice and remittance numbers to
	1	the volume inventory table (Gashiv). If new meters/wells (volume entries) get
1		entered during the actualization process then this routine will ensure they are
	<u> </u>	assigned unique numbers.
64.0	Usp_PSPriceAssignInvoiceNo	This routine assigns invoice numbers to all sales deals when the production
	LL BOD in Auto	month is promoted to the 'Invoiced' phase.
65.0	Usp_PSPriceAuto	This procedure run everyday and checks for any production month either in the
		'Sales' or the 'Invoiced' phase. If any production months are within these phases then this procedure will invoke the calculation routine
ł		(usp_psPriceAutoMonth) for them.
66.0	Usp PSPriceAutoMonth	This is the main driver routine for the calculation of an entire month.
67.0	Usp_PSPriceComponentsCheck	This procedure will automatically insert system generated price components (like
]	. –	WASP or Netback Percentage) to the Engine_Master table. It is invoked by the
<u> </u>		usp_PSPricel procedure when calculating prices on a deal for a given month.
68.0	Usp_PSPriceCost	This is the routine that calculates the 'Other Cost' entries and posts calculated
	N- BBDCMI	results in the Engine table.
69.0	Usp_PSPriceCostAll	This is the main driver routine for looping through all of the 'Other Costs' in a given month and invoking the usp_PSPriceCost routine for each one.
70.0	Usp PSPriceCreateActualEntries	This procedure copies the pricing entries setup on each deal
, 0.0	OSP_1 Of Nocorcalcy Older-Interes	(Engine_MasterPrice) from nom to actuals.
71.0	Usp PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments	This procedure gets invoked by the calculation routine to mark any volume
		inventory item (Gastry) whenever a difference is detected between nominations
		and actuals.
72.0	Usp_PSPricePopulateEngine	This procedure will populate the Engine table FROM the Engine_Master table.
		For daily index price entries this procedure will automatically propagate the daily
		index price to all days of the month where there is a volume (at least until a new pricing entry is found). Only volume entries are populated here (STID 8 & 9).
73.0	Usp_PSPriceTransportAil	This routine calculates all of the transport costs for a given production month.
, 0.0	05p_1 01 1150 1151 1151	These transport costs (and volumes) are posted in the Gasinv (pricetype=3)
		table and deals are posted (if needed). These deals are tagged with the specific
		transport contract.
74.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalc	Determines and resolves all wasp 'Common' and 'Dedicated' pools. Dedicated
		pools are sanctioned sales. This is the main driver procedure for the wasp
		portion of the calculation. Third party (pool = 'None') are also processed within
		this procedure but not for the intent of obtaining a price for them, totals used
75.0	Usp PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver	primarily for profit margin reporting. This is the main driver component for driving the WASP calculation.
76.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN	Traces back sales totals from all sales meters back to their originating purchase
, 0.0	OOP_I OF HOUSE OF STREET	points. The table updated here is the WASPResolvedRouting table. The
İ		'LegDetail' table is used extensively in this calculation. This is a highly
		ITERATIVE process.
77.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN	This procedure creates the entries in the WASPResolvedRouting table and
		posts original sales volumes and amounts. This is done just prior to the routine
70.0	Her DDD-coMASDColeSelechi	that resolves these sales totals back to the purchase points.
78.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN Usp_PSPriceWASPClearMonth	Sums all WASPable sales by sales meter into the WASPSalesMeterTotals table.
79.0	USP_FOFTICETY/FOF Cleditalouni	This routine runs when a production month is promoted to 'Completed' phase. Any volume inventory items (Gasinv and/or GasinvD) or routing items
1		(LegDetail) that contain zeros are removed so that only relevant information is
1	·	stored in the database for historical purposes.
80.0	Usp_PSPriceWaspDivieOutProceedsN	This procedure is the main procedure that will distribute the proceeds from those
		deals that have been designated to have their respective proceeds distributed
		via the 'Financial Overrides' setup on the deal.
81.0	Usp_ProdVolSet	This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase to setup the ownership interest on
		a particular pipe/field and meter. ProdSum and ProdVol tables for the current
		production month are populated with this procedure.

Ref#	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments		
82.0	Usp_ProdVolSetAll	This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase to setup the ownership interest on all pipe/fields and meters. This routine invokes the usp_ProdVolSet routine for each meter/well in the toop.		
83.0	Usp_PSRollover	This routine gets invoked when a production month goes from 'Availability' to 'Sales' and is responsible for copying deal information month-to-month.		
84.0	Usp_PSRolloverPopActuals3	This routine gets invoked by the usp_PSRollover routine and is responsible for populating noms with previous 3 months actuals numbers (primarily used for Oil).		
85.0	Usp_PSRolloverPopNoms	This routine gets invoked by the usp_PSRollover routine and is responsible for populating noms with previous months nom numbers.		
86.0	Usp_pStatusChanged	This routine gets invoked anytime the production month status is changed (Initial, Availability, Sales, Invoiced, Accounting, Completed). Other routines are invoked depending on the from and to status for the production month.		
87.0	Usp_w.*	Any stored procedure that begins with Usp_w_ has been setup as a one time only procedure that is used to correct any database items/etc. These procedures can be permanently deleted and have no impact on existing functions within EMS.		

Application Software

TECHNICAL SKILL SET REQUIRED

Support and maintenance of the Energy Management System requires the following technical skill set.

Ref#	Skill Set	Used For
1.0	SQL-Server (Transact SQL)	All data is stored in MS SQL-Server database tables. This data is accessed via direct SQL statements (embedded in windows applications, stored procedures and reports). There are several database views that have been setup to access aggregated information (for performance and consistency). In addition all of the critical calculations and time consuming procedures (like the main EMS calculation, routing and rollover process) are written as Transact-SQL stored procedures (and documented in this manual).
2.0	Delphi (V5 +) (includes Delphi 3 rd party tools)	All client applications are written using this particular RAD tool. In addition to knowing the standard components that come with this tool, any of the 3 rd party tools (documented in this manual) are used extensively. See the 3 rd party tools listed in the 'Tools Utilized' section for more details.
3.0	Crystal Reports (V8.0)	All reporting within EMS is done utilizing this tool from Seagate software.

CLIENT, SERVER APPLICATIONS W/TOOLS UTILIZED

This particular section contains the high level documentation relative to the Energy Management System software application. Each item documented is uniquely numbered to aid in reviews and/or future modifications.

Ref#	Item	Response	Comments
1.0	Client Application	Energy Management System	The Energy Management System is written in Delphi 5 (service pack 3 applied). Third party controls and components were used in the development. See other areas of this matrix for 3 rd party tools utilized.
2.0	Client Application	Producer Control Center .	The Producer Control Center is written in Delphi 5 (service pack 3 applied). Third party controls and components were used in the development. See other areas of this matrix for 3 rd party tools utilized. This application provides a restricted view of information specific to the company/contact that is running the application. The data viewed is the same data that is maintained in the EMS system.
3.0	Server Application	Software Experts, Inc. SECrystal (V8.00)	All reporting done within EMS utilizes Crystal reports. This server application runs and stores all output reports for the system. Besides storing an electronic copy of the report, this server can distribute to a printer, fax folder OR an email address if instructed by the EMS application.
4.0	Server Application	Software Experts, Inc. SEFax (V2.00) (outbound faxing)	Some output reports (from SECrystal) are designated to be faxed. This software is responsible for faxing all of the reports that were designated by EMS to be faxed.

Ref#	ltem .	Response	Comments Sage - Zage - Sage
5.0	Server Application	Software Experts, Inc. SEServer (V2.00g) (database request server)	All database requests for the Energy Management System AND the Producer Control Center go through this database server component. This server application typically runs on the same machine as the actual database.
6.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Adobe Acrobat Reader (V4.0 +)	This free tool is used to view reports from EMS. The default for all reports is to print them to a PDF format. This output format is 'overrideable' by the user when the report is submitted. Other formats like Excel, Word, Text, etc. are also supported.
7.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Seagate Software Crystal Reports (V8.00)	All reports are written using the Crystal reporting tool from Seagate Software). In addition, the report server (SECrystal) utilizes the main Crystal reporting FREE runtime libraries to run these reports for all EMS client requests.
80	3rd Party Tool/Library	Dalco Technologies DbOvernet (V200)	Delphi VCL components that provide internet (TCP/IP) access. The SEServer application utilizes this middleware.
9.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	TurboPower Software Asynch Pro (V3.04)	The SEFax fax server application utilizes this 3 rd party Delphi VCL component list for sending and/receiving faxes. The SECrystal reporting server application uses this library to write out 'fax ready' files.
10.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	TurboPower Software Orpheus (V3.08)	Many of the online screens for all client and server applications utilize the Orpheus controls for screen grid lists, combo boxes, etc. The server applications were written with this tool set also.
11.0	3 ^m Party Tool/Library	TurboPower Software SysTools (V3.02)	Many of the online screens for all client and server applications utilize the SysTools components for string manipulations, spawning tasks, etc.
12.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Woll2Woll Software InfoPower 2000.17	Many of the online screens for all client and server applications utilize these controls for screen grid lists, combo boxes, etc. The server applications were written with this tool set also.
13.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Inner Media Software Dynazip (V4.00)	These are Delphi software components that are for compression/decompression of files to and from the server. This is used by both the client and server applications.
14.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Public Domain TEmail (V2.10)	This is a Delphi software component and is used by the client and server applications. It is responsible for the email interface.
· 15.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	TMS Software TwebUpdate (V1.00)	This is a Delphi software component that provides for 'over the internet' automatic software upgrades. The client applications each utilize this component.
16.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Skyline Software, Inc. ImageLib Suite (V5.00)	These are Delphi software components that provide for graphic images displayed within the application. In addition, this software provides scanner input capabilities.

CLIENT APPLICATIONS, MODULE LIST/DESCRIPTIONS

This particular section contains the high level documentation relative to each software application module within the Energy Management System. Each item documented is uniquely numbered to aid in reviews and/or future modifications. The application reference listed below will either indicate EMS (Energy Management System) and/or PCC (Producer Control Center). This shows the level of interoperability between these two client applications. All of these modules are written in Delphi (Object Pascal, (Visual)).

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
1.0	DBAddress	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Address ('Company and Contact Addresses') table.
2.0	DBCommonDatabase	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module is responsible for setting all of the common properties for all other data modules within the system. Prior to invoking a query, all other database modules will invoke methods within this module to set communication ports, maximum number of records, etc. This module also stores the actual user id and contains methods for accessing this field.

Ref #	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
3.0	DBCommonFileOperations	Data Module	EMS	This module handles all of the 'flat file' operations
			PCC	(compressing/decompressing/etc.) that is involved with the applications. Any temporary files that need to be created
				are also controlled by this data module.
4.0	DBCompany	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
}			PCC	components for the Company ('Company Information') table.
5.0	DBContactFunction	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the ContactFunction ('Roles within their
6.0	DBContacts	Data Module	EMS	respective companies that contacts play") table. This module contains all of the database communication
1			PCC	components for the Contacts ('Individual contacts within
7.0	DBC	Data Module	EMS	companies') table. This module contains all of the database communication
7.0	DBContactGroup	Data Module	PCC	components for the ContactGroup (Links contacts to
L				groups they may be affiliated with) table.
8.0	DBContact_GroupNames	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Contact_GroupNames (table contains
				a record for each group within the system) table.
9.0	DBEngine	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			į	components for the Engine (contains transaction records for each volume inventory transaction item associated with
				the deal) table.
10.0	DBEngine_Master	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
	1			components for the Engine_Master (User enterable pricing area 'header' record) table.
11.0	DBEngine_MasterPrice	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			1	components for the Engine_MasterPrice (User enterable pricing area 'detail' records (price tags)) table.
12.0	DBEngine_TransactionList	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
ŀ				components for the Engine_TransactionList (transaction
13.0	DBExceptionCategories	Data Module	EMS	descriptions) table. This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the ExceptionCategories ('Reasons for
14.0	DBExceptionList	Data Module	EMS	Exceptions') table. This module contains all of the database communication
14.0	DBEXCEPTIONEISC	Data Module	PCC	components for the ExceptionList ('Actual Exception
			ļ <u>.</u>	Events) table.
15.0	DBGasinv	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Gaslav (Volume Inventory 'header')
				table.
16.0	DBGasInvD	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the GasInvD (Volume Inventory Daily
				'detail') table.
. 17.0	DBGCButton	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the GCButton ('Business Functions') security table.
18.0	DBGCIndex	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the GCIndex (Daily & Monthly Price Indices) table.
19.0	DBGCSecurity	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
	== = =		PCC	components for the GCSecurity (Security Authorizations)
20.0	DBGCUser	Data Module	EMS	for the applications. This module contains all of the database communication
20.0	DDGGGgei	Jum 11104010	PCC	components for the GCUser (User Profiles) table within the
		Date Martin	EMC	applications.
21.0	DBImages	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SEImages (company logos, etc.) table
				within the application.
21.0	DBIndexBasketLink	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the IndexBasketLink (Links actual indices
			FUL	to a particular basket) table within the application.
22.0	DBIndexBaskets	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
1		}	PCC	components for the IndexBaskets (Grouping of indices to be used in a 'simple' averaging calculation) table within the
1				application.
				

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
23.0	DBindexRef	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
	1		PCC	components for the IndexRef (Each price index within the
	-			system contains a record entry here) table within the
24.0	DBK	Data Module	EMS	application. This module contains all of the database communication
24.0	DBK	Data Micdule	EIVIS	components for the K (Contracts table within the
}		1		application).
25.0	DBKNetBack	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
1				components for the KNetBack (Contracts Netback
	<u> </u>			Percentage Tiers) table within the application.
26.0	DBKNotes	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the KNotes (Contract Notes) table within
27.0	DBKProducts	Data Module	EMS	the application. This module contains all of the database communication
27.0	DBRPIODUCIS	Data Module	LIVIS	components for the KProducts (products that are available
1		i		within contracts) table within the application.
28.0	DBKReportDefaults	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the KReportDefaults (standard report
			<u> </u>	defaults) table within the application.
29.0	DBKReportOverrides	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
1				components for the KReportOverrides (standard report overrides for a contract) table within the application.
30.0	DBKServices	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
30.0	DDIGERVICES	5210 ,,,,,,		components for the KServices (services that are available
			1	within contracts) table within the application.
31.0	DBLeg	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
1	1			components for the Leg (available routes and rates for the
	1	Data Madula	F140	production month) table within the application.
32.0	DBLegD	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the LegD (available DAILY routes and
				rates for the production) table within the application.
33.0	DBLegDetail	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the LegDetail (specific routing instructions
	İ			for all volumes purchased and sold) table within the
122	881 - 8-4	Data Module	EMS	application. This module contains all of the database communication
34.0	DBLegRef	Data Module	EIVIS	components for the LegRef (master list of routes and rates)
			1	table within the application.
35.0	DBLocations	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for SELocations (locations) table within the
		0-1- 11	 	application. This module contains all of the database communication
36.0	DBMessages	Data Module	EMS PCC	components for the SEMessages (system messages) table
			FCC	within the application.
37.0	DBMeter	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the Meter/Well table within the application.
38.0	DBMeterAllocations	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the MeterAllocations (ownership interests
-	0000	Date Medule	EVIC	in volume from a meter/well) table within the application.
39.0	DBMeterNotes	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the MeterNotes table within the
				application.
40.0	DBMeterRates	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the MeterRates (pressure base, Btu factor,
				etc. from a meter/well) table within the application.
41.0	DBMiscQuenes	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the miscellaneous queries that
	; ;	. .	PCC	were created to enable views of various tables within the
42.0	DBPackage	Data Module	EMS	application. This module contains all of the database communication
72.0	DDLawage	Data module	LIVIO	components for the Package (Deals) table within the
			1	application.
43.0	DBPackageCorrespondence	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			[components for the PackageCorrespondence (electronic
				copies of documents associated with deals) table within
				the application.

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57.0 DBrDealClassA Data Module EMS This module contains all of the database commu	le deal
	nination
available to the deal class rules (rDealClass table	
within the application.	
58.0 DBrDealClassRules Data Module EMS This module contains all of the database commu	
components for the rDealClassRules (all rules as	
with every combination of deal classification) tab	ie within
59.0 DBrGasMonth Data Module EMS This module contains all of the database commu	nication
59.0 DBrGasmonth Data Module EMS This module contains an or the database commu	
every possible month within the system, with sta	
information) table within the application.	
60.0 DBRptsControl Data Module EMS This module represents the main driver module f	or
PCC submitting reports.	
61.0 DBRptsExecutedStats Data Module EMS This module contains all of the database commu	
PCC components for the SERptsExecutedStats (Exec	
52.0 DBRotsGroupItems Data Module EMS This module contains all of the database commu	
62.0 DBRptsGroupItems Data Module EMS This module contains all of the database communication of the SERptsGroupItems (List of re	ution
available within each tab/folder) table within the	ution
application.	ution
63.0 DBRptsGroups Data Module EMS This module contains all of the database commun	ution
PCC components for the SERptsGroups (List of all tab	ution nication eports
each reporting folder) table within the application	nication eports

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
64.0	DBRptsItemDetail	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsitemDetail (List of specific reports available throughout all folders and tabs) table within the application.
65.0	DBRptsItemParms	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsItemParms (List of all report parameters available to each specific report) table within the application.
66.0	DBRptsQueue	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsQueue (actual report submission queue) table within the application.
67.0	DBRptsQueueDistribute	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsQueueDistribute (report distribution instructions area) table within the application.
68.0	DBRptsQueueNotify	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsQueueNotify (report notification instructions area) table within the application.
69.0	DBRptsSchedule	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsSchedule (report schedule definition area) table within the application.
70.0	DBRptsScheduledReports	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsScheduledReports (reports belonging to schedule definition area) table within the application.
71.0	DBRptsScheduleGroups	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsScheduleGroups (report schedule groups definition area) table within the application.
72.0	DBRptsScheduleUserGroups	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsScheduleUserGroups (user list belonging to a specific schedule group definition area) table within the application.
73.0	DBRptsTablesUsed	Data Module	EMS PCC ·	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsTablesUsed (tables, views and stored procedures used by each report area) table within the application.
74.0	DBStoredProcedures	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for accessing and invoking all stored procedures and functions on the application. Each of these procedures are setup as methods within this class and this particular class acts as a common wrapper for invoking these DB procedures.
75.0	RTCrystalDriverParseMemo	Business Rules	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the string parsing routines used to store reporting parameters, formulas and selection criteria.
. 76.0	RTDBAddress	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application addresses (Address table) are within this particular module.
77.0	RTDBCompany	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application companies (Company table) are within this particular module.
78.0	RTDBContactFunction	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application contact function (ContactFunction table) are within this particular module.
79.0	RTDBContacts	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application contacts (contacts table) are within this particular module.
80.0	RTDBContact_Group	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application contact group relationships (ContactGroup table) are within this particular module.
81.0	RTDBContact_GroupNames	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application contact group names (Contact_GroupNames table) are within this particular module.
82.0	RTDBEngine	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application engine pricing transaction (Engine table) are within this particular module.

Ref #	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
83.0	RTDBEngine_Master	Business Rules		All business rules and edits associated with the application
				engine pricing entry (Engine_Master table) are within this
04.0	DEDRE- MostorPro-	Business Dules	FMC	particular module.
84.0	RTDBEngine_MasterPrice	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application engine pricing components (w/price tags) entry
				(Engine_MasterPrice table) are within this particular
				module.
85.0	RTDBEngine_TransactionList	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	_			engine transaction master list (Engine_TransactionList
	<u> </u>			table) are within this particular module.
86.0	RTDBExceptionCategories	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	exception categories (ExceptionCategories table) are
97.0	BTDBE control int	Business Rules	FIG	within this particular module. All business rules and edits associated with the application
87.0	RTDBExceptionList	Dusiliess Rules	EMS PCC	exception list (ExceptionList table) are within this particular
			1,00	module.
88.0	RTDBGasinv	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				volume inventory transaction header (Gaslnv table) are
			<u> </u>	within this particular module.
89.0	RTDBGasinvD	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
1		}		volume inventory transaction detail daily (GasInvD table)
000	DTDDGGD.Was	Business Rules	FNC	are within this particular module. All business rules and edits associated with the application
90.0	RTDBGCButton	business rules	EMS PCC	business functions (GCButton table) are within this
			1 00	particular module.
91.0	RTDBGCIndex	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	price indices (GCIndex table) are within this particular
				module.
92.0	RTDBGCSecurity	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	security authorizations (GCSecurity table) are within this particular module.
93.0	RTDBGCUser	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
35.0	(KIDBOOGSE	Desiness relies	PCC	users (GCUser table) are within this particular module.
94.0	RTDBImages	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
]	•		graphic images (SElmages table) are within this particular
				module.
95.0	RTDBIndexBasketLink	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	index price basket link (IndexBasketLink table) are within this particular module.
96.0	RTDBIndexBaskets	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
33.5			PCC	index price baskets (IndexBaskets table) are within this
				particular module.
97.0	RTDBIndexRef	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	price index master list (IndexRef table) are within this
00.0	DIDDK	Business Rules	EMS	particular module. All business rules and edits associated with the application
98.0	RTDBK	Dusiness Males	CIVIO	contracts (K table) are within this particular module.
99.0	RTDBKNetBack	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
55.5	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			contract netback pricing tiers (KNetBack table) are within
				this particular module.
100.0	RTDBKNotes	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
l				contract free form note area (KNotes table) are within this
101.0	STOCKS	Burner Burner	ENG.	particular module.
101.0	RTDBKProducts	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application contract products area (KProducts table) are within this
		1		particular module.
102.0	RTDBKReportDefaults	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				contract standard report defaults area (KReportDefaults
				table) are within this particular module.
103.0	RTDBKReportOverndes	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
 				contract standard report overrides area (KReportOverrides
-10/5	2502/0	Duniana Duli		table) are within this particular module.
104.0	RTDBKServices	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application contract services area (KServices table) are within this
1			1	particular module.
		4L		

Ref #	Module Name	Module Type	Application	- Description/Comments:
105.0		Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				leg (monthly) area (Leg table) are within this particular module.
106.0	RTDBLegD	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				leg (daily) area (LegD table) are within this particular module.
107.0	RTDBLegDetail	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			1	leg detail (main routing) area (LegDetail table) are within
100.0				this particular module.
108.0	RTDBLegRef	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	•			leg master list area (LegRef table) are within this particular module.
109.0	RTDBLocations	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	locations (SELocations table) are within this particular
440.0	DEPOS		<u> </u>	module.
110.0	RTDBMessages	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
•	,		PCC ·	messages (SEMessages table) are within this particular module.
111.0	RTDBMeter	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
440.0				meters (Meter table) are within this particular module.
112.0	RTDBMeterAllocations	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			1	meter ownership allocations (MeterAllocations table) are within this particular module.
113.0	RTDBMeterNotes	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			-,	meter comment areas (MeterNotes table) are within this
	<u> </u>			particular module.
114.0	RTDBMeterRates	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				meter rate areas (MeterRates table) are within this particular module.
115.0	RTDBPackage	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
1				deals (Package table) are within this particular module.
116.0	RTDBPackageCorrespondence	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				deal correspondence (PackageCorrespondence table) are
117.0	RTDBPackageCosts	Business Rules	EMS	within this particular module. All business rules and edits associated with the application
	1001-ackageoosis	Dusiliess Rules	EMS	deal 'Other Costs' (PackageCosts table) are within this
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		particular module.
118.0	RTDBPipeField	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				pipes/fields (PipeField table) are within this particular module.
119.0	RTDBPriceComponents	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	•			price components (PriceComponents table) are within this
				particular module.
120.0	RTDBPriceDesc	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				deal pricing free form text area (PriceDesc table) are within this particular module.
121.0	RTDBPrinterDef	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				printer definitions (PrinterDef table) are within this
				particular module.
122.0	RTDBProcessingCodes	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	processing codes (SEProcessingCodes table) are within this particular module.
123.0	RTDBProcessingCodeTypes	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				processing code types (SEProcessingCodeTypes table)
124.0	DTTDDD			are within this particular module.
124.0	RTDBProdinterest	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	* * ·	: ·		'Availability' royalty interests (Prodinterest table) are within this particular module.
125.0	RTDBProdPKG	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
1				'Availability' deal to ProdVol cross-reference (ProdPKG
100 -				table) are within this particular module.
126.0	RTDBProdSum	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
)				'Availability' monthly meter summary (ProdSum table) are within this particular module.
127.0	RTDBProdVol	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				'Availability' monthly ownership volume (ProdVol table) are
				within this particular module.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	-Description/Comments - Add Add Add Add Add Add Add Add Add A
128.0	RTDBrDealClass	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application deal classification options (rDealClass table) are within this particular module.
129.0	RTDBrDealClassA	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application deal classification answers (rDealClassA table) are within this particular module.
130.0	RTDBrDealClassRules	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application deal classification wasp rules (rDealClassRules table) are within this particular module.
131.0	RTDBrGasMonth	Business Rules	PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application production month (rGasMonth table) are within this particular module.
132.0	RTDBRptsExecutedStats	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application execution statistics for reporting (SERptsExecutedStats table) are within this particular module.
133.0	RTDBRptsGroupItems	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application tab items for reporting (SERptsGroupItems table) are within this particular module.
134.0	RTDBRptsGroups	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application tabs for reporting (SERptsGroups table) are within this particular module.
135.0	RTDBRptsItemDetail	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report files used for reporting (SERptsItemDetail table) are within this particular module.
136.0	RTDBRptsitemParms	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report file parameters used for reporting (SERptsItemParms table) are within this particular module.
138.0	RTDBRptsQueue	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report submission queue used for reporting (SERptsQueue table) are within this particular module.
139.0	RTDBRptsQueueDistnbute	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report queue distribution options used for reporting (SERptsQueueDistribute table) are within this particular module.
140.0	RTDBRptsQueueNotify	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report queue submission notifications used for reporting (SERptsQueueNotify table) are within this particular module.
141.0	RTDBRptsSchedule	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report schedules used for reporting (SERptsSchedule table) are within this particular module.
142,0	RTDBRptsScheduledReports	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report schedule actual reports used for reporting (SERptsScheduledReports table) are within this particular module.
143.0	RTDBRptsScheduleGroups	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report schedule groups used for reporting (SERptsScheduleGroups table) are within this particular module.
144.0	RTDBRptsScheduleUserGroups	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report schedule users (in groups) used for reporting (SERptsScheduleUserGroups table) are within this particular module.
145.0	RTDBRptsTablesUsed	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report tables used for reporting (SERptsTablesUsed table) are within this particular module.
146.0	RTMessageStackClient	Business Rules	EMS PCC	This particular module is responsible for maintaining the current list of messages that will be displayed to the user. This module will provide for the storing of up to 50 messages (in memory tables) in between enter button or mouse clicks. This provides for any/all error messages concerning a specific event to be displayed at once versus one at a time.
147.0	FmAbout	Form	EMS PCC	This form provides descriptive information about the application (version number, copyright notice, email and website support links, etc).

Ref#	Module Name	Module Tyr	oe Applicatio	n: Description/Comments
148.0	FmActualizePurchases	Form	EMS	This form provides the method for performing (Step 2 of 4) of the actualization process within EMS.
149.0	FmActualizeSales	Form	EMS	This form provides the method for performing (Step 3 of 4) of the actualization process within EMS:
150.0	FniAddressDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the updating of addresses for contacts and companies. The table that gets updated behind the scenes is the Address table.
151.0	FmAddressList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all available addresses that have already been setup for a company. Options on this form include an ability to change, add or delete address lines from the list.
152.0	FmBusinessFunctionsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the updating of the business functions that are available within the Energy Management System AND the Producer Control Center. The table that gets updated (behind the scenes) is the 'GCButton' table.
153.0	FmBusinessFunctionsList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all available business functions that are currently within the Energy Management System AND the Producer Control Center. Options exist here to add, change and delete business functions. Each of these business functions represent areas within the application for setting system security.
154.0	FmCommon	Form	EMS PCC	This form provides for all of the common properties used by all forms. This form can be accessed via the main menus by selecting system properties. All of the color schemes, graphic images, etc. that are used by the system are included on this form. At runtime, all other forms within the system will invoke public methods within this form to set their respective screen fields.
155.0	FmCompanyDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for updating detail information pertaining to a specific company. This includes identification of a primary company address.
156.0	FmCompanyList	Form	EMS	This form provides a gnd list of all companies that are currently stored on EMS. Options on this form include extensive lookup and tab options.
157.0	FmContactDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the form for updating detail information about a contact at a particular company. This includes group memberships, functions, etc.
158.0	FmContactFunctionDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for associating a contact within a company to a specific job function at that company (i.e. Accounting, production, etc.).
159.0	FmContactGroupDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for creating or updating contact groups on the system.
160.0	FmContactGroupList	Form	EMS	This form lists all available contact groups on the system. Options on this form include the ability to add, change or delete a contact group.
161.0	FmContactList	Form	EMS	This for lists all contacts within all companies. Options on this form include an ability to add, change or delete a specific contact (with appropriate security). In addition, there are extensive data lookup capabilities.
162.0	fmContactSecurityAuth	Form	EMS	This form provides for the entry of external company security authorization rules (i.e. Enabling access to Producer Control Center, etc.).
163.0	FmContractDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the detail form for entering contract specific information (netback pricing information, contract name, terms, provisions, etc.).
164.0	FmContractList	Form	EMS	This form provides a grid list of all existing contracts on the system. Options exist on this form to add, change or delete a contract. This form also includes extensive lookup and company letter tab's for searching all contracts.
165.0	FmDailyPrices	Form	PCC	This form shows the graphs of the revenue detail information on the Producer Control Center.
166.0	FmDealClassificationUpdates	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for changing any calculation rules associated with a given combination of deal classification codes. The WASP inclusion indicator is stored on this table.
167.0	fmDealCorrespondenceDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides an entry form for attaching electronic correspondence to a deal.

Ref#		Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
168.0	FmDealCostsEntryDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the entry of 'Other Costs' associated with a particular deal.
169.0	FmDealDetail	Form	EMS	This is the main detail form that shows all of the information relative to a deal.
170.0	FmDeaiEntryNew	Form	EMS	This form represents a popup box that is displayed when a new deal has been requested. This box prompts the user for the type of deal (purchase or sale) and what product and service it is applicable toward.
171.0	FmDealList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all 'Purchase' or 'Sales' deals within a given month on a grid. Options exist on this screen to add, change or delete a deal.
172.0	FmDealPrice	Form	EMS PCC	This is the form that is used whenever a user wants to calculate the prices for a given volume within a given month. The only options on this form are to 'Price All' and only for those production months and volumes that are applicable (based on monthly status).
173.0	FmDealPriceEntryDetail	Form	EMS	This is the main form for entering deal price information within the Energy Management System. The primary underlying tables that get updated include Engine_Master and Engine_MasterPrice.
174.0	FmException ;	Form	EMS PCC	This form is invoked whenever a system exception occurs within the system. In order to complete the exception a particular user must have a 'Super ID' for the function and he/she must provide an exception reason with a description.
175.0	FmExceptionCategoriesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for a detail update screen to update reason code information for a given type of exception.
176.0	fmExceptionCategoriesList	Form .	EMS	This form provides a listing grid of all reason code exceptions for a given type of exception.
177.0	FmGraphicViewer	Form	EMS	This form provides an ability to view graphic images and/or scan in graphic images from a scanner. These images can be attached to a deal.
178.0	fmGroupMemberDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the detail form for associating a contact as a member of a specific group.
179.0	FmlmagesDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the detail form used for posting updates to the application graphic images (logo's, etc.).
180.0	FmImagesList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all graphic images (logos) that are currently stored in the system.
181.0	FmIndexBasketDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail update screen to update index price basket information.
182.0	FmIndexBasketLinkDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail update form to allow for the updating of index links to particular baskets.
183.0	FmIndexBasketList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing grid of all index baskets on the system.
184.0	FmLegDailyDetail	Form	EMS .	This form provides the detail rate information associated with a daily leg rate (which overrides the monthly rate when setup on EMS).
185.0	FmLegDailyList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all daily rates that may be setup for a particular leg.
186.0	FmLegDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail rate information associated with the a given leg, on a given production month within the system. Both nomination and actual rate information is available.
187.0	FmLegHistory	Form	EMS	This form provides a historical list of all monthly leg rates that have been established for a given leg.
188.0	FmLegList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all legs on the system. Options exist from this screen to select and change (modify) the specific rate information about a leg.
189.0	FmLegMonthlyView	Form	EMS ·	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all volumes transported in, out, sold and/or on balance for a specific meter.
190.0	FmLegPurchaseLinkMonthlyView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all the purchase deals (volumes) that have been attributed to a selected sale.
191.0	FmLegPurchaseLinkView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all purchases linked to a specific sale on a given day.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type-	Application	Description/Comments
192.0	FmLegPurchasePointView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of the originating (hop 0) information for any given volume that is displayed on the routing screen(s).
193.0	FmLegRoute ,	Form	EMS	This is the main routing screen. Options exist on this screen to select pipe/fields, days, noms or actuals, etc. With appropriate security a person can transport and/or sell volume through this panel.
194.0	FmLegSale	Form	EMS	This form is used as a confirm form for posting volume balances to a sale.
195.0	FmLegSalesView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all sales that exist on a given pipe/field for either a single day or an entire month.
196.0	FmLegTransport	Form	EMS	This form is used as a confirm form for transporting volumes to other meters (pools). Options also exist on this form to selectively override transport, gathering, pvr or fuel rates associated with the transport.
197.0	FmLegChange	Form	EMS	This form is used whenever a request is made to change the instructions (either volume or rates) on an existing transport OR sale route item.
198.0	fmLegDelete	Form	EMS	This form is used whenever a routed volume (either transported to a pool or posted to a sale) has been requested to be deleted.
199.0	FmLocationsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail update form to allow for the updating of location information. These location entries are used throughout the system (versus hardcoding locations within the software).
200.0	fmLocationsList	Form	EMS .	This form provides a list form to allow for showing the location information. These location entries are used throughout the system (versus hardcoding locations within the software).
201.0	fmLogin	Form	EMS PCC	This is the common login form used by the application(s). It provides the mechanism for authenticating users or company contacts upon entry into the system.
202.0	fmLoginChange	Form .	EMS	This form provides the users of the system with the ability to change their login passwords.
203.0	fmLookup	Form	EMS PCC	This form provides a standard lookup dialog that allows for queries to be run for nearly all other list forms within the system. Most list screens provide a lookup button (binoculars) that will invoke this form.
204.0	fmMessageBox	Form	EMS PCC	This form displays all system messages used within the system. This particular form gets utilized by nearly all other form on the system. The messages displayed by this form include all ERROR, CONFIRMATIONAL, INFORMATIONAL and IN-PROCESS oriented messages.
205.0	fmMeterAllocationsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for an entry screen for entering allocation companies and accounting cross reference deck codes for a given meter/well and effective date.
206.0	FmMeterDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for a detail update form on meter/well information within the system.
207.0	fmMeterList	Form	EMS	This form provides for a list form of all meters/wells within the system.
208.0	fmMeterRatesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for an entry screen for entering rates (pressure base, Btu factor, pipe/field pressure base, etc.) for a given meter/well on a specific effective date.
209.0	FmMeterRevenue	Form	PCC	This form provides a meter/well form that shows graphic representation of calculated volumes and prices.
210.0	FmMeterTotalsView	Form 	EMS	This form provides a 'view' which is a read-only view of all the meter totals (actualized versus not actualized) for an entire month). A specific deal OR all deals within a month can be viewed through this form.
211.0	FmMonthlyStatusDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a screen for updating the detail production month status information. This is where users will go to change the status for each production month (depending on security level of the user).

Ref #		Module Type-	Application ·	Description/Comments (************************************
212.0	FmMonthlyStatusList	Form	EMS	This form provides a grid list of all monthly status information (by status). Options exist here to invoke the detail update screen to update monthly status information (with appropriate security).
213.0	fmNetBackTierDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail form for updating the netback pricing tiers for a given contract. These tiers are referenced (for all WASP classified deals) during the pricing function.
214.0	FmOGISFeeds	Form	EMS	This form provides an entry form for specifying the parameters used to create the OGIS journal entry and revenue receivable accounting feeds. The actual text files are created from this form.
215.0	FmPickACompany	Form	PCC	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of companies to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
216.0	FmPickAContact	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of contacts to a user and having one of them selected and carned back to the requesting form.
217.0	FmPickAContract	Form .	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of contracts to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
218.0	FmPickADeal	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of deals to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
219.0	FmPickADealMeter	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of deal meters to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
220.0	FmPickALeg	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of leg (monthly routes) to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
221.0	FmPickALegRef	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of LegRef (master routes) to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
222.0	FmPickALegSale	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of sales points available for routing to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
223.0	FmPickAMeter	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of meters/wells to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
224.G	FmPickAPipeline	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of pipe/fields to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
225.0	fmPickAReport	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of reports to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
226.0	FmPipeDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail update form for updating pipe/field information on the system.
227.0	fmPipelineActuals	Form	EMS	This is the main form used for enter actual volumes for meters/wells on the system. The form includes a calculator function for propagating the volumes across all days for the highlighted meter/well.
228.0	fmPipeList	Form	EMS	This form provides the list form to show all pipe/fields currently defined within the system. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a pipe/field.
229.0	FmPriceComponentsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the screen for updating the detail 'price tags' that have been setup on the system. These price tags allow us to identify the various portions of a sale or purchase price.
230.0	FmPriceComponentsList	Form ``	EMS	This form provides a grid list of all price components (tags) that have been setup on the system.

Ref#	Module Name:	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
231.0	fmPriceIndexUpdates	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all prices for the daily Index Prices. When entering this form the default date is set to the current date. When prices are being entered on 'Mondays' there is a 'copy to previous weekend' button which will allow for all prices to be propagated back to the previous weekend. Monthly index prices are entered on day 1 only for a given month.
232.0	FmPriceIndicesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a screen for updating the price index information on the database (IndexRef table). This includes display order, name, etc.
233.0	fmPriceIndicesList	Form	EMS	This form provides an 'updateable' grid list that shows all price indices on the system. Options exist here to invoke the add/update function (fmPriceIndicesDetail).
234.0	fmPricesByIndexList	Form	PCC	This form provides a graphic and tabular view of index prices for a given month.
235.0	FmPrinterDetail	Form	EMS ·	This form provides a detail entry form for updating the printer information stored on the system.
236.0	fmPrinterList	Form .	EMS .	This form provides a list form that shows all printers currently defined on the system.
237.0	FmProcessingCodesDetail	Form	EMS .	This form provides the detail form for updating a given set of reference (processing codes).
238.0	FmProcessingCodesList .	Form	EMS	This form provides the list form for showing all of the processing codes. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a given code.
239.0	FmProcessingCodesPick	Form	EMS	This form provides an ability to 'pick' a particular reference code and send it back to the form that invoked the screen.
240.0	FmProcessingCodeTypesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail form for updating a given set of processing code types (types of reference codes).
241.0	fmProcessingCodeTypesList	Form	EMS	This form provides the list form for showing all of the processing code types. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a given type.
242.0	FmProdVolCofirms	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for recognizing volumes that were returned by producers. In addition, options exist on this form to send out producer confirmations.
243.0	FmProdVolHist	Form	EMS	This form provides a history list of royalty and makeup percentage interests, by owner, for a given meter/well.
244.0	FmProdVolList	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for entering initial volumes (expected availability) from producers. Option exist on this form to send out producer availability estimate reports.
245.0	FmReportDefaultsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail screen for setting up the default reports that will be used by entity, product and service on the system. These reports include invoices, vouchers, remittance, etc.
246.0	FmReportDefaultsList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list screen for showing all of the default reports that are setup by entity, product and service on the system. These reports include invoices, vouchers, remittance, etc.
247.0	FmReportOverridesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail screen for setting up the override reports that will be used by entity, product and service on the system ASSOCIATE TO A SPECIFIC CONTRACT. These reports include invoices, vouchers, remittance, etc.
248.0	FmReportsList	Form	EMS PCC	This is the primary form used for displaying a reporting folder. Within this folder are all of the reporting 'tabs' that are available. Within each tab are all of the specific reports that can be run. A submission, and view button are available here.
249.0	FmReportsParaemeters	Form	EMS PCC	This is the form that is used when entering the various parameters when a report is submitted. Defaults are automatically supplied and the parameters are listed in a grid list format.
250.0	fmReportsView	Form	EMS PCC	This is the main view form for viewing all of the submitted reports. Options exist to view the reports specifically submitted by a user OR to view the reports that were submitted by the scheduler.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
251.0	fmSecurityAuthDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the form for establishing and updating security authorizations between users and business functions within the Energy Management System. Options exist here to allow for users to have NO ACCESS, READ ONLY, READ/UPDATE, READ/UPDATE/DELETE or SUPER access to a particular area of application.
252.0	fmSecurityAuthList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all security authorizations that are set for each user on the Energy Management System. Options exist on this form to add, update and delete specific security authorizations for any given user of the system.
253.0	FmsRptsInvoice	Form	EMS	This is the primary form used for submitting standard invoice reports.
254.0	FmsRptsRemittance	Form	EMS	This is the primary form used for submitting standard remittance reports.
255.0	fmsRptsVoucher	Form	EMS	This is the primary form used for submitting standard voucher reports.
256.0	FmTransactionDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the entry of 'Other Cost' transactions within EMS. Once these transactions are setup in the system, then they can be attached to deals and calculations will be done against them.
257.0	FmTransactionList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all the 'Other Cost' transactions that have been setup on the system.
258.0	fmUserProfilesDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the creation and update form for all users on the Energy Management System. This form provides an administrator with the ability to change name, password, title, default printer, etc. for all users on the system.
259.0	fmUserProfilesList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all users that are capable of using the Energy Management System. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a specific user.
260.0	fmGasControlMainMenu	Form	EMS	This form represents the main menu for the Energy Management System. All menu options, speed buttons, etc are stored on this form. This particular form is also responsible for invoking the methods to establish a connection and set the form screen attributes (based on user preferences).
261.0	frmProducerControlCenterMain	Form	PCC	This form represents the main menu for the Producer Control Center. All menu options, speed buttons, etc are stored on this form. This particular form is also responsible for invoking the methods to establish a connection and set the form screen attributes (based on user preferences).

APPLICATION (CLIEN-SIDE) SOFTWARE

The table that follows contains the high-level documentation related to the systems and methods provided by the present invention and, in particular, those subfunctions and applications that run client-side in the context of the present invention. In the table that follows, the terms EMS and PCC are used to differentiate (as described above), between a full use application system and a limited use/user/function application system that are provided by the present invention. The actual source code for such application software is contained among the files found on the attached compact disc.

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PRICING AND PRICING TECHNIQUES

So far in the aforementioned detailed discussion the present invention, it has been assumed that the particular pricing techniques may be employed to price one or more fuel deals automatically. The present invention certainly permits fuel deals to be priced based on a variety of factors germane to the energy field. Additionally, the systems and methods provided by the present invention permit fuel deals to be priced automatically, in batch or otherwise, based on pricing techniques which are modularized and which are carried out automatically based on prior or other collections of fuel deals and other fuel deal data. Accordingly, teams of sales personnel can have deals priced based on company specifications to meet margin requirements, etc.

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One such technique implemented as a modularized process capable of pricing one or more fuel deals in accordance with the present invention is referred to as the WASP technique which stands for the Weighted Average Selling Price technique. WASP permits one or more fuel deals (usually a collection) to be priced to meet organization pricing targets (and margin requirements) based on computed average sales prices across collections of fuel deals. The WASP technique and its supporting computer software are contained herein for purposes of example to illustrate the novelty of having a system that can incorporate a substitutable pricing technique (algorithm) into a business process like or similar to the one depicted in and discussed in regard to FIG. 1.

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The WASP Calculation

This particular section contains information on the calculation that occurs to price deals. In the context of the present invention, it is envisioned that there are three situations that can trigger a pricing calculation:

- The price calculation can be submitted at any time by individuals with appropriate security using the System online pricing screen (see FIGS. 4A-4Q). Only those production months in a 'Sales' (nomination recalculated) or 'Invoiced' (actual recalculated) status can be submitted through this screen;
- 2. When the status for a production month goes from 'Sales' to 'Invoiced' a final nomination is performed. In addition, when the status of a production month goes from 'Invoiced' to 'Accounting' a final actuals calculation is performed. These production month status 'promotions' occur through the EMS online screens (by individuals with an appropriate level of security); and
- 3. Each evening, for example, all production months that are in either the 'Sales' or 'Invoice' status will have a calculation cycle run for them. This calculation begins at approximately 8:00 CST, for example. This ensures that all variables (price index entries, volumes, routing instructions, etc.) that could influence the price of a given set of deals are recalculated and presented as current, the first thing in the morning.

The entire calculation process is comprised entirely of MS SQL-Server Transact-SQL stored procedures. The 'flow' of the calculation can be described with reference to the following six (6) stages:

Stage 1. Sales Deal Calculations

Calculate all sales deals first (all pools and deal classifications). This is done because knowing the sales prices (by pool) is required for the following purchase deal calculations.

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Stage 2 WASP Deal Preparation

This particular stage simply prepares the WASPResolvedRouting table with initial sales pool total dollars and volumes. This is the primary table that is used when repeatedly (such as via iteration) tracing all volumes from the sales point back to originating purchase points.

Stage 3 Purchase Deal 'None' Pool (3rd Party) Calculations

All third party purchase deals (belonging to the 'None' (pool) are calculated first. The reason for this is because of the potential that some of these deals having Financial Overrides that are to be distributed to either a 'Common' WASP pool OR to a specific deal. By doing these calculations first, the profit gain or loss (for the financial overrides) can be determined and posted to the appropriate place in the WASPResolvedRouting table.

Stage 4 Purchase Deal 'Dedicated' Pool (Sanctioned Sales) Calculations

All sanctioned sales purchase deals are now calculated. The price for these purchases is driven based on a weighted average basis of the sales meters. Sanctioned sale purchase exist in their own pool ('Dedicated') so that no other purchases volumes (and sales of those volumes) will impact the price calculated. Netback percentages are applied.

Stage 5 Purchase Deal 'Common' Pool (Equity) Calculations

All equity deals are then calculated. The price for these purchases is driven based on a weighted average basis of the sales meters. All purchases that are classified as 'equity' will share in pricing and costing (weighted). The pricing is based on the 'common' body. Any given purchase deal classified as equity could potentially impact the price that other purchase deals (in the 'common' pool) calculates. Netback percentages are applied.

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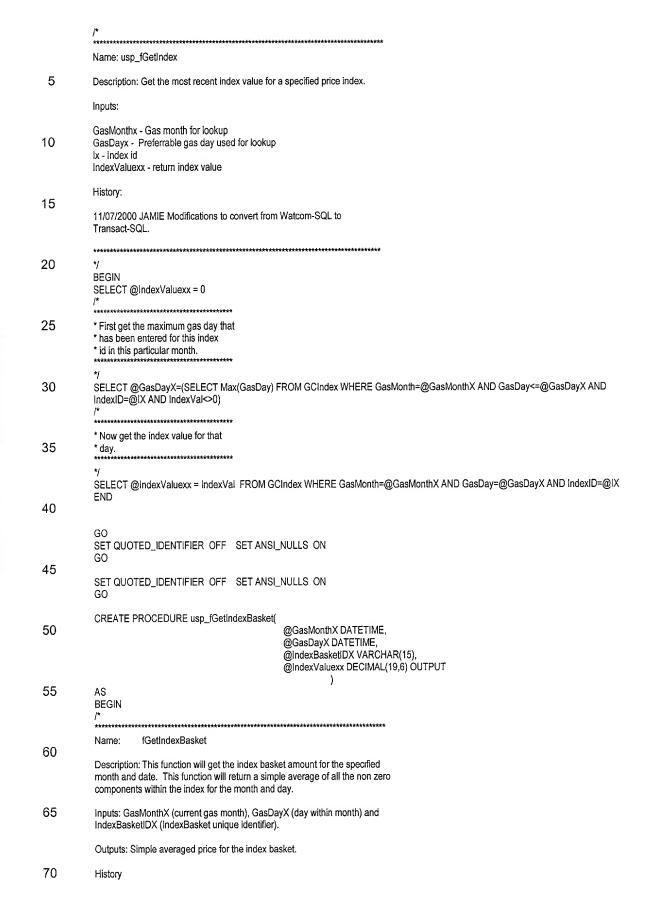
Stage 6 Transportation Costs

This stage of the calculation aggregates all of the transport volumes throughout the month to special transport deals and volume inventory items.

Each of the aforementioned stages of the calculation are invoked from a stored procedure called **usp_PSPriceAutoMonth**. FIGS. 5A and 5B illustrate the process flows corresponding to these 'stages' and the flow of the stored procedures (discussed above) invoked during the calculation. The ordering of these procedures can be tied back to the stages just described above. Actual WASP calculation routines are listed below to aid the reader to completely understand the nature using a predetermined pricing technique in accordance with the present invention.

Weighted Average Sales Price Calculation Routines

The following software routines implement a weighted average sales pricing technique that may be incorporated within a computing environment such as within a server-side processing system to facilitate fuel deal pricing in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Accordingly, in the context of the instant invention, the following routines provide a predetermined pricing technique for pricing fuel deals based on past, present, or future deals, or combinations thereof. The following routines are found among the files contained on the attached compact disc, and also have been commented to assist those of ordinary skill in the art understand the details related to actual implementation.



```
xx/xx/xx (?) CHIP Original Creation.
           04/29/99 JAMIE Modified for WASP 2.10 Release. Structure changes
 5
           made to the Engine and Engine_Master tables. In
           addition, all documentation added. This particular
           portion of the system required extensive changes
           due to the need to store a nom and actual number
           and because all price components are now stored
           off the Engine_MasterPrice table (STID's 8 and 9).
10
           11/08/2000 JAMIE Converted to transact-sql.
           15
                 **********
           * Declare all exceptions, cursors
           * and local variables that will be
20
           * utilized by this procedure.
           DECLARE IndexBasketLink_Cursor CURSOR LOCAL FORWARD_ONLY STATIC FOR
                     SELECT indexID FROM IndexBasketLink WHERE IndexBasketID=@IndexBasketIDX
25
           DECLARE @yTotalPrice DECIMAL(19,6)
           DECLARE @yTotalIndices INTEGER
           DECLARE @yTotalPriceInterim DECIMAL(19,6)
           DECLARE @yIndexID VARCHAR(12)
30
           * Initialize all fields here...
           SELECT @yTotalPrice=0
35
           SELECT @yTotalIndices=0
           SELECT @IndexValuexx=0
40
           * Loop through all of the indices within
           * the index basket. Obtain the price
           * information.
45
           OPEN IndexBasketLink_Cursor
           FETCH NEXT FROM IndexBasketLink_Cursor INTO @yIndexID
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                     BEGIN
                                EXECUTE usp_fGetIndex @GasMonthX,@GasDayX,@yIndexID,@yTotalPriceInterim OUTPUT
50
                                IF @yTotalPriceInterim<>0
                                          BEGIN
                                          SELECT @yTotalPrice=@yTotalPrice+@yTotalPriceInterim
                                          SELECT @yTotalIndices=@yTotalIndices+1
                                          END
55
                                FETCH NEXT FROM IndexBasketLink_Cursor INTO @yIndexID
                     END
            CLOSE IndexBasketLink_Cursor
           DEALLOCATE IndexBasketLink_Cursor
60
            * Take the simple average of the totals
            * here...
65
           IF (@yTotalPrice<>0) AND (@yTotalIndices<>0)
                      BEGIN
                                SELECT @IndexValuexx=(@yTotalPrice/@yTotalIndices)
                      END
           END
70
```

5	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
10	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
15	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_fGetNetbackPercentage(
20	AS BEGIN /* **********************************
25	Name: usp_fGetNetbackPercentage
25 30	Description: This function will return the netback percentage that should be applied to a particular deal, for a particular month. This netback percentage is based on the percentage setup at the contract level for the deal in question. These percentages at the contract level (KNetback table) are tiered. There are two methods of deriving the percentage.
35	Method 0 (All or nothing) - With this method the average daily volume for the month will be used to find the appropriate tier (also based on effective date). The netback percentage to use will be the FIRST tier setup on the contract whose average daily volume does not exceed the total for the gas month on this package. All gas volume for the month will use this same percentage (all or nothing).
40	Method 1 (Accumulating) - With this method the resulting end percentage that will be used is based on volumes within each tier (they are weighted based on their respective volumes. The netback percentage that is calculated is based on the wieghted average of all percentages, across all tiers using volumes that were applied.
45	This particular function will work with Nomination (WhichPricex = 0) and Actual (WhichPricex = 1) volumes. In addition, this procedure can return both 'GAS' and/or 'OIL' (and or any other) netback (via the TypeNetbackx parameter).
50	was sent as an input parameter. The WASP indicator is based on the combination of deal classifications that have been established for this deal. The default indicator is 'N' (ie if classification information can't be found/etc.). All combinations of deal classifications should be setup.
	Inputs:
55	PIDx (package ID) GasMonthx (Gas Month) TypeNetbackx (type of netback percentage) WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actuals)
60	Outputs:
	A single percentage to be applied to the price, representing the netback.
6 F	History:
65	05/13/99 JAMIE Original Creation.
70	07/22/99 JAMIE Modified to check for a floor amount and return that amount if it is greater than the calculated amount.

```
09/02/1999 JAMIE Modified to sum volumes either across DEAL, CONTRACT
           or COMPANY when determining the correct tier.
 5
           08/21/2000 JAMIE Modifications to only sum volumes within the same
           product (across entities and services).
           11/08/2000 JAMIE Converted to Transact-SQL
               10
           * Declare all exceptions, cursors
15
           * and local variables that will be
           * utilized by this procedure.
           DECLARE @zRound INTEGER
           DECLARE @zEntityCID VARCHAR(12)
20
           DECLARE @zKProductID INTEGER
           DECLARE @zKServiceID INTEGER
           DECLARE @tmpEndDate DATETIME
           DECLARE @tmpMaxEffective DATETIME
25
           DECLARE @tmpDaysInPeriod INTEGER
           DECLARE @tmpVolumeTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @tmpAccumulatingTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @tmpPrevBand DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @tmpCurrBand DECIMAL(19,2)
30
           DECLARE @tmpBandTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @tmpBandWeightPerc DECIMAL(19,8)
           DECLARE @tmpAccumulatingPrice DECIMAL(19,8)
           DECLARE @yNetbackMethod INTEGER
DECLARE @yNetbackTierLevel VARCHAR(10)
35
           DECLARE @yAveragePerDay DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @yDailyTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @yeffective DATETIME
40
           DECLARE @ymaxvollevel DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @ynetprice DECIMAL(19,8)
           DECLARE @ynetpricefloor DECIMAL(19,8)
           DECLARE @yKID INTEGER
           DECLARE @yCID VARCHAR(12)
45
           * Get netback method information off the
            * contract. The default will be all or
            * nothing (most common). However, this
50
            * should always be found on the contract.
           * 0 = All or Nothing
            * 1 = Accumulating
55
            * Also, this area of the code sets the
            * default for the netback to zero.
            * In addition, go and get the default
            * netback tier level off the contract
60
            * in order to know at what level to
            * summarize the volumes when
            * performing the calculation. The
            * default is 'DEAL' if it can't be found
            * or if one is not specified.
65
            SELECT @yNetbackPercentage=0
            SELECT @yNetbackMethod=ISNULL((SELECT tier FROM K WHERE KID=(SELECT KID FROM package WHERE PKG=@PIDx)),0)
            SELECT @yNetbackTierLevel=ISNULL((SELECT NetbackTierLevel FROM K WHERE KID=(SELECT KID FROM package WHERE
70
            PKG=@PIDx)),'COMPANY')
```

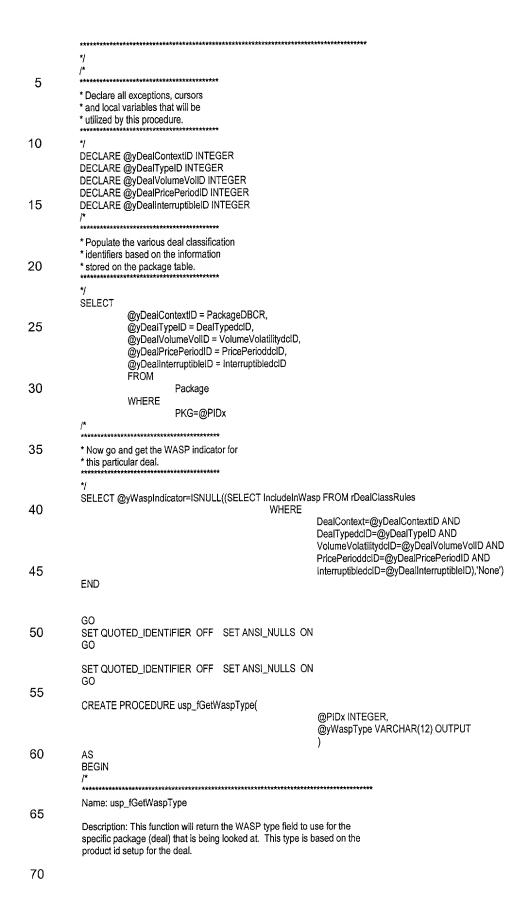
```
SELECT @yKID=ISNULL((SELECT KID FROM package WHERE PKG=@PIDx),0)
           SELECT @yCID=ISNULL((SELECT CID FROM package WHERE PKG=@PIDx),")
 5
           * Get the entity, product and service
           * information off the deal table. There
           * has to be a value on the deal (package)
           * table for each of these...
10
           SELECT @zEntityCID=ISNULL((SELECT K.EntityCID FROM Package,K WHERE PKG=@PIDx and K.KID=Package.KID),")
           SELECT @zKProductID=ISNULL((SELECT KProductID FROM Package WHERE PKG=@PIDx),0)
           SELECT @zKServiceID=ISNULL((SELECT KServiceID FROM Package WHERE PKG=@PIDx),0)
15
           * Now calculate the average volume of
           * gas per day that this particular
            package has on the system. Remember to
           * use the WhichPrice parameter to determine
           * which volume to get.
20
           * 0=(Nominated Volume)
           * 1=(pipeline actual volume)
25
           EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@tmpEndDate OUTPUT
           SELECT @tmpDaysInPeriod=(DATEDIFF(day,@GasMonthx,@tmpEndDate) + 1)
           IF @WhichPricex=0
                     BEGIN
                               IF @yNetbackTierLevel='DEAL'
30
                                          BEGIN
                                                    SELECT @tmpVolumeTotal=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Nom) FROM GasInv WHERE
           PKG=@PIDx).0)
                                          END
                                IF @yNetbackTierLevel='CONTRACT'
35
                                          BEGIN
                                                    SELECT @tmpVolumeTotal=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Gasinv.Nom) FROM Gasinv,Package
                                                              WHERE GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.DBCR=0 AND
           GasInv.PriceType=1 AND GasInv.KID=@yKID
                                                                         AND Package.PKG=GasInv.PKG AND
40
           Package.KProductID=@zKProductID),0)
                                IF @yNetbackTierLevel='COMPANY'
                                          BEGIN
                                                    SELECT @tmpVolumeTotal=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(GasInv.Nom) FROM GasInv,Package
45
                                                              WHERE GasInv. GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv. DBCR=0 AND
           GasInv.PriceType=1 AND GasInv.CID=@yCID
                                                                         AND Package.PKG=GasInv.PKG AND
            Package.KProductID=@zKProductID),0)
50
                      END
            IF @WhichPricex=1
                      BEGIN
                                IF @yNetbackTierLevel='DEAL'
55
                                          BEGIN
                                                    SELECT @tmpVolumeTotal=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(PipelineActuals) FROM GasInv WHERE
            PKG=@PIDx),0)
                                          END
                                IF @yNetbackTierLevel='CONTRACT'
60
                                          BEGIN
                                                     SELECT @tmpVolumeTotal=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(GasInv.PipelineActuals) FROM
            GasInv,Package
                                                               WHERE GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.DBCR=0 AND
            GasInv.PriceType=1 AND GasInv.KID=@yKID
65
                                                                         AND Package.PKG=GasInv.PKG AND
            Package.KProductiD=@zKProductID),0)
                                          END
                                IF @yNetbackTierLevel='COMPANY'
                                          BEGIN
```

```
Gaslnv,Package
                                                                  WHERE GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.DBCR=0 AND
            GasInv.PriceType=1 AND GasInv.CID=@yCID
 5
                                                                             AND Package.PKG=Gasinv.PKG AND
            Package.KProductID=@zKProductID),0)
                                            END
                       END
            IF (@tmpVolumeTotal=0) OR (@tmpDaysInPeriod<1)
10
                       BEGIN
                                 SELECT @yAveragePerDay=0
                       END
            ELSE
                       BEGIN
15
                                 EXECUTE usp_GetProductVolumeRound @PIDx,@zRound OUTPUT
                                 SELECT @yAveragePerDay=ROUND(@tmpVolumeTotal/@tmpDaysInPeriod,@zRound)
                       END
            * Determine which effective date of rules
20
            * should be used. This will be the max
            * effective date where the effective date
            * is either in or prior to the end of the
            * current gas month. Only the set of rules
            * associated with the most recent effective
25
            * date will be used. If a date cannot be
            * found then this function will return
            * a zero percentage (ie. one isn't on
            * the system that precedes the gas
30
            * month).
            SELECT @tmpMaxEffective=(SELECT MAX(effective) FROM knetback WHERE KID=(SELECT KID FROM package WHERE PKG=@PIDx)
                                             AND (effective<=@tmpEndDate) AND NetBackType=@TypeNetbackx)
35
            IF @tmpMaxEffective IS NULL
                       BEGIN
                                 SELECT @tmpMaxEffective='01-01-1900'
                       END
                -----
40
            * If method 0 (all or nothing) then go
            * and get the single tier percentage.

* The tier record will loop through and
            * take the first tier record where the
45
            * volume is greater than or equal then
            * the average volume per day.
            * This is the all or nothing netback
            * pricing tier logic.
50
            IF @yNetbackMethod=0
                       BEGIN
                                 SELECT @yDailyTotal=@yAveragePerDay
                       END
55
            ELSE
                       BEGIN
                                  SELECT @yDailyTotal=0
                       END
60
            * Initialize any fields that may be
            * needed during the loop process.
65
            SELECT @tmpAccumulatingTotal=@yAveragePerDay
            SELECT @tmpPrevBand=0
            SELECT @tmpAccumulatingPrice=0
                   **********
70
            * Now loop through all of the netback
```

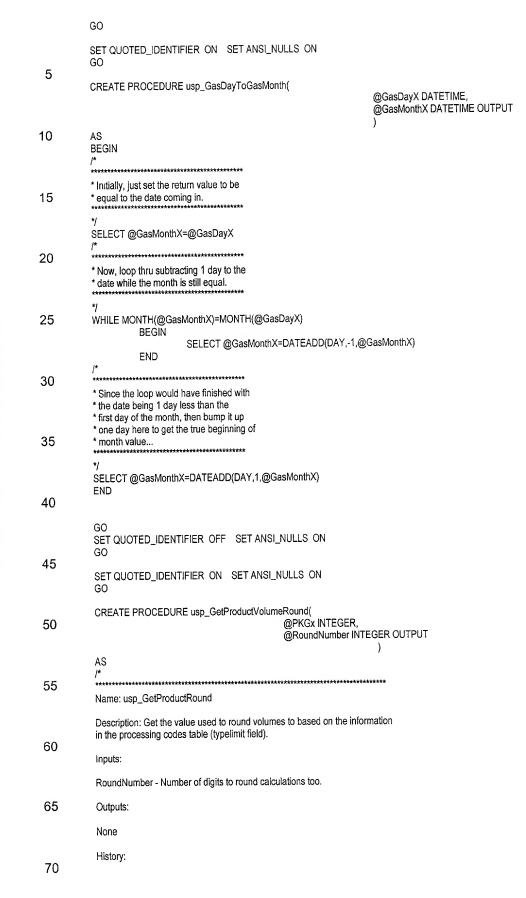
```
* price records attached to the contract.
 5
           DECLARE NetbackCursor CURSOR LOCAL FORWARD_ONLY STATIC FOR
                     SELECT
                                effective.
                                maxvollevel,
                                netprice
10
                                FROM
                                          kNetBack
                                WHERE
                                          (KID=(SELECT KID FROM Package WHERE PKG=@PIDx)) AND
                                          (effective=@tmpMaxEffective) AND
15
                                          (maxvollevel>=@yDailyTotal) AND
                                          (NetbackType=@TypeNetbackx)
                                ORDER BY
                                          maxvollevel asc
           OPEN NetbackCursor
20
           FETCH NEXT FROM NetbackCursor INTO @yEffective,@ymaxvollevel,@ynetprice
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                     BEGIN
                                IF @yNetbackMethod=0
                                          BEGIN
25
                                                    IF @yNetbackPercentage=0
                                                               BEGIN
                                                                         SELECT @yNetbackPercentage=ROUND(@ynetprice,4)
                                                               END
                                          END
30
                                * If method 1 (accumulating) then go
                                * through and weight each tier to derive
                                * a percentage. We know the total volume
35
                                * for the month each tier will provide us
                                * with the weighting information we need.
                                IF @yNetbackMethod=1
40
                                          BEGIN
                                                    IF @tmpAccumulatingTotal>0
                                                               BEGIN
                                                               SELECT @tmpCurrBand=(@ymaxvollevel-@tmpPrevBand)
                                                               IF @tmpCurrBand<=@tmpAccumulatingTotal
45
                                                                         BEGIN
                                                                                   SELECT @tmpBandTotal=@tmpCurrBand
                                                                                   SELECT
            @tmpAccumulatingTotal=(@tmpAccumulatingTotal-@tmpCurrBand)
                                                                         END
50
                                                               ELSE
                                                                         BEGIN
                                                                                   SELECT @tmpBandTotal=@tmpAccumulatingTotal
                                                                                   SELECT @tmpAccumulatingTotal=0
                                                                         END
55
                                                               SELECT @tmpBandWeightPerc=@tmpBandTotal
                                                               SELECT @tmpBandWeightPerc=@tmpBandWeightPerc/@yAveragePerDay
                                                               SELECT
            @tmpAccumulatingPrice=@tmpAccumulatingPrice+ROUND((@ynetprice*@tmpBandWeightPerc),4)
                                                               END
60
                                                    SELECT @tmpPrevBand=@ymaxvollevel
                                          END
                                FETCH NEXT FROM NetbackCursor INTO @yEffective,@ymaxvollevel,@ynetprice
                     END
            CLOSE NetbackCursor
65
           DEALLOCATE NetbackCursor
            ,
*********************
            * Get the last accumulating price here
           * and use this price...
70
```

```
IF @yNetbackMethod=1
                      BEGIN
                                SELECT @yNetbackPercentage=@tmpAccumulatingPrice
 5
                      END
10
           * At this point a calculated netback
           * percentage has been derived. Now
           * check to see if the calculated netback
           * percentage is less than the 'floor'
           * amount setup on the contract. If so,
15
           * then use the floor amount.
           SELECT @ynetpricefloor=ISNULL((SELECT NetPriceFloor FROM K WHERE KID=(SELECT KID FROM Package WHERE PKG=@PIDx)),0)
           IF @ynetpricefloor<>0
20
                      BEGIN
                                 IF @ynetpricefloor>@yNetbackPercentage
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @yNetbackPercentage=@ynetpricefloor
                                           END
25
                      END
           END
30
35
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
40
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON
            CREATE PROCEDURE usp_fGetWASPIndicator(
45
                                                                  @PIDx INTEGER,
                                                                  @yWaspIndicator VARCHAR(10) OUTPUT
            AS
            BEGIN
50
            Name: usp_fGetWaspIndicator
            Description: This function will return the WASP indicator for the package ID that
            was sent as an input parameter. The WASP indicator is based on the combination of
55
            deal classifications that have been established for this deal. The default indicator
            is 'None' (ie if classification information can't be found/etc.). All combinations of
            deal classifications should be setup.
60
            Inputs: PIDx (package ID).
            Outputs: A 'Comon' or 'Dedicated' or 'None' indicator which specifies whether
            or not this package is considered 'WASP'able.
65
            History:
            05/12/1999 JAMIE Original Creation.
            08/03/1999 JAMIE Modification to use the deal classification indicators
70
            off of the package table versus the dealclass table.
```



```
Inputs:
           PIDx (package ID).
 5
           Outputs:
           yWaspType - 'OIL','LIQUIDS', OR 'GAS'.
           History:
10
           12/03/2000 JAMIE Original Creation.
           */
15
           * Declare all exceptions, cursors
           * and local variables that will be
           * utilized by this procedure.
20
           DECLARE @yDealProduct VARCHAR(50)
DECLARE @yDealProductiD INTEGER
                ***********
25
           * Initialize the return value to be GAS
           SELECT @yWaspType='GAS'
30
           * Get the contrat ID off the deal
           * (package) table.
35
           SELECT @yDeaiProductID = ISNULL((SELECT KProductID FROM package where PKG=@PIDx),0)
           * If a contract ID was found then
40
           * based on the value then convert
           * the netback type.
           IF @yDeaiProductiD <> 0
BEGIN
45
                               SELECT @yDealProduct = ISNULL((SELECT shortdescription FROM SEProcessingCodes WHERE processingcodeid=
           @yDealProductID),'Gas')
                               .
IF @yDealProduct = 'Gas'
                                         BEGIN
50
                                                   SELECT @yWaspType='GAS'
                                         END
                               IF @yDealProduct = 'Oil'
                                         BEGIN
                                                   SELECT @yWaspType='OIL'
55
                                         END
                               IF @yDealProduct = 'Liquids'
                                         BEGIN
                                                   SELECT @yWaspType='LiQUIDS'
                                         END
60
                     END
           END
65
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
           GO
70
```

	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
5	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_flsLastDay(@DT DATETIME
10	AS BEGIN DECLARE @LDx DATETIME DECLARE @a INTEGER EXECUTE usp_flastDay @DT,@LDx OUTPUT IF @LDx=@DT BEGIN
15	SELECT @a=1 END ELSE
20	BEGIN SELECT @a=0 END RETURN(@a) END
25	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
30	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO CREATE PROCEDURE usp_flastday(
35	AS BEGIN /*
40	* Initially, just set the return value to be * equal to the date coming in. ***********************************
45	SELECT @ldx=@lastdate /* *Now, loop thru adding 1 day to the date * while the month is still equal.
50	*/ WHILE MONTH(@ldx)=MONTH(@lastdate) BEGIN SELECT @ldx=DATEADD(DAY,1,@ldx)
55	END /* **********************************
60	* one day here to get the true end of * month value *********************************
65	SELECT @ldx=DATEADD(DAY,-1,@ldx); END
70	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON



	11/23/2000 JAMIE Original creation.

5	*/ BEGIN DECLARE @zRoundNumber INTEGER SELECT @zRoundNumber = ISNULL((SELECT SP.TypeLimit FROM SEProcessingCodes AS SP, Package WHERE SP.ProcessingCodeID = Package.KProductID AND Package.PKG=@PKGx),0);
10	SELECT @RoundNumber = @zRoundNumber END
15	GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
20	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
25	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_LinePrice(
	AS
	BEGIN /*
30	Name: usp_LinePrice
35	Description: This procedure will calculate the line price for a specific Engine record. The input parameter nETID represents a unique key to a specific Engine record. In addition, the nNomOrAct parameter specifies whether or not to post the price line information to the nomination area or the actual area of the engine record. The volgroup field on the engine record contains the unique package (deal) id. This is used in the link to get the actual price components for the package.
40	Inputs:
	nETID = Engine Key nNomOrAct = (0=Nomination,1=Actualization)
45	Outputs:
	Either an updated PriceOrRateNom or PriceOrRateAct field on the Engine record. The precise field updated depends on the input parameter sent to this process (nNomOrAct).
50	History:
	xx/xx/xx (?) CHIP Original Creation.
55	04/29/99 JAMIE Modified for WASP 2.10 Release. Structure changes made to the Engine and Engine_Master tables. In addition, all documentation added. This particular portion of the system required extensive changes due to the need to store a nom and actual number and because all price components are now stored
60	off the Engine_MasterPrice table (STID's 8 and 9).
65	06/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to pull in the entity, product and service in order to get the correct price off the wasp table (values are passed to the wasp routine).
30	11/10/2000 JAMIE Converted to Transact-SQL

70	/ *

	* Declare all exceptions, cursors * and local variables that will be		
5	* utilized by this procedure.		
10	DECLARE @xEngine_Effective DATETIME DECLARE @xETID INTEGER DECLARE @xSequenceNo INTEGER DECLARE @xPriceTag VARCHAR(20) DECLARE @xOperandVariable VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @xPriceVariable VARCHAR(15) DECLARE @xPriceEntryType VARCHAR(12)		
15	DECLARE @xEffective DATETIME DECLARE @xTID INTEGER DECLARE @xEntityCID VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @xKProductID INTEGER DECLARE @xKServiceID INTEGER		
20	DECLARE @yPrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @yPriceInterimValue DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @yMonthDate DATETIME DECLARE @zTemp DECIMAL(19,6)	i)	
	DECLARE Engine_MasterPriceAll CURSOR LO		ARD_ONLY STATIC FOR
25	SELECT D	ISTINCT emp.ETID,	
		emp.Seque	
		emp.PriceT emp.Opera	
30		emp.PriceV	
		pc.PriceEnt em.Effective	
		e.TID,	ο ,
0.5		k.entitycid,	ProductID
35		package.Kl package.Ks	
		FROM	
			engine_masterprice AS emp, engine AS e,
40			engine_master AS em,
			pricecomponents AS pc, gasinv,
			k,
45		WUEDE	package
45		WHERE	(e.ETID=@nETID) AND
			(em.ETID=e.EM_ETID) AND
			(emp.ETID=em.ETID) AND (gasinv.tid=e.tid) AND
50			(k.kid=gasinv.kid) AND
			(package.pkg=gasinv.pkg) AND (pc.PriceTag=emp.PriceTag) AND
			(emp.NomOrActual=@nNomOrAct)
55		ORDER B	Y emp.ETID,
00			emp.SequenceNo
	/* **********		
	* Initialize all fields here		
60	***************************************		
	SELECT @yPrice=0		
	SELECT @yPriceInterimValue=0		
65	* **************		
	* Open the cursor to get the pricing		
	* information and loop through all of * the price component records. The end		
70	* result price will ultimately be		
10	* updated on the engine record.		

```
**********
           OPEN Engine_MasterPriceAll
           FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterPriceAll INTO
           @xETID, @xSequenceNo, @xPriceTag, @xOperandVariable, @xPriceVariable, @xPriceEntryType, \\
 5
                                                     @xEffective,@xTID,@xEntityCID,@xKProductID,@xKServiceID
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
                                 .
****************
10
                                * Derive the gas month based on the
                                * effective from the engine
                                 15
                                SELECT @xEngine_Effective=(SELECT effective FROM engine WHERE ETID=@nETID)
                                EXECUTE usp_GasDayToGasMonth @xEngine_Effective,@yMonthDate OUTPUT
20
                                 * Convert the price variable portion to a
                                 * number. If an index then get the index
                                 * amounts. The default price for any
                                 * component not in this case statement is
                                 * zero (ie.. WASP, UNKNOWN, etc.).
25
                                SELECT @yPriceInterimValue = 0
                                IF @xPriceEntryType='Numeric'
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @yPriceInterimValue=CAST(@xPriceVariable AS DECIMAL(19,6))
30
                                           END
                                 IF @xPriceEntryType='Monthly IDX'
                                           BEGIN
                                                      {\tt EXECUTE\ usp\_fGetIndex\ @yMonthDate, @yMonthDate, @xPriceVariable, @yPriceInterimValue}
35
            OUTPUT
                                           END
                                 IF @xPriceEntryType='Daily IDX'
                                           BEGIN
                                                      EXECUTE usp_fGetIndex
            @yMonthDate,@xEngine_Effective,@xPriceVariable,@yPriceInterimValue OUTPUT
40
                                           END
                                 IF @xPriceEntryType='Basket IDX'
                                           BEGIN
                                                      EXECUTE usp_fGetIndexBasket
            @yMonthDate,@xEngine_Effective,@xPriceVariable,@yPriceInterimValue OUTPUT
45
                                           END
                                 IF @xPriceEntryType='Wasp'
                                           BEGIN
                                                      EXECUTE usp_fGetCalcIndex
            @xTID,@nNomOrAct,@xEntityCID,@xKProductID,@xKServiceID,@yMonthDate,@yPriceInterimValue \ OUTPUT
50
                                            END
                                 IF @yPriceInterimValue IS NULL
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @yPriceInterimValue = 0
55
                                            END
                                 * At this point the yPriceInterim Value
                                 * contains the individual price component
60
                                 * amount. Now, depending on the operator,
                                 * apply this to the current total
                                  * (yPrice). The end result is yPrice
                                  * being updated with this component amount.
65
                                 IF @xOperandVariable='+'
                                            BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @yPrice=@yPrice+@yPriceInterimValue
                                            END
 70
                                 IF @xOperandVariable='-'
```

```
BEGIN
                                                    SELECT @yPrice=@yPrice-@yPriceInterimValue
                                         END
                               IF @xOperandVariable='*
 5
                                         BEGIN
                                                    SELECT @yPrice=@yPrice*@yPriceInterimValue
                                         END
                               IF @xOperandVariable='/
                                         BEGIN
                                                    IF (@yPrice<>0) AND (@yPriceInterimValue<>0)
10
                                                              BEĞIN
                                                                        SELECT @yPrice=@yPrice/@yPriceInterimValue
                                                              END
                                         END
                               FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterPriceAll INTO
15
           @xETID,@xSequenceNo,@xPriceTag,@xOperandVariable,@xPriceVariable,@xPriceEntryType,
                     @xEffective,@xTID,@xEntityCID,@xKProductID,@xKServiceID
                     ĔND
20
           CLOSE Engine_MasterPriceAll
           DEALLOCATE Engine_MasterPriceAll
           * Finally, take the results of the price
25
           * components and update the engine record
           * with the price.
           * If nom calculation then update then
           * nom price. If actual calculation then
30
           * update the actualized price.
           IF @nNomOrAct=0
                     BEGIN
35
                                UPDATE
                                          Engine
                                          SET
                                                    PriceOrRateNom=@yPrice
                                          WHERE
                                                    ETID=@nETID
40
                     END
           IF @nNomOrAct=1
                      BEGIN
                                UPDATE
45
                                          Engine
                                          SET
                                                     PriceOrRateAct=@yPrice
                                          WHERE
                                                     ETID=@nETID
50
                      END
           END
 55
            SET QUOTED IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
 60
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
            CREATE PROCEDURE usp_message(
 65
                                                     @messagex VARCHAR(255)
            AS
 70
            Name: usp_message
```

5	Description: This routine will dictate where and how messages from the system will (or will not) be posted. These are transitory messages generated by the system (like during a calculation).			
	Inputs:			
	messagex - Text message to write			
10	Outputs:			
	None			
15	History:			
	11/07/2000 JAMIE Original creation.			
	****	*******		
20	*/ BEGIN DECLARE @tmpMessage VARCHAR(254)			
0.5	/* INSERT INTO ApplicationMessages (Application	MessageText) VALUES (@messagex)		
25	PRINT @messagex */			
30	SELECT @tmpMessage = @messagex END			
35				
40				
40				
45				
50	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO			
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON			
	GO			
55	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPrice(@PIDx INTEGER,		
		@WhichPricex INTEGER, @GasMonthx DATETIME, @DBCRx INTEGER		
60	AS BEGIN !*)		
65	Name: usp_PSPrice	********		
	Description: Price all of the gas inventory items.	,-		
70	History:			
70	xx/xx/xx (?) CHIP Original Creation.			

5	05/03/99 JAMIE Modified for WASP 2.10 Remade to the Engine and Engine_Master table addition, all documentation added. In addition pricing off package identifier versus Gas Invested In pricing is done at a package level.	es. In nodifications were made to drive the
10	Only those entries within the gas inventory w will be processed by this procedure. These only the purchase and sale items AND SHOI records associated with them.	entries represent
15	07/12/2000 JAMIE Modified to check for the gasinv record. If the flag is set to a 'Y' then s the flag is set to something other than a 'Y' (i price will automatically get a zero. The price will still calculate AND it is possible that some calculate (if the flag is set) while other meters (if the flag is not set). The spain record is to	et the price accordingly. If e 'N' or null) then the or rate number for actuals e meters within a deal will s on the same deal will not
20	(if the flag is not set). The engine record is ware stored and will contain zeros for the entri setup to be actualized.	
2	**************************************	*************
30	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. **********************************	
	DECLARE @tmpEndDate DATETIME DECLARE @tmpNextEffectiveDate DATETI DECLARE @tmpNumberDays INTEGER DECLARE @tmpVolumeInPeriod DECIMAL	
3	DECLARE @tmpDateToUse DATETIME DECLARE @yTID INTEGER DECLARE @yActualizedFlag VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @ySTID INTEGER	
40	DECLARE @yEffective DATETIME DECLARE @yETID INTEGER DECLARE @zRound INTEGER	
4	DECLARE GasInventoryCursor CURSOR L' SELECT DISTINCT	OCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
	TID, ActualizedFlag FROM	
50	(PriceT	@PIDx) AND ype=1) AND
5	/* ***********************************	=@DBCRx)
6	* At this point the calculation needs to * happen. Iterate through each of the * inventory items attached to this particular * package Only STID's of 8 or 9 are * priced here (STID=8 is DBCR=0 is a * purchase),(STID=9 is DBCR=1 is a sale). *	
6	* Within each inventory item go through * each effective date/STID and use the * pricing rules to determine whether the * pricing accumulates or is all or * nothing.	
7	**************************************	

	EXECUTE usp_GetProductVolumeRound @PID> OPEN GasInventoryCursor	-		
	FETCH NEXT FROM GasInventoryCursor INTO WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0	@yTID,@yA	ctualizedFlag	
5		r CURSOR L	OCAL STA	TIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
	SELECT	DISTINCT		
10		e.ETID, e.Effective,		
10		e.STID,		
		e.TID FROM		
			Engine AS e	
15		WHERE	Engine_Mas	ster AS em
			(em.ETID=e	.EM_ETID) AND
			(em.PID=e.\ (e.TID=@yT	/olGroup) AND
20		ORDER BY	(e.11D-@y1	10)
	ODEN Engine Compar		e.ETID	
	WHILE @@FETCH_ST		INTO @yET	ID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yTID
25	BEGIN	/*		

				he engine with the e engine_master
30			the following	
		*/		
		EXECUTE (usp_LinePric	ee @yETiD,@WhichPricex
35		/ ********	********	********
				total to be applied Fhis represents
		* the sum of	f the volume	between the
40			late and the o	
40		* date for th	is item. The	value of
				ains the number of and volumes
		* toward wit	thin the calcu	ulation.
45		**********	*****	********
		EXECUTE	usp_fLastDa	y @GasMonthx,@tmpEndDate OUTPUT
	(e.TID=@yTID) AND (e.STID=@ySTID) AND (e.	SELECT @ Fffective>@)tmpNextEffe vEffective))	ctiveDate=(SELECT MIN(effective)-1 FROM engine AS e WHERE
50	(6.115 @) 115) 1015 (6.6115 @) 6115) 1015 (6.	IF @tmpNe	extEffectiveD	ate IS NULL
			BEGIN	SELECT @tmpNextEffectiveDate=@tmpEndDate
			END " D	
55		IF @tmpNe	BEGIN	ate<@tmpEndDate
00			END	SELECT @tmpDateToUse=@tmpNextEffectiveDate
		ELSE	END	
00			BEGIN	SELECT @tmpDateToUse=@tmpEndDate
60			END	
		SELECT @ IF @Which		Days=DATEDIFF(day,@yEffective,@tmpDateToUse) + 1
		ii @vviiicii	BEGIN	
65	GasInvD WHERE (GasInvD.TID=@yTID)			SELECT @tmpVolumeInPeriod=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Nom) FROM
	,	.	- ,, .,	AND
	(GasInvD.GasDay BETWEEN @yEffective AND	@tmpDate1	ToUse)),0) END	
70		IF @Which		

IF @yActualizedFlag='Y' BEGIN SELECT @tmpVolumeInPeriod=ISNULL((SELECT 5 SUM(PipelineActuals) FROM GasInvD WHERE (GasInvD.TID=@yTID) AND (GasInvD.GasDay BETWEEN @yEffective AND @tmpDateToUse)),0) ÉND ELSE **BEGIN** 10 SELECT @tmpVolumeInPeriod=0 END **END** ********* 15 * Update the actual engine volumes and * amounts here... IF @WhichPricex=0 20 **BEGIN UPDATE** Engine SET 25 Volume=ROUND(@tmpVolumeInPeriod,@zRound), Amount=ROUND((@tmpVolumeInPeriod*Engine.PriceOrRateNom),2) WHERE ETID=@yETID 30 END IF @WhichPricex=1 BEGIN **UPDATE** Engine 35 SET VolumeAct=ROUND(@tmpVolumeInPeriod,@zRound), AmountAct=ROUND((@tmpVolumeInPeriod*Engine.PriceOrRateAct),2) WHERE 40 ETID=@yETID FETCH NEXT FROM EngineCursor INTO @yETID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yTID **END** CLOSE EngineCursor DEALLOCATE EngineCursor 45 FETCH NEXT FROM GasInventoryCursor INTO @yTID,@yActualizedFlag **END** CLOSE GasInventoryCursor DEALLOCATE GasInventoryCursor 50 END 55 GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON 60 G0 CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAll(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @DebitCreditx INTEGER, @WhichPricex INTEGER, 65 @PKGx INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12), @IncludeInWASPx VARCHAR(10) 70 AS

BEGIN

	BEGIN /*			
5]" ************************************			
	Name: usp_PSPriceAll			
	Description:			
10	Loop thruough all packages (deals) involved within a given month (purchase or sale) and invoke the price procedures.			
	Inputs:			
15	GasMonthx (Gas Month to price), DebitCreditx (0=Debit (Purchases) - 1=Credit (Sales)), WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations PKGx (0=all otherwise specific package ID) EntityCIDx (owning company entity id) IncludeInWASPx (" for all, otherwise check for 'Common', 'Dedicated', or 'None')			
20	History:			
25	05/13/99 JAMIE This entire process was rewritten with V2.10 of the Gas Control System. Package driven now instead of individual inventory item driven.			
23	07/22/99 JAMIE Include 3rd party deals within the calcualtion process. They WILL NOT BE included within the WASP calculations and will be treated the same as "Dedicated" (sanctioned sales) deals. This will ensure they are not affecting any other pricing component.			
30	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the changes to calculate based on company entity ID (passed to this calculation). This ensures that WASP calculations/etc are all within their respective companies The deal cursor (PackageCursor) will now only select those items where the entity ID for the contract on the deal			
35	matches the one passed to this routine.			
40	07/26/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the IncludeInWaspx parameter to this particular procedure. This will allow certain types of deals to be priced independently of other types (ie do 3rd party first in order to divie the proceeds either to a pool OR to another deal).			
45	*/ /* *Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.			
50	*/ DECLARE @zTypeText VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(255)			
55	DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER DECLARE @yIncludeInWasp VARCHAR(10)			
	DECLARE PackageCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT DISTINCT			
60	Gaslnv.PKG FROM Gaslnv, Package,			
65	K WHERE Package.PKG=GasInv.PKG AND K.KID=Package.KID AND K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND			
70	GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.DBCR=@DebitCreditx AND GasInv.PriceType=1			

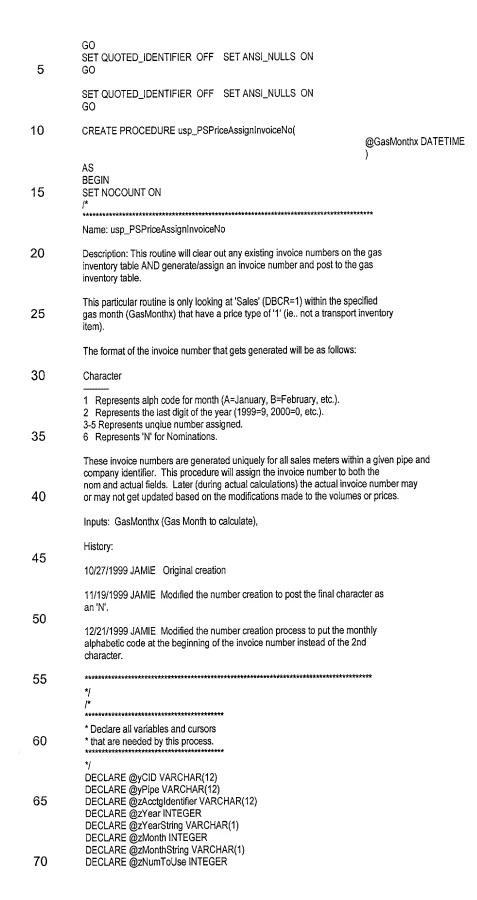
ORDER BY GasInv.PKG * Initialize any fields required. 5 IF @DebitCreditx=0 BEGIN 10 SELECT @zTypeText='Purchase' END IF @DebitCreditx=1 **BEGIN** SELECT @zTypeText='Sale' 15 END * Loop through each package * involved in this calculation. As each * deal is fetched get its WASP indicator * information in order to determine if 20 * it can be involved in this process. 25 OPEN PackageCursor FETCH NEXT FROM PackageCursor INTO @yPKG WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN BEGIN TRANSACTION EXECUTE usp_fGetWASPIndicator @yPKG,@yIncludeInWasp OUTPUT IF (@PKGx=0) OR ((@PKGx<>0) AND (@PKGx=@yPKG)) 30 BEGIN IF (@IncludeInWaspx=") OR (@IncludeInWaspx=@yIncludeInWasp) BEGIN SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceAll Running for Entity 35 '+@EntityCIDx+' and type '+@zTypeText+', Package:'+' '+CONVERT(VARCHAR(10),@yPKG)+'....' EXECUTE usp_message @zMessage 40 * Reset the financial override dollar * amount to zeros at the beginning of the * calculate for the deal... ************ 45 IF @WhichPricex=0 **BEGIN UPDATE** 50 package SET FinancialNomAmount=0 WHERE PKG=@yPKG 55 END IF @WhichPricex=1 BEGIN **UPDATE** package 60 SET FinancialActAmount=0 WHERE 65 PKG=@yPKG **END** , ************** * Create any system generated pricing 70 * components for this package... These

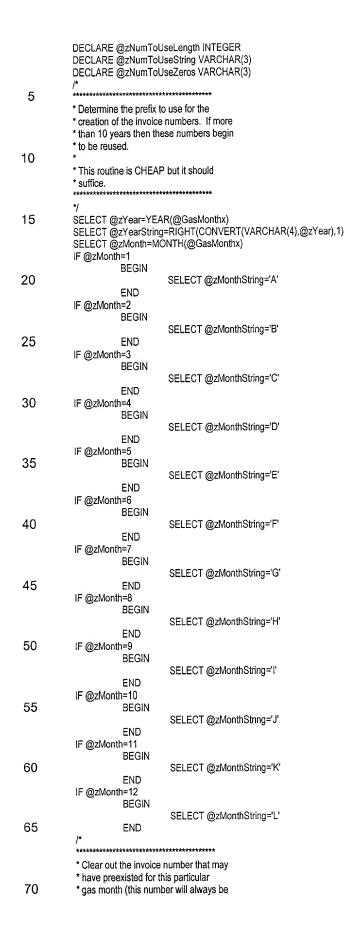
5		* pricing components are tightly related * to the Engine_Master. This is needed * to be done prior to populating the * Engine with pricing information. ************************************
10	@yPKG,@WhichPricex,@GasMonthx,@DebitCreditx	/* ***********************************
15		* based on information stored in the * Engine_Master. Included is the daily * index price 'proliferation' routine. ***********************************
20	@yPKG,@WhichPricex,@GasMonthx,@DebitCreditx	*/ EXECUTE usp_PSPricePopulateEngine /* **********************************
25		* Finally, now go and price the actual * engine entries that were created in the * previous step */
30	@yPKG,@WhichPricex,@GasMonthx,@DebitCreditx END END COMMIT WORK	EXECUTE usp_PSPrice
35	FETCH NEXT FROM PackageCursor INTO (END CLOSE PackageCursor DEALLOCATE PackageCursor END	@yPKG
40		
45	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO	
50	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAnyNewInvoicesNeeded(
55	AS	@GasMonthx DATETIME, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12))
60	BEGIN /* **********************************	********
65	Description: This routine gets executed once a gas month has been put in an 'Invoiced' status. It will automatically go out and assign and involumber where one previously did not exist (could use the same invoinumber as an existing).	oice ce
70	Inputs:	

```
GasMonthx - Gas month being calculated
           EntityCIDx - owning company
           History:
 5
           12/15/1999 JAMIE Original creation
           12/21/1999 JAMIE Modify to put the monthly aphabetic code as the first
           field of the invoice number to eliminate OGSYS clipping of a leading zero.
10
           05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to only create the invoices within the given owning
           company. The invoice numbers will need to be unique within the entire system.
           15
               ***********
           * Declare all variables and cursors
           20
           DECLARE @yTID INTEGER
DECLARE @yCID VARCHAR(12)
           DECLARE @yPipe VARCHAR(12)
           DECLARE @zAcctgldentifier VARCHAR(12)
25
           DECLARE @zYear INTEGER
           DECLARE @zYearString VARCHAR(1)
           DECLARE @zMonth INTEGER
DECLARE @zMonthString VARCHAR(1)
DECLARE @zNumToUse INTEGER
30
           DECLARE @zNumToUseLength INTEGER
           DECLARE @zNumToUseString VARCHAR(3)
           DECLARE @zNumToUseZeros VARCHAR(3)
           DECLARE @zMaxAcctgIdentifier VARCHAR(12)
35
           DECLARE @zWorkString VARCHAR(12)
           DECLARE GasinyCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                      SELECT
                                GasInv.TID,
40
                                Gaslnv.CID,
                                Gaslnv.PipeField
                                FROM
                                           Gaslnv.
                                           Package,
45
                                WHERE
                                           GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                           GasInv.PriceType=1 AND
                                           Gasinv.DBCR=1 AND
                                           (Acctgldentifier IS NULL OR Acctgldentifier=") AND
50
                                           Package.PKG=GasInv.PKG AND
                                           K.KID=Package.KID AND
                                           K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx
                                ORDER BY
55
                                           GasInv.CID.
                                           GasInv.PipeField
            ,
***********************
           * Determine the prefix to use for the
60
            * creation of the invoice numbers. If more
            * than 10 years then these numbers begin
           * to be reused.
            * This routine is CHEAP but it should
65
            * suffice.
            **************
            SELECT @zYear=YEAR(@GasMonthx)
SELECT @zYearString=RIGHT(CONVERT(VARCHAR(4),@zYear),1)
70
            SELECT @zMonth=MONTH(@GasMonthx)
```

```
IF @zMonth=1
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @zMonthString='A'
                     END
 5
           IF @zMonth=2
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @zMonthString='B'
                     END
           IF @zMonth=3
10
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @zMonthString='C'
                     END
           IF @zMonth=4
                     BEGIN
15
                               SELECT @zMonthString='D'
                     END
           IF @zMonth=5
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @zMonthString='E'
20
                     END
           IF @zMonth=6
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @zMonthString='F'
                     END
25
           F @zMonth=7
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @zMonthString='G'
                     END
           IF @zMonth=8
30
                     BEGIN
                                SELECT @zMonthString='H'
                     END
           IF @zMonth=9
                     BEGIN
35
                                SELECT @zMonthString='l'
                     END
           IF @zMonth=10
                     BEGIN
                                SELECT @zMonthString='J'
40
                     END
           IF @zMonth=11
                     BEGIN
                                SELECT @zMonthString='K'
                     END
45
           IF @zMonth=12
                      BEGIN
                                SELECT @zMonthString='L'
                      END
50
           * Find the starting point to begin
           * assigning new invoices from just
           * in case some numbers need to be
            * assigned.
55
           SELECT @zNumToUse=0
           SELECT @zMaxAcctgIdentifier=(SELECT max(AcctgIdentifier) FROM Gasinv WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND DBCR=1 AND
           PriceType=1)
60
           IF LEN(@zMaxAcctgldentifier) = 6
                      BEGIN
                                SELECT @zWorkString=RIGHT(@zMaxAcctgIdentifier,4)
                                SELECT @zWorkString=LEFT(@zWorkString,3)
                                SELECT @zNumToUse=CONVERT(INTEGER,@zWorkString)
65
                      END
            * Now go get the records that do not
            * yet have a invoice number assigned
 70
            * to them (ie. execute the cursor).
```

```
***********
          OPEN GasInvCursor
          FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yTID,@yCID,@yPipe
          WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
 5
                    BEGIN
                                 _____
                              * Now go and find one, if one exists.
10
                              SELECT @zAcctgldentifier=(SELECT DISTINCT(Acctgldentifier) FROM GasInv WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                                                     DBCR=1 AND PriceType=1 AND CID=@yCID AND PipeField=@yPipe
          AND Acctgldentifier IS NOT NULL AND Acctgldentifier<>")
15
                              IF @zAcctgldentifier IS NULL
                                       BEGIN
                                                  * For each of these combinations generate
20
                                                  * and invoice number and update the GasInv
                                                  * table... Make sure that the number
                                                  * to use is padded with zeros in order
                                                  * to create a complete invoice number.
                                                  * REALLY CHEAP ZERO PADDING.
25
                                                  SELECT @zNumToUse=@zNumToUse+1
                                                  SELECT @zNumToUseString=CONVERT(VARCHAR(3),@zNumToUse)
                                                  SELECT @zNumToUseLength=LEN(@zNumToUseString)
30
                                                  SELECT @zNumToUseZeros="
                                                  IF @zNumToUseLength < 3
                                                            BEGIN
                                                           IF @zNumToUseLength=2
                                                                               BEGIN
35
                                                                               SELECT @zNumToUseZeros='0'
                                                                               END
                                                            IF @zNumToUseLength=1
                                                                               BEGIN
                                                                               SELECT @zNumToUseZeros='00'
40
                                                                               END
                                                            END:
                                                  SELECT
           @zAcctgIdentifier=@zMonthString+@zYearString+@zNumToUseZeros+@zNumToUseString+'N'
45
                                                  * Finally, post the invoice number that
                                                  * was just created to the gas inventory
                                                  * table.
50
                                                  UPDATE
                                                            Gaslnv
                                                            SET
                                                                      Acctgldentifier=@zAcctgldentifier
 55
                                                            WHERE
                                                                      GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                                                      DBCR=1 AND
                                                                      PriceType=1 AND
                                                                      CID=@yCID AND
 60
                                                                      PipeField=@yPipe AND
                                                                      TID=@yTID
                               FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yTID,@yCID,@yPipe
 65
                     END
           CLOSE GasInvCursor
           DEALLOCATE GasInvCursor
           END
 70
```





```
* empty UNLESS the gas month is opened
                           * and closed more than once).
   5
                           BEGIN TRANSACTION
                           UPDATE
                                                    Gaslnv
                                                    SET
                                                                             Acctgldentifier=NULL
10
                                                    WHERE
                                                                             GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                                                             DBCR=1 AND
                                                                             PriceType=1 AND
                                                                             (Acctgldentifier IS NOT NULL OR Acctgldentifier<>")
15
                           COMMIT WORK
                                     **********
                            * Now build a cursor that contains all of
                            * the unique combinations of company and
                            * pipeline (ordered by company and pipeline).
20
                            SELECT @zNumToUse=0
                            DECLARE GasInvCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
 25
                                                    SELECT
                                                                              DISTINCT
                                                                              (GasInv.CID),
                                                                              (GasInv.PipeField)
                                                                             FROM
 30
                                                                                                       Gasinv
                                                                              WHERE
                                                                                                       GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                                                                                       GasInv.PriceType=1 AND
                                                                                                       Gasinv.DBCR=1
 35
                                                                              ORDER BY
                                                                                                       GasInv.CID,
                                                                                                       GasInv.PipeField
                            OPEN GasinvCursor
                            FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yCID,@yPipe
                            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
 40
                                                     BEGIN
                                                                              BEGIN TRANSACTION
 45
                                                                              * For each of these combinations generate
                                                                               * and invoice number and update the GasInv
                                                                               * table... Make sure that the number
                                                                               * to use is padded with zeros in order
                                                                              * to create a complete invoice number.
* REALLY CHEAP ZERO PADDING.
  50
                                                                              SELECT @zNumToUse=@zNumToUse+1
SELECT @zNumToUseString=CONVERT(VARCHAR(3),@zNumToUse)
                                                                               SELECT @zNumToUseLength=LEN(@zNumToUseString)
  55
                                                                               SELECT @zNumToUseZeros="
                                                                               IF @zNumToUseLength < 3
                                                                                                        BEGIN
                                                                                                                                IF @zNumToUseLength=2
  60
                                                                                                                                                         BEGIN
                                                                                                                                                                                  SELECT @zNumToUseZeros='0'
                                                                                                                                                         END
                                                                                                                                IF @zNumToUseLength=1
                                                                                                                                                          BEGIN
  65
                                                                                                                                                                                  SELECT @zNumToUseZeros='00'
                                                                                                                                                          END
                                                                               SELECT @z Acctgldent if fier= @z Month String + @z Year String + @z Num To Use Zeros + @z Num To Use String + Num To Use String + Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use String + Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Application of the Num To Use Zeros + (Ap
                                                                                ,
****************
  70
```

	* Finally, post the invoice number that * was just created to the gas inventory * table.				
5	**************************************				
	Gasinv SET				
10	Acctgldentifier=@zAcctgldentifier WHERE				
15	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND DBCR=1 AND PriceType=1 AND CID=@yCID AND PipeField=@yPipe				
	COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yCID,@yPipe				
20	END CLOSE GasInvCursor DEALLOCATE GasInvCursor END				
25					
30	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO				
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO				
35	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAuto AS BEGIN **				
40	Name: usp_PSPriceAuto				
	Description:				
45	This procedure will be scheduled at automatically calculate the gas months in their respective stages. Noms get calculated for gas months in the 'Sales' stage. Pipeline actuals get calculated for gas months in the 'Invoiced' stage. All other gas months are ignored by this process.				
50	Inputs:				
30	None				
	History:				
55	07/29/1999 JAMIE Original Creation.				
	10/20/1999 JAMIE Modified to invoke the PSPriceCostAll routine which will calculate other costs for deals and post them to the engine table.				
60	03/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to invoke the single month calculation routine. This will ensure easier (non duplicated) maintenance on procedures to update price calculations.				
65	*/ /* /* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.				
70	**************************************				

	/*

5	* First, calculate all of the nom * numbers (each gas month). ************************************
	*/ DECLARE GasMonthCursor1 CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
10	SELECT GasMonth
10	FROM
	rGasMonth WHERE
	CurrentStatus='Sales' AND
15	(LockedUser IS NULL OR LockedUser=") ORDER BY
	GasMonth
20	OPEN GasMonthCursor1 FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor1 INTO @yGasMonth WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAutoMonth @yGasMonth,0 FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor1 INTO @yGasMonth
25	END CLOSE GasMonthCursor1
	DEALLOCATE GasMonthCursor1 /*

30	* Now calculate based on the pipeline * actuals each month.
00	**************************
	*/ DECLARE GasMonthCursor2 CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
35	GasMonth
	FROM rGasMonth
	WHERE CurrentStatus='Invoiced' AND
40	(LockedUser IS NULL OR LockedUser=")
	ORDER BY GasMonth
45	OPEN GasMonthCursor2 FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor2 INTO @yGasMonth WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAutoMonth @yGasMonth,1 FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor2 INTO @yGasMonth
	END
50	CLOSE GasMonthCursor2 DEALLOCATE GasMonthCursor2 END
55	
	GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
60	GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAutoMonth(
65	@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichVolumex INTEGEF
	AS
70	BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON

	/* ***********************************		
	Name: usp_PSPriceAutoMonth		
5	Description:		
10	This procedure will be execute all of the price calculation procedures required for a given month INCLUDING locking the month from other executions This particualr procedure will be executed asynchronously by the system through the online screens.		
	Inputs:		
15	GasMonthx (Gas month to calculate) WhichVolumex (Price noms=0, Price actuals=1)		
	History:		
20	08/31/1999 JAMIE Original Creation.		
25	12/15/1999 JAMIE Modified to execute a new stored procedure once the gas month has been changed to the 'Accounting' status. This new procedure will mark and 'zap' the invoice numbers (amongst other things) on those gas inventory items were some sort of a price or volume adjustment was made.		
00	03/22/2000 JAMIE Modified this process to handle all of the calculations for gas months, etc. Moved the 'Divie' process to this routine (was buried within the transport cost module).		
30	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to enable an outer cursor on company entity (CID). This will allow for the partitioning of the calculations based on company ID (so we don't mix WASP Pool results/etc.).		
35	07/26/2000 JAMIE Modified to incorporate the changes to process calculations for certain types of deals prior to others (ie. 3rd party first so that profits can be distributed. This change included passing a new parameter to the PSPriceAll function (on which pool (" for all)		
40	08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified to remove logic that invoked the older calculation routines.		
	02/01/2001 JAMIE Modified to remove the transport section (commented out).		
45	*/ DECLARE @yCIDEntity VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yGasMonth DATETIME DECLARE @yCurrentStatus VARCHAR(20)		
50	DECLARE EntityCIDCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT CID		
55	FROM company WHERE EntityIndicator='Y'		
	ORDER BY CID		
60	/* ***********************************		
	* Execute a cursor to calculate based on * entity.		
65	*/ OPEN EntityCIDCursor FETCH NEXT FROM EntityCIDCursor INTO @yCIDEntity WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN		
70	DEGIN /*		

	**************	*****	*	
5	* Now only calculate if the state of the sta	ed with a ort (month		
10	* If the status was modif * current status in 'Invoic * go and build all of the	ced' then		
10	* actuals.	*****	*	
	*/			
_	DECLARE GasMonthC			STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
15		GasMonth,		
		CurrentSta FROM	itus	
		LKOW	rGasMonth	1
		WHERE	TOddivional	1
20		******		=@GasMonthx AND er IS NULL OR LockedUser=")
	OPEN GasMonthCurso	r	(,
25	FETCH NEXT FROM G WHILE @@FETCH_ST BEGIN		rsor INTO @	gyGasMonth,@yCurrentStatus
20	DEGIN	/ *		
		********	******	********
			hat the gas r	
20				ne else tryes to
30			at the same	TIME.
		*/		
		ÚPDATE		
			rGasMonth	า
35			SET	
				LockedUser='PSPriceAutoM',
			WHERE	LockedDate=getdate()
			**********	GasMonth=@GasMonthx
40		/*		-
				H. a. L. a. d. a. L.
				ll sales deals
		*/		
45		EXECUTE	usp_PSPric	ceAll @GasMonthx,1,@WhichVolumex,0,@yCIDEntity,"
		/*		******
				ts' associated to
			deals (requir	
50			, ,	er cost amounts
			pools/etc	*******
		*/	*******	0000000000000
			uso PSPrio	ceCostAll @GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yClDEntity,1,"
55		/*		

				orary WASPRouting
				oducts, services e calculations will
60		* not 'walk	back' from s	sale to purchase
				uting month)
		*****	*******	**********
		*/		WWW.DOL. OOM. II. OWILLIAM
65		EXECUTE	usp_PSPric	ceWASPCalc @GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yCIDEntity
UJ		/ *******	*******	********
		* If new rou	uting method	d then resolve based
		* on entity	and Includel	InWasp pool. This
70		* is done th	his way in or	der to potentially
70		* distribute	proceeds from	om 3rd party

70

		* or to another deal
		* * 1. Resolve and price 'None' pool.
5		* 2. Divie out any proceeds.
		* 3. Resolve and price 'Dedicated' pool.
		* 4. Resolve and price 'Common' pool.
		*
10		EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver
	@GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yClDEntity,'N	ione' EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAll @GasMonthx,0,@WhichVolumex,0,@yClDEntity,'None'
		EXECUTE usp_PSPriceCostAll @GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yClDEntity,0,'None'
		EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN
15	@GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yClDEntity	EVECUTE upp DSDrigo)WASDCalaDagakaDrigas
	@GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yCIDEntity,'D	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver ledicated'
	@ -	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAll @GasMonthx,0,@WhichVolumex,0,@yClDEntity,'Dedicated'
20		EXECUTE usp_PSPriceCostAll @GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yCIDEntity,0,'Dedicated
20	@GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yClDEntity,'C	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver
	@Casivionalx,@WilliamVolumex,@yCiDEmacy, C	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAll @GasMonthx,0,@WhichVolumex,0,@yCIDEntity,'Common'
		EXECUTE usp_PSPriceCostAll @GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,@yCIDEntity,0,'Common'
05		/*
25		* Calculate Transport contract gas inventory
		* items (create them along with any
		* transport deals).
20		EVECUTE use DOD-is-T-second All GO-ships the Glablish Values of GuciDE-vite.
30		EXECUTE usp_PSPriceTransportAll @GasMonthx,@WhichVolumex,0,@yClDEntity */
		<i>j</i> *

35		* Indicate that the gas month is finished * and commit the updates.
00		*****************************
		*/
		UPDATE rGasMonth
40		SET
		LockedUser="
		WHERE
		GasMonth=@GasMonthx /*
45		************
		* Check to make sure that any items that
		* require an invoice number gets created. * This is only applicable when the gas month
		* is in an 'Invoiced' state already. This
50		* picks up any new deals/meters created
		* after the gas month promoted to 'Invoiced'.
		*
		IF (@yCurrentStatus='Invoiced')
55		BEGIN
		EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAnyNewInvoicesNeeded @yGasMonth,@yClDEntity END
		FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor INTO @yGasMonth,@yCurrentStatus
00	END	
60	CLOSE GasMonthCurs DEALLOCATE GasMo.	
		Introduction EntityCIDCursor INTO @yCIDEntity
	END	
65	CLOSE EntityClDCursor DEALLOCATE EntityClDCursor	
00	END	

```
5
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
10
            CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceComponentsCheck(
                                                                             @PIDx INTEGER,
                                                                             @WhichPricex INTEGER,
                                                                             @GasMonthx DATETIME,
15
                                                                             @DBCRx INTEGER
            AS
            BEGIN
20
            Name: usp_PSPriceComponentsCheck
            Description:
25
            Create any system generated pricing components automatically. Any existing
            system generated pricing components are deleted. Then they are recreated
            within this particular process. This procedure should be invoked for all
            packages that were created within a given gas month. Current System
            Generated Items include price components tagged as 'NETBACK PERCENTAGE' or
30
            'WASP'.
            Inputs:
            PIDx - Package Identifier
35
            WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals
            GasMonthx - Gas Month for Price Calculations
            DBCRx - 0=Purchase, 1=Sales
            History:
40
            05/12/1999 JAMIE Original Creation.
            07/28/2000 JAMIE Modify this process so that OIL, GAS or LIQUIDS is used when
            obtaining the netback percentage. This is based on the product ID for the deal.
45
            08/17/2000 JAMIE Modify the process to eliminate any pricing entries on WASP/EQUITY deals ('Common' pool). This will ensure that the only pricing
            entries on the wasp deals are those that are system generated.
50
            ************************
            */
            * Declare all variables and cursors
55
            * that are needed by this process.
            DECLARE @zProductiD INTEGER
            DECLARE @zProductNetbackType VARCHAR(12)
60
            DECLARE @yWaspIndicator VARCHAR(10)
            DECLARE @yEngineMasterRecords INTEGER
            DECLARE @yEngineMasterETID_Key INTEGER
            DECLARE @yEngineMasterPriceSequence INTEGER
            DECLARE @yNetBackPercentage DECIMAL(19,8)
65
            DECLARE ETIDCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                       SELECT
                                  DISTINCT
                                 ETID
70
                       FROM
```

```
Engine_Master
                      WHERE
                                 PID=@PIDx
  5
            * Get the WASP indicator for this
             particular deal via a function call.
              This is based on how the deal is
             classified.
            ************
10
            EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspIndicator @PIDx,@yWaspIndicator OUTPUT
15
            * All deals should have system generated
            * price entries removed here...
            * In addition, 'Common' wasp pool deals
            * will have all non system generated
20
            * price entries removed. Only purchase
            * deals are impacted by system generated
            * entries.
25
            OPEN ETIDCursor
            FETCH NEXT FROM ETIDCursor INTO @yEngineMasterETID_Key
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
                                 IF @yWaspIndicator='Common'
30
                                           BEGIN
                                                     IF @DBCRx=0
                                                                BEGIN
                                                                           DELETE
                                                                                     FROM
35
                                                                                                Engine_MasterPrice
                                                                                     WHERE
                      (Engine_MasterPrice.ETID=@yEngineMasterETID_Key) AND
40
                      (Engine_MasterPrice.NomOrActual=@WhichPricex)
                                                                EŃD
                                           END
                                ELSE
                                           BEGIN
45
                                                     DELETE
                                                                FROM
                                                                           Engine_MasterPrice
                                                                WHERE
                                                                           (Engine_MasterPrice.ETID=@yEngineMasterETID_Key) AND
50
                                                                           (Engine_MasterPrice.NomOrActual=@WhichPricex) AND
                                                                           (Engine_MasterPrice.PriceTag=ANY(SELECT PriceTag FROM
            PriceComponents WHERE SystemGenerated='Y'))
                                           END
                                FETCH NEXT FROM ETIDCursor INTO @yEngineMasterETID_Key
55
            CLOSE ETIDCursor
           DEALLOCATE ETIDCursor
            ,
*******<del>**********</del>
60
            * Now generate (insert) the price
            * components that are required. These
           * system generated price components are
            * recognized by the PriceTag name. There
            * should be a section within this procedure
65
            * specifically for any system generated
           * pricing components.
           */
70
            **************
```

	* "WASP" and "NETBACK PERCENTAGE"
	*These two components go hand-in-hand.
5	* 1. Only system generate these if it is * a purchase task and the deal is considered * 'Wasp'able. ************************************
10	*/ IF ((@yWaspIndicator='Common') OR (@yWaspIndicator='Dedicated')) AND (@DBCRx=0)
	BEGIN /*
	*Determine the correct product type in order
15	* to get the correct contract netback * tier information.
	*1
20	EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspType @PIDx,@zProductNetbackType OUTPUT /* **********************************
	* Now go and find an Engine_Master record * to attach these components too. If one
25	* is not found, then insert one. An * attempt to preserve the existing record
	* will ensure that nominations and pipe * line actuals will utilize the same * Engine_Master entity.
30	*****************************
30	*/ SELECT @yEngineMasterRecords = ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM engine_master WHERE PID=@PIDx AND
	Effective=@GasMonthx AND STID=8 AND VolLevel=0),0)
35	IF @yEngineMasterRecords=0 BEGIN
	INSERT INTO
	Engine_Master
40	(PID,Effective,STID,VolLevel,VolGroup,VarFixed,MMBtuMCF,TierThreshold) VALUES
	(@PIDx,@GasMonthx,8,0,@PIDx,1,1,1)
45	END SELECT @yEngineMasterETID_Key = ISNULL((SELECT MIN(ETID) FROM Engine_Master WHERE PID=@PIDx AND
40	Effective=@GasMonthx AND STID=8 AND VolLevel=0),0)
	* *************************
50	* At this point we now either have a valid * ETID (key) to the Engine_Master or 0.
	* There should be only a single record on * the Engine_Master for these types of
	* packages.
55	* Now insert the 'WASP' price component.
	*/ IF @yEngineMasterETID_Key > 0
60	BEGIN SELECT @yEngineMasterPriceSequence = ISNULL((SELECT MAX(SequenceNo) FROM
00	Engine_MasterPrice
	ETID=@yEngineMasterETID_Key AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex),0)
65	SELECT @yEngineMasterPriceSequence = @yEngineMasterPriceSequence+1 INSERT
	INTO Engine_MasterPrice
~~	(ETID,PriceTag,OperandVariable,PriceVariable,CreateUser,CreateDate,LastUpdateUser,
70	Last IndatoData CoguencaNo NamOrActual)

VALUES

(@yEngineMasterETID_Key,'WASP','+','WASP',UPPER(user_name()),

```
getdate(), UPPER(user\_name()), getdate(), @yEngineMasterPriceSequence, @WhichPricex)
 5
                                           END
                                 * Now invoke the 'NETBACK PERCENTAGE'
                                 * calculation routine and then insert this
10
                                 * particular price component. Remember to
                                 * put the netback percentage into its
                                  'string' representation.
                                IF @yEngineMasterETID_Key > 0
15
                                           BEGIN
                                                      EXECUTE usp_fGetNetbackPercentage
           @PIDx,@GasMonthx,@zProductNetbackType,@WhichPricex,@yNetBackPercentage OUTPUT IF @yNetBackPercentage IS NULL
20
                                                                BEGIN
                                                                           SELECT @yNetBackPercentage = 0
                                                                END
                                                      SELECT @yEngineMasterPriceSequence = @yEngineMasterPriceSequence+1
                                                      INSERT
25
                                                                 INTO
                                                                           Engine_MasterPrice
                                                                           (ETID, PriceTag, Operand Variable, PriceVariable, CreateUser,
                      CreateDate,LastUpdateUser,LastUpdateDate,SequenceNo,NomOrActual)
30
                                                                 VALUES
                                                                           (@yEngineMasterETID_Key,'NETBACK
           PERCENTAGE', '*', LTRIM(STR(@yNetBackPercentage, 8, 4)),
                      UPPER(CURRENT_USER),getdate(),UPPER(CURRENT_USER),getdate(),@yEngineMasterPriceSequence,@WhichPricex)
35
                      END
           END
40
45
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
50
           CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceCost(
                                                      @GasMonthx DATETIME,
                                                      @WhichPricex INTEGER,
                                                      @PKGx INTEGER,
55
                                                      @STIDx INTEGER,
                                                      @PCIDx INTEGER,
                                                      @TIDx INTEGER,
                                                      @CostLevelx VARCHAR(12),
@CostBasisx VARCHAR(40),
60
                                                      @CostRateOrAmountx DECIMAL(19,6),
                                                       @TotalVolumex DECIMAL(19,2),
                                                       @MeterVolumex DECIMAL(19,2)
65
            AS
            BEGIN
            Name: usp_PSPriceCost
70
```

Description: This particular procedure will perform the actual calculations and post updates to the engine table (for other costs associated with deals). This is done for each meter within a deal for an other cost item.

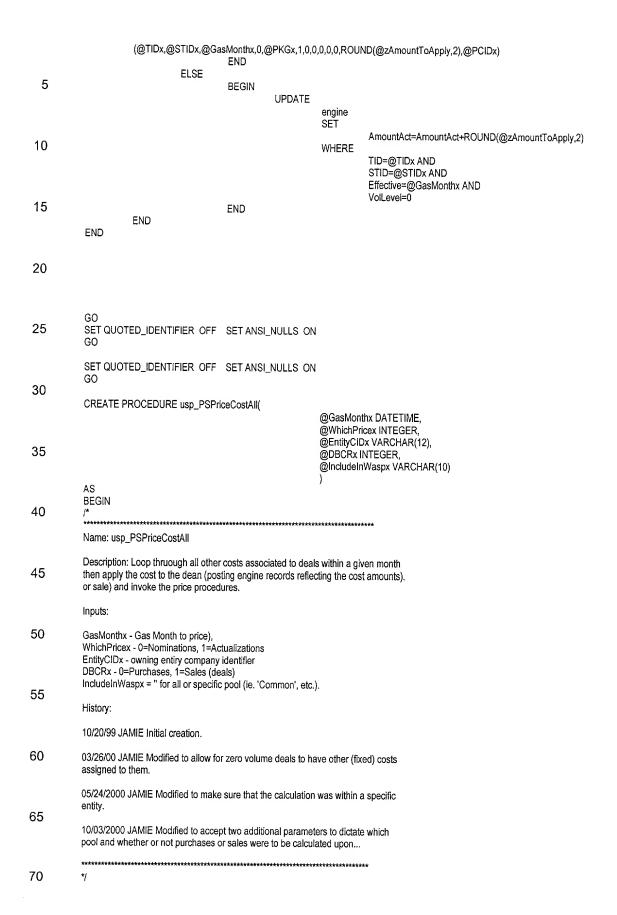
5	Inputs:
10	GasMonthx (Gas Month to cost) WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations) PKGx (deal id) STIDx (engine transaction id) PCIDx (deal other cost unique id (see PackageCosts table) TIDx (gas inventory identifier) CostLevelx (Level that cost is appropriated towards)
15	CostBasisx (rules governing calculation of the cost) CostRateOrAmountx (rate or amount involved in cost) TotalVolumex (total volume for deal) MeterVolumex (total volume for meter within deal).
20	History:
20	10/20/99 JAMIE Initial creation.
25	03/26/00 JAMIE Modified to allow for zero volume deals to have other (fixed) costs assigned to them.
20	10/03/20 JAMIE Modified to correct problem associated with 'METER' calculations using entire deal volume.
30	12/01/2000 JAMIE Modified to apply the netback percentage to the other cost when it is calculated. This percentage is only applicable to purchase deals that are in the 'Common' or 'Dedicated' pools.
35	12/10/2000 JAMIE Modified to check for the apply netback flag on the cost record in order to determine if the netback percentage should be applied to the cost.

40	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.
45	*
45	DECLARE @zNetbackPercent DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @zProductNetbackType VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yWaspIndicator VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @zDBCR INTEGER DECLARE @zApplyNetback VARCHAR(1)
50	
	DECLARE @zPercentToApply DECIMAL(19,4) DECLARE @zAmountToApply DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zTotalSaleOrPurchValue DECIMAL(19,2)
55	DECLARE @zTotalMeters INTEGER
	/* ***********************************
	* Initialize any fields required.
60	*/
	SELECT @zNetbackPercent=0 SELECT @zAmountToApply=0 SELECT @zPercentToApply=1 SELECT @zTotalSaleOrPurchValue=0
65	/* ***********************************
	* Get the WASP indicator for this * particular deal via a function call. * This is based on how the deal is
70	* classified.

```
***********
           EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspIndicator @PKGx,@yWaspIndicator OUTPUT
           SELECT @zDBCR=ISNULL((SELECT packagedbcr FROM package WHERE pkg=@PKGx),0)
  5
           SELECT @zApplyNetback=ISNULL((SELECT applynetback from packagecosts WHERE pcid=@PCIDx),'Y')
           * Determine the correct product type in order
           * to get the correct contract netback
           * tier information.
10
           IF @zDBCR=0
                      BEGIN
15
                                IF (@yWaspIndicator='Common') OR (@yWaspIndicator='Dedicated')
                                          BEGIN
                                                    EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspType @PKGx,@zProductNetbackType OUTPUT
                                                    EXECUTE usp_fGetNetbackPercentage
           @PKGx,@GasMonthx,@zProductNetbackType,@WhichPricex,@zNetbackPercent OUTPUT
20
                                          END
                     END
                         ........
           * Determine the percentage of whatever the
25
           * cost will calculate to here.
           * involved with this calculation. If it
           * is a deal level fixed cost then show
           * zeros IF there is no volume.
30
           IF (@MeterVolumex<>0) AND (@TotalVolumex<>0)
                     BEGIN
                                IF @CostLevelx='DEAL'
                                          BEGIN
35
           @zPercentToApply=CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@MeterVolumex)/CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@TotalVolumex)
                                          END
                     END
           IF (@MeterVolumex = 0) AND (@CostLevelx='DEAL')
40
                     BEGIN
                                SELECT @zPercentToApply=0
                     END
               *********
45
           * If the cost is a FIXED AMOUNT and there
           * is no volume for the deal then determine
           * the amount to apply based on the number
           * of meters involved in the deal. If 1
           * meter only then 100% of cost assessed to
50
           * that meter. If 2 meters then 50% assessed
           * to each one, etc.,
           IF (@MeterVolumex=0) AND (@TotalVolumex=0)
55
                     BEGIN
                               IF @CostBasisx='Fixed Amount'
                                          BEGIN
                                                    SELECT @zTotalMeters=ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM GasInv WHERE PKG=@PKGx
           AND GasMonth=@GasMonthx),0)
60
                                                    IF @zTotalMeters <> 0
                                                               BEGIN
                                                                         SELECT
           @zPercentToApply=(1/CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@zTotalMeters))
                                                                         SELECT
65
           @zAmountToApply=(@CostRateOrAmountx*@zPercentToApply)
                                          END
                     END
70
```

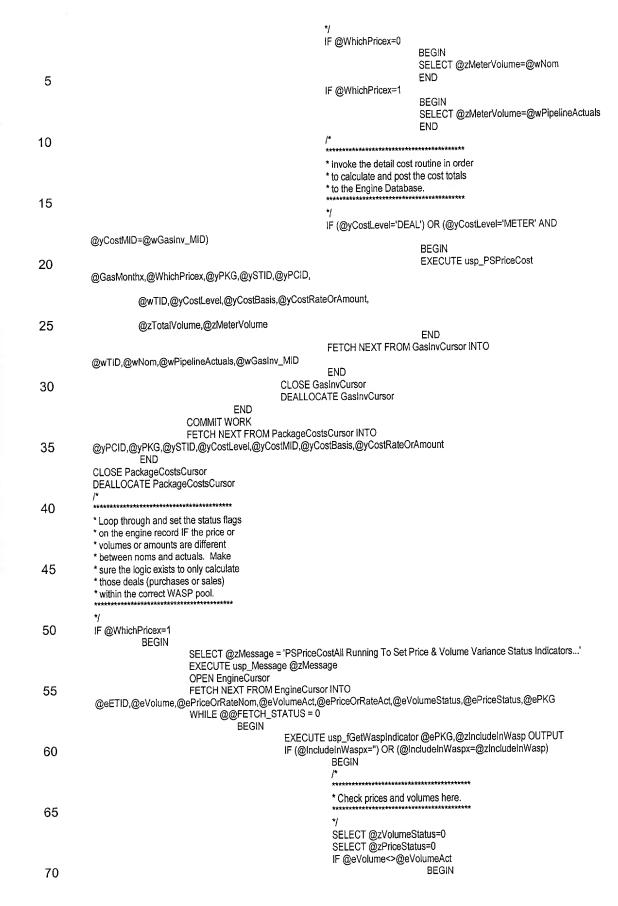
```
* Calculate based on fixed amount
            * here... Since this is a fixed amount
            * then the amount should be calculated
            * proportionately based on the total
  5
            * volume percentage to the deal.
            IF @CostBasisx='Fixed Amount'
                       BEGIN
10
                                  IF (@CostRateOrAmountx<>0) AND (@zPercentToApply<>0)
                                             BEGIN
                                                        SELECT @zAmountToApply=(@CostRateOrAmountx*@zPercentToApply)
                                             END
                       END
15
            * Calculate based on a rate applied
            * against MMBTU's here... Regardless
            * of whether or not this is a 'DEAL'
20
            * level or 'METER' level charge the
            * cost should be based on meter
            * volume.
25
            IF (@MeterVolumex<>0)
                       BEGIN
                                  IF @CostBasisx='Rate Applied to MMBTUs'
                                            BEGIN
                                                       IF (@CostRateOrAmountx<>0)
30
                                                                  BEGIN
                                                                             SELECT
            @zAmountToApply=((CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@MeterVolumex)*@CostRateOrAmountx))
                                            END
35
                       END
            * Calculate based on the total dollar amount
            * previously calculated here... Since
40
            * this particular cost is calculating on
            * just the amount for the associated
             meter (ie.. sum of engine based on
            * TID) then the 'PercentToApply' is
            * not applicable.
45
           IF (@MeterVolumex<>0) AND (@TotalVolumex<>0)
                       BEGIN
                                 IF @CostBasisx='Rate Applied to Value'
50
                                            BEGIN
                                                       IF @WhichPricex=0
                                                                  BEGIN
                                                                             SELECT @zTotalSaleOrPurchValue=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(amount)
           FROM engine WHERE tid=@tidx AND (stid=8 OR stid=9)),0)
55
                                                                  END
                                                       IF @WhichPricex=1
                                                                  BEGIN
                                                                             SELECT @zTotalSaleOrPurchValue=ISNULL((SELECT
           SUM(amountact) FROM engine WHERE tid=@tidx AND (stid=8 OR stid=9)),0)
60
                                                                  END
                                                       if(@CostRateOrAmountx<>0) AND (@zTotalSaleOrPurchValue<>0)
                                                                  BEGIN
           @zAmountToApply=(@zTotalSaleOrPurchValue*@CostRateOrAmountx)
65
                                            END
                       END
                   ***********
70
           * Finally, post the cost amount to the
```

```
* Engine table. If the engine table for
            * this transaction does not yet exist then
            * insert it, otherwise just update it...
  5
            * Make sure that actual calculations and
            * nomination calculations are done within
            * their respective 'buckets'.
10
            * First apply the netback if it
            * is there AND if the apply
            * netback flag has been set
            * on the cost item.
15
            IF @zApplyNetback = 'Y'
                      BEGIN
20
                                 IF @zNetbackPercent<>0
                                            BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @zAmountToApply=ROUND((@zAmountToApply*@zNetbackPercent),2)
                                            END
                      END
25
               **********
            * Apply and post the amount
            * here...
30
            IF @WhichPricex=0
                      BEGIN
                                 IF (SELECT count(*) FROM Engine WHERE TID=@TIDx AND STID=@STIDx AND Effective=@GasMonthx AND
            VolLevel=0)=0
35
                                            BEGIN
                                                      INSERT
                                                                 INTO
                                                                           Engine
40
                      (TID,STID,Effective,VolLevel,VolGroup,MMBTuMCF,Volume,Amount,PriceOrRateNom,PriceOrRateAct,VolumeAct,AmountAct,EM\_E
           TID)
                                                                 VALUES
                      (@TIDx, @STIDx, @GasMonthx, 0, @PKGx, 1, 0, ROUND (@zAmountToApply, 2), 0, 0, 0, 0, @PCIDx)\\
45
                                           END
                                 ELSE
                                           BEGIN
                                                      UPDATE
                                                                engine
50
                                                                SET
                                                                           Amount=Amount+ROUND(@zAmountToApply,2)
                                                                WHERE
                                                                           TID=@TIDx AND
                                                                           STID=@STIDx AND
55
                                                                           Effective=@GasMonthx AND
                                                                           VolLevel=0
                                           END
                      END
           IF @WhichPricex=1
60
                      BEGIN
                                 IF (SELECT count(*) FROM Engine WHERE TID=@TIDx AND STID=@STIDx AND Effective=@GasMonthx AND
           VolLevel=0)=0
                                           BEGIN
                                                      INSERT
65
                                                                INTO
                                                                           Engine
                     (TID,STID,Effective,VolLevel,VolGroup,MMBTuMCF,Volume,Amount,PriceOrRateNom,PriceOrRateAct,VolumeAct,AmountAct,EM\_E
           TID)
70
                                                                VALUES
```



	<i>f</i> *
	* Declare all variables and cursors
	* that are needed by this process.
5	*************************************
10	Ty DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zTotalVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zMeterVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zVolumeStatus INTEGER DECLARE @zPriceStatus INTEGER DECLARE @zIncludeInWasp VARCHAR(10)
	Desire Control of the
15	DECLARE @yPCID INTEGER DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER DECLARE @ySTID INTEGER DECLARE @yCostLevel VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yCostMID INTEGER DECLARE @yCostMID INTEGER DECLARE @yCostMID INTEGER
20	DECLARE @yCostRateOrAmount DECIMAL(19,4)
25	DECLARE @wTID INTEGER DECLARE @wNom DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @wPipelineActuals DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @wGasInv_MID INTEGER
30	DECLARE @eETID INTEGER DECLARE @eVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @ePriceOrRateNom DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @eVolumeAct DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @ePriceOrRateAct DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @evolumestatus INTEGER DECLARE @epricestatus INTEGER
35	DECLARE @ePKG INTEGER
	DECLARE PackageCostsCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
	SELECT PackageCosts.PCID,
	PackageCosts.PKG,
40	PackageCosts.STID, PackageCosts.CostLevel,
	PackageCosts.CostMID,
	PackageCosts.CostBasis, PackageCosts.CostRateOrAmount
45	FROM
	PackageCosts WHERE
50	PackageCosts.PKG=ANY(SELECT PKG FROM Package,k WHERE PackageGasMonth=@GasMonthx AND K.KID=Package.KID AND K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND
50	Package.PackageDBCR=@DBCRx) ORDER BY
	PackageCosts.PKG, PackageCosts.STID
55	DECLARE EngineCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
	engine.etid, engine.volume,
60	engine.priceorratenom, engine.volumeact, engine.priceorrateact, engine.volumestatus, engine.pricestatus,
65	package.pkg
65	FROM engine, gasinv,
	package, k
70	WHERE

```
package.pkg=gasinv.pkg AND
                                 k.kid=package.kid AND
                                 k.entitycid=@entitycidx AND
                                 gasinv.gasmonth=@GasMonthx AND engine.tid=gasinv.tid AND
  5
                                 gasinv.pricetype=1 AND
                                 gasinv.dbcr=@DBCRx
10
            * Loop through each other package cost
            * Loop through each calculation.
* involved with this calculation.
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCostAll Running To Calculate Other Costs for all Deals'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
15
            OPEN PackageCostsCursor
           FETCH NEXT FROM PackageCostsCursor INTO @yPCID,@yPKG,@ySTID,@yCostLevel,@yCostMID,@yCostBasis,@yCostRateOrAmount
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
20
                                 BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                 .
******************
                                 * Sum the appropriate volumes for this
                                 * deal depending on whether nominations are
25
                                 * being calculated OR pipeline actuals are
                                 * begin calculated.
                                 SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCostAll Calculating Costs for Deal...' + CAST(@yPKG AS VARCHAR(10))
                                 EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
30
                                 EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspIndicator @yPKG,@zincludeInWasp OUTPUT
                                 IF (@IncludeInWaspx=") OR (@IncludeInWaspx=@zIncludeInWasp)
                                           BEGIN
                                                      IF @WhichPricex=0
35
                                                                BEGIN
                                                                           SELECT @zTotalVolume=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Nom) FROM
           GasInv WHERE GasInv.PKG=@yPKG AND GasInv.PriceType=1),0)
                                                      IF @WhichPricex=1
40
                                                                BEGIN
                                                                           SELECT @zTotalVolume=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(PipelineActuals)
           FROM GasInv WHERE GasInv.PKG=@yPKG AND GasInv.PriceType=1),0)
                                                                END
45
                                                      * Open a cursor on all meters associated
                                                      * with this deal.
50
                                                      DECLARE GasInvCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                                                                SELECT
                                                                           Gaslnv.TID,
                                                                           Gaslnv.Nom,
                                                                           GasInv.PipelineActuals,
55
                                                                           Gasiny Gasiny MID
                                                                           FROM
                                                                                     Gaslnv
                                                                           WHERE
                                                                                     Gasinv.PKG=@yPKG AND
60
                                                                                     GasInv.PriceType=1
                                                      OPEN GasInvCursor
                                           FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @wTID,@wNom,@wPipelineActuals,@wGasInv_MID
                                                      WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                                                                BEGIN
65
                                                                * Depending on which pricing routine is
                                                                * run, set the appropriate meter volume
                                                                * field.
70
                                                                *************
```



	SELECT @zVolumeStatus=1
	END IF @ePriceOrRateNom<>@ePriceOrRateAct
5	BEGIN SELECT @zPriceStatus=1
5	END
	IF (@zVolumeStatus<>@eVolumeStatus) OR (@zPriceStatus<>@ePriceStatus) BEGIN UPDATE
10	engine SET
	SEI
	volumestatus=@zVolumeStatus,
15	pricestatus=@zPriceStatus WHERE
	ETID=@eETID
	END END
20	FETCH NEXT FROM EngineCursor INTO @eETID,@eVolume,@ePriceOrRateNom,@eVolumeAct,@ePriceOrRateAct,@eVolumeStatus,@ePriceStatus,@ePKG
	END
	CLOSE EngineCursor DEALLOCATE EngineCursor
25	END
	END
30	
	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
35	GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
40	
40	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceCreateActualEntries(@GasMonthx DATETIME
	AS (
45	BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON
40	1/2 1/2000011 014
	Name: usp_PSPriceCreateActualEntries
50	Description: This routine will clear out any existing links and pricing enties
	that may have already been setup for pipeline actuals. It will then copy the nominiation pricing and linking entries for pipeline actuals (within the given
	month). This process should only get invoked with the status of a given month
55	within the gas control system goes from 'Sales' to 'Invoiced' at that point in time the accounting group will be responsible for any further modifications.
	Inputs:
	GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate),
60	History:
	08/04/1999 JAMIE Original creation
65	08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified to remove the PackageLinks delete and build
	logic (replaced by new routing structures).

70	*/ /*

```
***********
           * Declare all variables and cursors
           * that are needed by this process.
 5
           DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254)
           DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER
           DECLARE @yETID INTEGER
           DECLARE @yEM_ETID INTEGER
10
           ,
*******************************
           * Clear out the link and price entry
           * structures for the specified month
           * here... These entries will be
15
           * recreated (from Nom side) in the
           * next step.
           * Database triggers take care of the
           * individual pricing components in
           * the Engine_MasterPrice table.
20
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, removing Engine_MasterPrice...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           DECLARE Engine_MasterDeleteCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
25
                     SĚLEČT
                               DISTINCT
                               (Engine_Master.ETID)
                               FROM
30
                                          Engine_Master,
                                          GasInv.
                                          Engine_MasterPrice
                               WHERE
                                          GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
35
                                          GasInv.PriceType=1 AND
                                          GasInv.PKG=Engine_Master.PID AND
                                          Engine MasterPrice.ETID=Engine_Master.ETID AND
                                          Engine_MasterPrice.NomOrActual=1
           OPEN Engine_MasterDeleteCursor
40
           FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterDeleteCursor INTO @yEM_ETID
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                     BEGIN
                                BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, actual Engine_MasterPrice removed...'
                                EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
45
                                DELETE
                                          FROM
                                                    Engine_MasterPrice
                                          WHERE
50
                                                    ETID=@yEM_ETID AND
                                                    NomOrActual=1
                                COMMIT WORK
                                FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterDeleteCursor INTO @yEM_ETID
                     END
55
           CLOSE Engine_MasterDeleteCursor
           DEALLOCĂTE Engine_MasterDeleteCursor
           * Now bulk populate the engine
60
           * pricing information. Taking nom
            * pricing entries and creating actual
            t pricing entries.
65
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, running GasInv cursor...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           DECLARE GasInvCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                      SELECT
                                DISTINCT
70
                                (GasInv.PKG)
```

	FROM Gasiny
	WHERE GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
5	GasInv.PriceType=1 OPEN GasInvCursor
	FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yPKG WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
10	BEGIN TRANSACTION SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, obtaining price entries for GasInv Package'
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage DECLARE Engine_MasterCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
15	DISTINCT (ETID)
	ÈRÓМ Engine_Master
20	WHERE PID=@yPKG
	OPEN Engine_MasterCursor FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor INTO @yETID WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
25	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, inserting actual prices' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage INSERT
	INTO Engine_MasterPrice
30	(ETID,PriceTag,OperandVariable,PriceVariable,CreateUser,
	CreateDate,LastUpdateUser,LastUpdateDate,SequenceNo,NomOrActual) (SELECT
35	ETID,PriceTag,OperandVariable,PriceVariable,CreateUser,CreateDate,LastUpdateUser,LastUpdateDate, SequenceNo,1 FROM Engine_MasterPrice WHERE ETID=@yETID
35	AND NomOrActual=0) FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor INTO @yETID
	END
40	CLOSE Engine_MasterCursor DEALLOCATE Engine_MasterCursor COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yPKG
	END CLOSE GasInvCursor
45	DEALLOCATE GasInvCursor END
50	
50	
55	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
60	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments(@GasMonthx DATETIME
	AS
65	BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON /* **********************************
	Name: usp_PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments
70	Description: This routine will go through each inventory (and engine records) in order to identify and mark those records that had some sort of

an actualization adjustment (price or volume). The invoice number for sales will get reset to a 'A' (last character) if it currently exists as an 'N'. 5 GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate), History: 10 12/15/1999 JAMIE Original creation , ___________ 15 * Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) 20 DECLARE @yAcctgldentifier VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @zAcctgldentifier VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @zLastChar VARCHAR(1) 25 DECLARE @zlnvoiceLength INTEGER DECLARE @qTID INTEGER ____ 30 * First set the modified by actuals flag * across the board for all gasinventory * items that have a price type of '1' * (this includes 'Other Costs'. 35 * The defaults is set to 'N' then go * and override with changes. SELECT @zMessage = '**** STARTED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments' 40 EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
DECLARE GasInv1Cursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR **SELECT** 45 FROM Gaslnv WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND PriceType = 1 50 OPEN GasInv1Cursor FETCH NEXT FROM GasInv1Cursor INTO @qTID WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN BEGIN TRANSACTION 55 **UPDATE** Gaslnv SET ModifiedByActuals='N' WHERE 60 TID = @qTID COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM GasInv1Cursor INTO @qTID END CLOSE GasInv1Cursor 65 DEALLOCATE Gasinv1Cursor *;* %******************* * At this point all of the gas inventory * items that have had some sort of * modification done on them between 70

```
* noms and actuals will have been * updated to a 'Y'. Now go and reset
            * the accounting identifier for each of
            * these records.
 5
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments, make any modifications'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            DECLARE GasInv2Cursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
10
                       SELECT
                                   DISTINCT
                                   (G.Acctgldentifier)
                                   FROM
                                              Gaslnv AS G,
15
                                              Engine AS E
                                   WHERE
                                              GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                              G.PriceType=1 AND
                                              E.TID=G.TID AND
                                              (E.PriceStatus<>0 OR E.VolumeStatus<>0)
20
            OPEN GasInv2Cursor
            FETCH NEXT FROM GasInv2Cursor INTO @yAcctgldentifier
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                        BEGIN
25
                                   BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                   ,
******************
                                   * Make sure that it is a valid 6 digit
                                    * invoice number AND the sixth digit
30
                                   * contains an 'N' (for noms).
                                   * Update all if this criteria has been
                                    * met.
                                    ****************************
                                   SELECT @zInvoiceLength=LEN(RTRIM(LTRIM(@yAcctgldentifier)))
35
                                   IF @zinvoiceLength=6
                                               BEGIN
                                                          SELECT @zAcctgIdentifier=RTRIM(LTRIM(@yAcctgIdentifier)) SELECT @zLastChar=RiGHT(@zAcctgIdentifier,1)
                                                          IF @zLastChar='N'
40
                                                                      SELECT @zAcctgldentifier=LEFT(@zAcctgldentifier,5)+'A'
                                                                      UPDATE
                                                                                             GasInv
                                                                                            SET
45
                                                                                            ModifiedByActuals='Y',
                                                                                                        Acctgldentifier=@zAcctgldentifier
                                                                                 WHERE
                                                                                                        GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                                                                                        AcctgIdentifier=@yAcctgIdentifier
50
                                                                      END
                                               END
                                    COMMIT WORK
                                    FETCH NEXT FROM GasInv2Cursor INTO @yAcctgldentifier
55
                        END
             CLOSE GasInv2Cursor
            DEALLOCATE GasInv2Cursor
SELECT @zMessage = '**** FINISHED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments'
EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
60
             END
65
             SET QUOTED IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
             GO
 70
             SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
```

5	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPricePopulateEngine(@PIDx INTEGER, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @GasMonthx DATETIME, @DBCRx INTEGER
10	AS BEGIN /* **********************************) ****
15	Description: Make sure that the price entries are populated on the engine master for the respective Engine_Master pricing records. Only those engine records with pricetype=1 (STID=8 or STID=9) will be manipulate this process.	
20	Inputs: PIDx (unique Package ID) WhichPricex(0=Nomination, 1=Actual) GasMonthx (gas month calculation applicable toward) DBCRx (0=Purchase,1=Sale)	
25	History:	
30	05/14/99 JAMIE Original Creation 09/27/99 JAMIE Modify this process to check for index baskets AND IF index basket is comprised of daily indices then populate the entire mont with the basket information.	
35	01/27/00 JAMIE Modified to delete engine records while in the actuals if the nom information is zero (all nom information, price, volume, amou	phase nt, etc.).
40	*/ /* /* *Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.	*****
45	*/ DECLARE @dPriceEntryType VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @dPriceVariable VARCHAR(15) DECLARE @tmpDailyIndexCount INTEGER DECLARE @tmpUseEffective DATETIME	
50	DECLARE @tmpEndDate DATETIME DECLARE @tmpPrevEffective DATETIME DECLARE @tmpNextEffectiveDate DATETIME DECLARE @tmpNumberDays DATETIME DECLARE @tmpNumberDays DATETIME DECLARE @tmpVolumeInPeriod DECIMAL(19,2)	
55	DECLARE @tmpDateToUse DATETIME DECLARE @tmpEndEffectiveDate DATETIME DECLARE @yETID INTEGER DECLARE @yEffective DATETIME DECLARE @ySTID INTEGER DECLARE @ySTID INTEGER	
60	DECLARE @yVolLevel INTEGER DECLARE @yVolGroup INTEGER DECLARE @yVarFixed INTEGER DECLARE @yMMBtuMCF INTEGER DECLARE @yMMBtuMCF INTEGER DECLARE @yTierThreshold INTEGER	
65	DECLARE @yTID INTEGER	
	/* ***********************************	
70	* First, Go out and delete entries off the * engine database related to this particular	

```
* package. If the pipeline actuals are
           * being processed then just go and
           * initialize any existing Engine record
           *'Actual' buckets to zero (leave the
           * preexisting engine records intact).
 5
           * Modified on 01/27/2000 to delete engine
           * records off actuals IF there are no nom
           * numbers stored on the records...
10
           IF @WhichPricex=0
                      BEGIN
                                DELETE
15
                                           FROM
                                                      Engine
                                           WHERE
                                                      TID=ANY(SELECT TID FROM Gaslnv WHERE PKG=@PIDx AND PriceType=1 AND
           DBCR=@DBCRx)
                      END
20
           IF @WhichPricex=1
                      BEGIN
                                 DELETE
                                           FROM
25
                                                      Engine
                                           WHERE
                                                      TID=ANY(SELECT TID FROM GasInv WHERE PKG=@PIDx AND PriceType=1 AND
           DBCR=@DBCRx) AND
                                                      PriceOrRateNom=0 AND
30
                                                      Volume=0 AND
                                                      Amount=0
                                 UPDATE
                                           Engine
                                           SET
                                                      PriceOrRateAct=0.
35
                                                      VolumeAct=0,
                                                      AmountAct=0
                                            WHERE
                                                      TID=ANY(SELECT TID FROM GasInv WHERE PKG=@PIDx AND PriceType=1 AND
40
            DBCR=@DBCRx)
                      END
            * First, do a loop on all of the
45
            * Engine_Master records in order to
            * remove any that don't have any price
            * records associated to it... (Orphans)..
            * A commit point is placed here in order to
            * insure that subsequent cursor activity
            * only picks up valid price records.
50
            DECLARE Engine_MasterCursor1 CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                       SĔLECT
55
                                 em.ETID,
                                 em.Effective,
                                 em.STID,
                                 em.VolLevel,
                                 em.VolGroup,
60
                                 em.VarFixed,
                                 em.MMBtuMCF,
                                  em.TierThreshold
                                 FROM
                                            Engine_Master AS em
65
                                  WHERE
                                            (em.PID=@PIDx)
                                  ORDER BY
                                             em.Effective
            OPEN Engine_MasterCursor1
```

```
FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor1 INTO
                        @yETID, @yEffective, @ySTID, @yVolLevel, @yVolGroup, @yVarFixed, @yMMBtuMCF, @yTierThreshold and a support of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of
                        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                                              BEGIN
                                                                     IF ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM Engine_MasterPrice WHERE ETID=@yETID),0) < 1
  5
                                                                                            BEGIN
                                                                                                                  DELETE
                                                                                                                                         FROM
                                                                                                                                                                Engine_Master
                                                                                                                                         WHERE
10
                                                                                                                                                               ETID=@yETID
                                                                                            END
                                                                     FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor1 INTO
                         @yETID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yVolLevel,@yVolGroup,@yVarFixed,@yMMBtuMCF,@yTierThreshold
15
                                               END
                        CLOSE Engine_MasterCursor1
                        DEALLOCATE Engine_MasterCursor1
                                  *******************************
20
                        * Now loop through the existing
                         * Engine_Master records. These are the
                         * actual price entries that were input
                         * by the user. There can be a record
                        * PER DAY or a single record for the * entire month. Only 1 entry PER
25
                         * Effective date will be stored within
                         * the Engine table. That is why the
                         * tmpPrevEffective is used within the
                        * cursor process.
30
                         SELECT @tmpPrevEffective='01-01-1900'
                         DECLARE Engine_MasterCursor2 CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                                               SELECT
35
                                                                      em.ETID.
                                                                      em.Effective,
                                                                      em.STID.
                                                                      em.VolLevel,
                                                                      em.VolGroup,
40
                                                                      em.VarFixed,
                                                                      em.MMBtuMCF,
                                                                      em.TierThreshold
                                                                      FROM
                                                                                             Engine_Master AS em
45
                                                                      WHERE
                                                                                            (em.PID=@PIDx)
                                                                      ORDER BY
                                                                                             em.Effective
                         OPEN Engine_MasterCursor2
50
                         FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor2 INTO
                          @yETID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yVolLevel,@yVolGroup,@yVarFixed,@yMMBtuMCF,@yTierThreshold
                         WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                                                BEGIN
                                                                       ,
**************
 55
                                                                       * Check for daily index entries... If they
                                                                       * are found then go and calculate the
                                                                        end date for which to insert engine
                                                                       * records (automating a daily price
                                                                        * entry to the engine for each day of
 60
                                                                        * the month up thru the end of the month
                                                                        or to the next effective date.
                                                                       * This will also check for index basket
 65
                                                                        * monthly entries. If the index basket
                                                                       * contains daily indices then populate
                                                                       * each day of the month just as if it
                                                                       * was a daily index.
 70
```

IF @yEffective<>@tmpPrevEffective BEGIN EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@tmpEndDate OUTPUT SELECT @tmpDailyIndexCount=0 DECLARE DailyCheckCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR 5 SELECT p.PriceEntryType, emp.PriceVariable FROM Engine_MasterPrice AS emp, 10 PriceComponents AS p WHERE (emp.ETID=@yETID) AND (emp.NomOrActual=@WhichPricex) AND (p.PriceTag=emp.PriceTag) AND 15 (p.PriceEntryType='Daily IDX' OR p.PriceEntryType='Basket IDX') OPEN DailyCheckCursor FETCH NEXT FROM DailyCheckCursor INTO @dPriceEntryType,@dPriceVariable WHILE @@FÉTCH_STATUS = 0 20 BEGIN IF (@dPriceEntryType='Daily IDX') AND (@tmpDailyIndexCount=0) BEĞIN SELECT @tmpDailyIndexCount=1 END 25 IF (@dPriceEntryType='Basket IDX') AND (@tmpDailyIndexCount=0) **BEGIN** SELECT @tmpDailyIndexCount = ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM IndexBasketLink,IndexRef 30 WHERE (IndexBasketLink.IndexBasketID=@dPriceVariable) AND (IndexRef.IndexID=IndexBasketLink.IndexID) AND (IndexRef.DailyIndex=1)),0) 35 **END** FETCH NEXT FROM DailyCheckCursor INTO @dPriceEntryType,@dPriceVariable **END** CLOSE DailyCheckCursor DEALLOCATE DailyCheckCursor 40 IF @tmpDailyIndexCount=0 BEGIN SELECT @tmpEndEffectiveDate=@yEffective END ELSE 45 **BEGIN** SELECT @tmpEndEffectiveDate=ISNULL((SELECT DATEADD(day,-1,MIN(em.effective)) FROM Engine_Master AS em WHERE (em.PID=@PIDx) AND (em.Effective>@yEffective)),@tmpEndDate) 50 **END** , ********************* * Now insert the new Engine records. * These inserts will be based on a loop 55 * between the effective date from the * Engine Master record and the temp * field tmpEndEffectiveDate. This will * provide for the 'proliferation' of * daily index price entries (to the 60 * engine). Only insert engine records * if there is some sort of volume * Nom or PipelineActual on associated * with a specific day. 65 * If pipeline actuals then inserts do * not automatically happen. A check * is first made to see if the engine * record is already there... 70

		*/ SELECT @tmpUseEffective WHILE @tmpUseEffective	ive=@yEffective e <= @tmpEndE	: Effectivel	Date			
5	BEGIN DECLARE GasInventoryCursor CUR							
	FORWARD_ONLY FOR		SEL		DISTINCT g.TID			
10					FROM	Gasinv AS GasinvD A		
15					WHERE	(g.PriceTyp (g.DBCR=(PIDx) AND th=@GasMo	ND
20	AND					((gd.Nom<	>0)	
	or(gd.PipelineActuals<>0))	OPEN Gasin	ventoryCursor			110	,	
25		FETCH NEX	T FROM Gasin WHILE @@FET BEO	CH_ST. 3IN	ATUS = 0		MUSEE TO	n e Tin
	IF (SELECT ∞unt(*) FROM Engine WHERE TID=@yTID AND STID=@ySTID AND							
30	Effective=@tmpUseEffective	AND VoiLevel=0)=0				BEGIN	INSERT	
								INTO
35	Engine							
	(TID,STID,Effective,VolLevel,	VolGroup,MMBtuMCF,EM_ETID))					VALUES
40	(@yTID,@ySTID,@tmpUseEffective,0,@yVolGroup,@yMMBtuMCF,@yETID)				END			
			ELS	SE.		BEGIN		
45						BEONY	UPDATE	Engine SET
	EM_ETID=@yETID							WUEDE
50								WHERE
	TID=@yTID AND							
	STID=@ySTID AND							
55	Effective=@tmpUseEffective	AND						
	VolLevel=0				END			
60	FETCH NEXT FROM GasInventoryCursor INTO @yTID END CLOSE GasInventoryCursor DEALLOCATE GasInventoryCursor SELECT @tmpUseEffective=DATEADD(day,1,@tmpUseEffective) END							
65	END SELECT @tmpF FETCH NEXT F @yETID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yVolLev	PrevEffective=@yEffective ROM Engine MasterCursor2 IN	TO vMMBtuMCF,@	yTier⊺hr	eshold			
70	END CLOSE Engine_MasterCursor2							

5

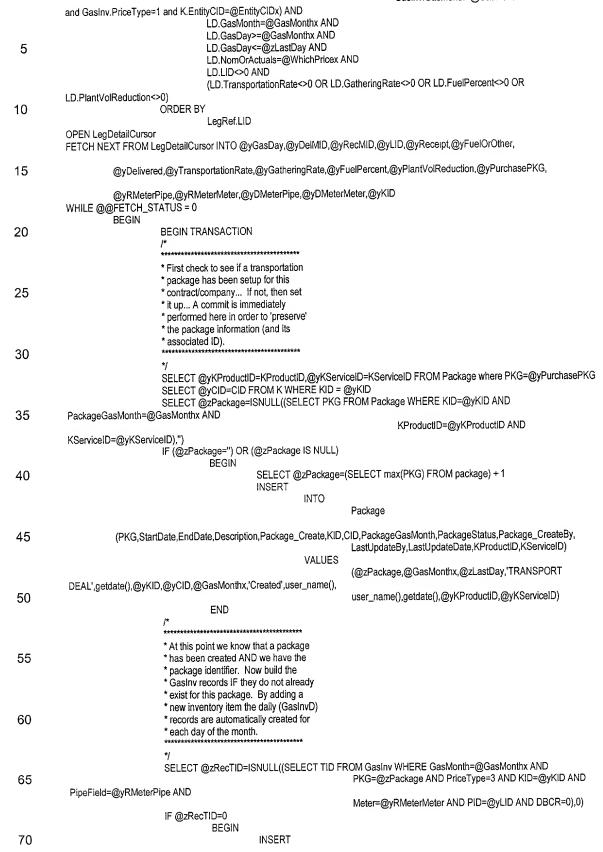
70

10 SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON 15 CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceTransportAll(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @PKGx INTEGER, 20 @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12)) AS **BEGIN** 25 Name: usp_PSPriceTransportAll Description: This is the main process for calculating the transport costs for all transport entries within the gas inventory database. These are 30 identified in the gas inventory database as PriceType=3 purchase and sale entries (DBCR=0 or 1). The recalculation of costs will only be allowed to occur when the gas month 35 status has been set to the appropriate month Inputs: GasMonthx - Gas Month to calculate 40 WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations PKGx - either 0 for all or a specific package (deal) number EntityCIDx - owning company id History: 45 06/30/1999 JAMIE Orignal Creation. 03/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to move the Divie process to the main module. In addition, modified to handle the new routing table (LegDetail) and build routing records 50 based on the routing rules within this table. 05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to be aware of entity and product types and services. In addition, modifications made to calculate based on new routing structure... 55 ********* * Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. 60 DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zPackage INTEGER DECLARE @zRecTID INTEGER DECLARE @zDelTID INTEGER
DECLARE @zVolume DECIMAL(19,2) 65 DECLARE @zAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zRate DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME

DECLARE @yTID INTEGER DECLARE @yGasDay DATETIME DECLARE @yDeIMID INTEGER 5 DECLARE @yRecMID INTEGER DECLARE @yLID INTEGER DECLARE @yReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) 10 DECLARE @yTransportationRate DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yGatheringRate DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yFuelPercent DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yPlantVolReduction DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yKID INTEGER DECLARE @yRMeterPipe VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yRMeterMeter VARCHAR(14) 15 DECLARE @yDMeterPipe VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yDMeterMeter VARCHAR(14) DECLARE @yCID VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yKProductID INTEGER 20 DECLARE @yKServiceID INTEGER DECLARE @yPurchasePKG INTEGER 25 * First intialize any existing volumes for * this month on the gas inventory table * to a zero. In addition, set the * appropriate volume amounts and price * amounts on the 'Engine' table to zeros. 30 EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll, Initializing Gas Inventory and Engine Information....' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage DECLARE GasinvCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR 35 **SELECT** Gasinv.TID FROM Gaslnv. 40 Κ WHERE GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.PriceType=3 AND K.KID=GasInv.KID AND 45 K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx OPEN GasInvCursor FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yTID **BEGIN TRANSACTION** WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 50 BEGIN IF @WhichPricex=0 **BEGIN** UPDATE GasInvD 55 SET Nom=0, EstAct=0 WHERE TID=@yTID AND GasDay BETWEEN @GasMonthx AND @zLastDay 60 UPDATE Engine SET Volume=0, Amount=0. 65 PriceOrRateNom=0 WHERE TID=@yTID **END** 70 IF @WhichPricex=1

K.KID = Package.KID AND

```
BEGIN
                                                     UPDATE
                                                                GaslnvD
                                                                SET
                                                                           PipelineActuals=0
 5
                                                                WHERE
                                                                           TID=@yTID AND
                                                                           GasDay BETWEEN @GasMonthx AND @zLastDay
                                                      UPDATE
                                                                Engine
10
                                                                SET
                                                                           VolumeAct=0.
                                                                           AmountAct=0,
                                                                           PriceOrRateAct=0
                                                                WHERE
15
                                                                           TID=@yTID
                                           END
                                FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvCursor INTO @yTID
                      END
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll, Finished initializing Gas Inventory and Engine Information....'
20
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           COMMIT WORK
           CLOSE GasInvCursor
           DEALLOCATE GasInvCursor
25
            .
*****************
           * Now loop through each of leg detail
            * records for the month for this entity
            * and determine appropriate transportation
30
            * rates.
           * Gas Inventory (PriceType=3) records will
            * be created (along with package if needed).
35
            * Engine records will also be created.
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll, Analyzing Routing (legdetail) cursor....'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            DECLARE LegDetailCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
40
                      SELECT
                                 LD.GasDay,
                                 LD.DelMID,
                                 LD.RecMID,
45
                                 LD.LID,
                                 LD.Receipt,
                                 LD.FuelOrOther,
                                 LD.Delivered,
                                 LD.TransportationRate,
                                 LD.GatheringRate,
50
                                 LD.FuelPercent,
                                 LD.PlantVolReduction,
                                 LD.PurchasePKG,
                                 RMeter.PipeField,
55
                                 RMeter.Meter,
                                 DMeter.PipeFleld,
                                 DMeter.Meter,
                                 LegRef.KID
                                 FROM
60
                                            LegDetail AS LD,
                                            LegRef,
                                            Meter AS RMeter,
                                            Meter AS DMeter
                                 WHERE
65
                                            LegRef.LID=LD.LID AND
                                            RMeter.MID=LD.RecMID AND
                                            DMeter.MID=LD.DelMID AND
                                            LD.PurchasePointTID IN (SELECT TID FROM GasInv, Package, K WHERE Package, PKG=GasInv, PKG AND
```



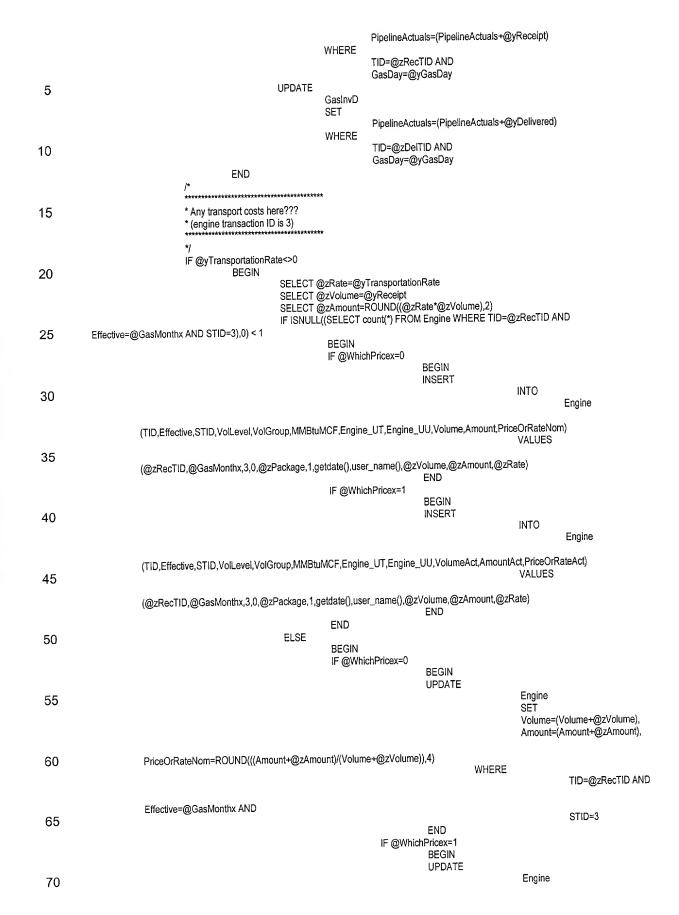
INTO

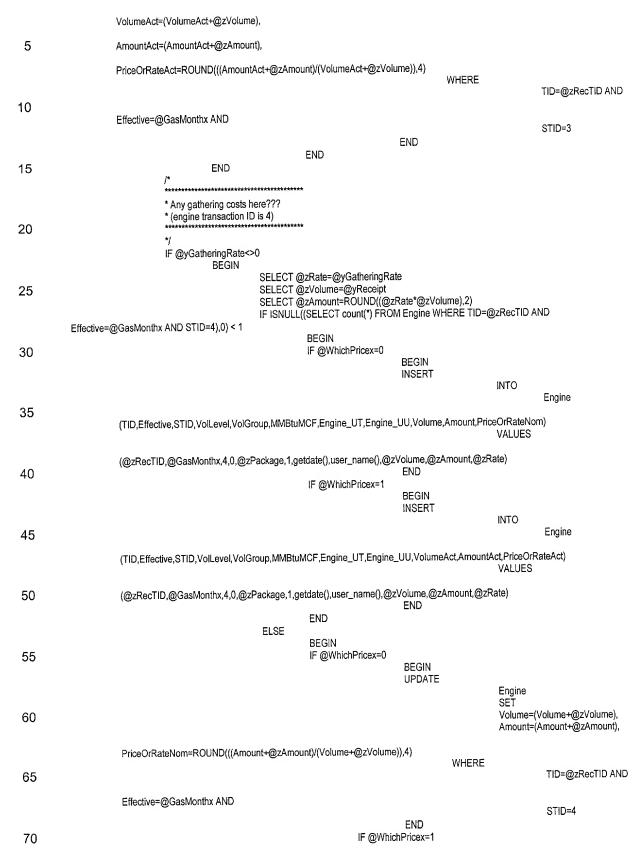
Gaslnv

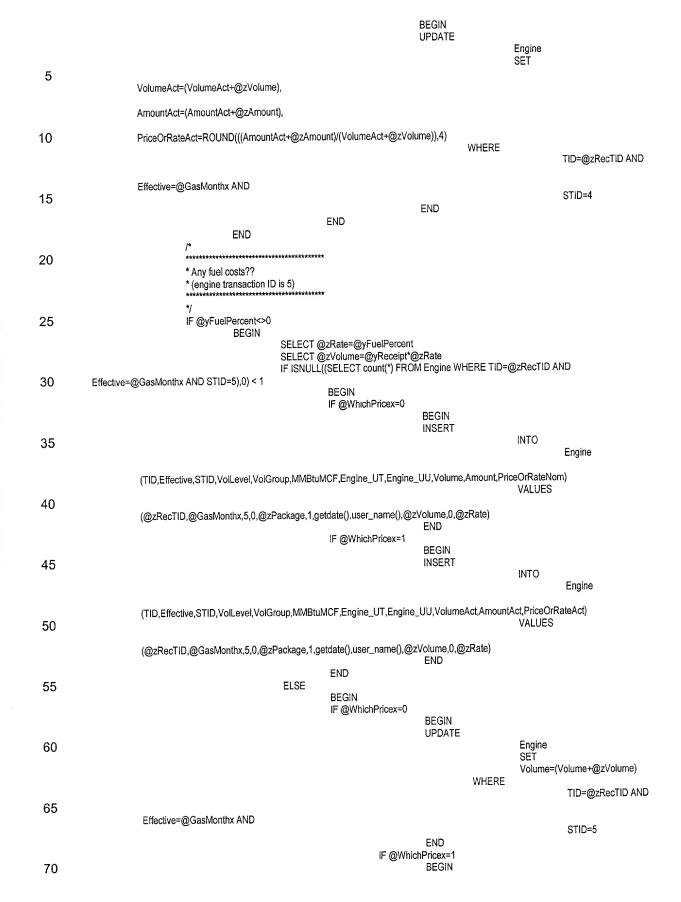
(GasMonth,CID,PipeField,Meter,DBCR,KID,PID,PKG,Stat,PriceType,GasInv_UT, Nom, EstAct, GasInv_UU, GasInv_MID, Pipeline Actuals) 5 **VALUES** (@GasMonthx,@yCID,@yRMeterPipe,@yRMeterMeter,0,@yKID,@yLID,@zPackage,1,3,getdate(), 0,0,user_name(),@yRecMID,0)

SELECT @zRecTID=ISNULL((SELECT TID FROM GasInv WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx 10 AND PKG=@zPackage AND PriceType=3 AND KID=@yKID AND PipeField=@yRMeterPipe AND Meter=@yRMeterMeter AND 15 PID=@yLID AND DBCR=0),0) **END** SELECT @zDelTID=ISNULL((SELECT TID FROM Gasinv WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND PKG=@zPackage AND PriceType=3 AND KID=@yKID AND 20 PipeField=@yDMeterPipe AND Meter=@yDMeterMeter AND PID=@yLID AND DBCR=1),0) IF @zDelTID=0 **BEGIN INSERT** 25 INTO GasInv $(GasMonth, CID, PipeField, Meter, DBCR, KID, PID, PKG, Stat, PriceType, GasInv_UT, PKG, Stat, PriceType, GasInv_UT, PKG, Stat, PKG, PKG, Stat, PKG, Stat, PKG, Stat, PKG, Stat, PKG, Stat, PKG, Stat$ Nom, EstAct, GasInv_UU, GasInv_MID, Pipeline Actuals) 30 **VALUES** (@GasMonthx,@yCID,@yDMeterPipe,@yDMeterMeter,1,@yKID,@yLID,@zPackage,1,3,getdate(), 0,0,user_name(),@yDelMID,0)

SELECT @zDelTID=ISNULL((SELECT TID FROM Gasinv WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx 35 AND PKG=@zPackage AND PriceType=3 AND KID=@yKID AND PipeField=@yDMeterPipe AND Meter=@yDMeterMeter AND PID=@yLID AND DBCR=1),0) 40 END *********** * At this point the gas package and gas * inventory items have been determined * (created if needed). Now go and post 45 * the volume to the GasInvD table. IF @WhichPricex=0 50 **BEGIN UPDATE** GasinvD SET nom=(nom+@yReceipt) WHERE 55 TID=@zRecTID AND GasDay=@yGasDay **UPDATE** GasInvD SET 60 nom=(nom+@yDelivered) WHERE TID=@zDelTID AND GasDay=@yGasDay 65 **END** IF @WhichPricex=1 **BEGIN UPDATE** GasInvD 70 SET







			UPDATE	Engi	ne
-	11.			SET	
5	VolumeAct=(VolumeAct+@zVolume)		W	HERE	TID=@zRecTID AND
10	Effective=@GasMonthx AND				STID=5
		END	END		
15	END /* **********************************	*****			
	* Any pvr?? * (engine transaction ID is 6)				
20	*/ IF @yPlantVolReduction<>0 BEGIN				
	SEL IF IS	_ECT @zRate=@yPlantVolRer _ECT @zVolume=@yReceipt* SNULL((SELECT count(*) FR0	@zRate	RE TID=@zRe	ETID AND
25	Effective=@GasMonthx AND STID=6),0) < 1	BEGIN IF @WhichPricex=0			
20			BEGIN INSERT	INT	n
30					Engine
	(TID,Effective,STID,VoiLevel,VolGroup,N	/IMBtuMCF,Engine_UT,Engine	e_UU,Volume,Ar	nount,PriceOrR VAL	ateNom) UES
35	(@zRecTID,@GasMonthx,6,0,@zPacka	ge,1,getdate(),user_name(),@	zVolume,0,@zR END	ate)	
		IF @WhichPricex=1	BEGIN		
40			INSERT	INT	O Engine
45	(TID,Effective,STID,VolLevel,VolGroup,F	vIMBtuMCF,Engine_UT,Engine	e_UU,VolumeAc	t,AmountAct,Pr VAL	iceOrRateAct) .UES
	(@zRecTID,@GasMonthx,6,0,@zPacka	ige,1,getdate(),user_name(),@)zVolume,0,@zR END	ate)	
50	EL				
		BEGIN IF @WhichPricex=0	BEGIN		
55			UPDATE		jine
			,	SE Vol WHERE	Γ ume=(Volume+@zVolume)
60			'		TID=@zRecTID AND
	Effective=@GasMonthx AND		END		STID=6
65		IF @Wh	ichPricex=1 BEGIN		
			UPDATE	Eng SE	gine T
70	VolumeAct=(VolumeAct+@zVolume)				

		115 @21.0011571115
5	Effective=@GasMonthx AND	STID=6
J	END	
	END	
	END	
10	COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailCursor INTO @yGasDay,@yDelMID,@yRecMID,@yLID,@yRec	eipt,@yFuelOrOther,
	@y Delivered, @y Transportation Rate, @y Gathering Rate, @y Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase Fuel Percent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Plant VolR	PKG,
	@yRMeterPipe,@yRMeterMeter,@yDMeterPipe,@yDMeterMeter,@yKID	
15	END	
	CLOSE LegDetailCursor	
	DEALLOCATE LegDetailCursor SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll, Finished'	
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage	
20	END	
25		
30	GO	
00	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON	
	GO	
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON	
35	GO	
	ODE ATE DROCEDURE was DOD to MACROCIAL	
	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalc(@GasMonthx DATETIME,	
	@WhichPricex INTEGER,	
40	@EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12)	
	AS	
	BEGIN	
45	/* ***********************************	
40	Name: usp_PSPriceWaspCalc	
	Description: This is the main process for calculating the WASP price information for a particular gas month and type of price (nom's or pipeline actuals). The end result	
50	of this process is to post updated price amounts within the engine. The WASP calculation	
	has also been modified to perform the calculations pooled by entity (passed to this	
	routine), within entity by product (Oil/Gas/Liguids) and service (marketing/passthrough/etc.).	
	Inputs:	
55	Continuity (Continuity to coloulate)	
	GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate), WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations)	
	EntityCIDx (which company is being calculated (owner company))	
60	History:	
•	·	
	06/22/99 JAMIE Original creation	
	07/22/99 JAMIE Include 3rd party deals within the	
65	calcualtion process. They WILL NOT BE included within the WASP calculations	
	and will be treated the same as "Dedicated" (sanctioned sales) deals. This will ensure they are not affecting any other pricing component.	
70	05/01/00 JAMIE Modifications to utilize the new routing structure as part of the calculation. A check is made to see if any 'routing' entries are made to the new	
10	Calculation. A check is made to see it any locating strates are made to the note	

	structures (for the month). If so, then this routine will invoke the new routines. Otherwise, the old routines are invoked.
5	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modifications to add the EntityCIDx component to the calculation (passed to this routine by the calling program). In addition, modifications were made to calculate all WASP pricing within each unique product and service.
	08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified to remove all of the old routing routines.
10	**************************************
	/* ***********************************
15	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. **********************************
20	*/ DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @yKProductiD INTEGER DECLARE @yKProductName VARCHAR(50)
	DECLARE @yKServiceID INTEGER DECLARE @yKServiceName VARCHAR(50)
25	DECLARE ProductTypesCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
	ProcessingCodeID, ShortDescription
30	FROM SEProcessingCodes WHERE CodeType='CONTRPRODS'
	ORDER BY ProcessingCodeID
35	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Running for Entity '+@EntityCIDx+'' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage /*
	* Outermost loop is on product type
40	*/
40	OPEN ProductTypesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM ProductTypesCursor INTO @yKProductID,@yKProductName WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
45	BEGIN SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Running for Product '+@yKProductName+'' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage

50	*Next loop is on service type
	*/ DECLARE ServiceTypesCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
55	ProcessingCodeID, ShortDescription FROM
	SEProcessingCodes WHERE CodeType='CONTRSRVS' ORDER BY ProcessingCodeID
60	OPEN ServiceTypesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM ServiceTypesCursor INTO @yKServiceID,@yKServiceName WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
65	BEGIN BEGIN TRANSACTION SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Running for Service '+@yKServiceName+' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage /*
70	**************************************

	* totals that were linked to purchases * within the route process.	
5	*/ EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcS @GasMonthx,@WhichPricex,@EntityClDx,@yKProductlD,@yKServiceID COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM ServiceTypesO	alesN cursor INTO @yKServiceID,@yKServiceName
10	END CLOSE ServiceTypesCursor DEALLOCATE ServiceTypesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM ProductTypesCursor INTO @yKProduc	tlD,@yKProductName
15	END CLOSE ProductTypesCursor DEALLOCATE ProductTypesCursor /*	
20	* Finished. A later routine will take * the well prices to the actual engine * table (PSPriceAll for Purchases). A * commit takes place right here just to * make sure we limit our recovery window * if problems later Also, don't want	
25	* to hold locks for an extended amount * of time.	
30	*/ SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Finished with Entity '+@EntityClDx+'' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END	
35	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO	
40	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO	
45	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12), @IncludeInWaspx VARCHAR(10)
50	AS BEGIN /* **********************************	,
	Name: usp_PSPriceWaspCalcResolveDriver	
55	Description: This is the main process that controls the 'walking back' (resolving) of sales amounts back to their respective purchase deals.	
	Inputs:	
60	GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate), WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations) EntityCIDx (which company is being calculated (owner company)) IncludeInWaspx ('Common','None' or 'Dedicated')	
65	History:	
	07/28/2000 JAMIE Original creation	
70	**************************************	
10	<i>'</i>	

	/*			
	********	******		
	* Declare all variables a			
5	* that are needed by thi			
5	*/			
	DECLARE @zMessage			
	DECLARE @yKProduc		50)	
10	DECLARE @yKProduc	MName VARCHAR	50)	
10	DECLARE @yKService	elD INTEGER		
	DECLARE @yKService		50)	
		0 0 0 00	LOCAL CTATIC I	TORMARD, ONLY EOR
15	DECLARE ProductType SELECT	escursor CURSUR	LOCAL STATIC	FORWARD_ONLY FOR
10	JEEC 1	ProcessingCodel	Ο,	
		ShortDescription		
		FROM	acconingCodos	
20		WHERE	ocessingCodes	
20			Type='CONTRPR	ODS'
		ORDER BY		
		Proce	essingCodelD	
25	SELECT @zMessage	= 'PSPriceWASPCa	alcResloveDriver.	Running for Entity '+@EntityClDx+',Pool '+@IncludeInWaspx+''
	EXECUTE usp_Messa		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	/* ************************			
30	* Outermost loop is on	*******		
00	*/			
	OPEN ProductTypesC	ursor	NTO OVER	attD. Qui/Draduathlama
	WHILE @@FETCH_S		r INTO @ykProdu	ctID,@yKProductName
35	BEGIN			
00	220	SELECT @zMes	sage = 'PSPriceW	ASPCalcResloveDriver, Running for Product '+@yKProductName+''
		EXECUTE usp_N /*	lessage @zMess	age
		,	******	*
40		* Next loop is on:	service type	
		******	*********	*
		*/	o-TyroonCurror CI	IRSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
		SELE		NOON EOONE STATIOT ON MAINE_ONE FT ON
45		0	Processing	CodeID,
			ShortDesc	ription
			FROM	SEProcessingCodes
			WHERE	OLI 100030111g 000000
50				CodeType='CONTRSRVS'
			ORDER B	
		OPEN ServiceTy	nesCursor	ProcessingCodeID
				sCursor INTO @yKServiceID,@yKServiceName
55		WHILE @@FET	CH_STATUS = 0	
		BEG		PANICACTION
			SELECT (ANSACTION DzMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResloveDriver, Running for Service
	'+@yKServiceName+'			5
60	.			usp_Message @zMessage
	@CacMonthy @Which	hBridgy @Entity(CID		: usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN @yKServiceID,@IncludeInWaspx
	@Gaswonthx,@willc	in ricex, we mily one	COMMIT	WORK
			FETCH N	EXT FROM ServiceTypesCursor INTO @yKServiceID,@yKServiceName
65		END		
		CLOSE ServiceT	ypesCursor ServiceTypesCurs	or
				sCursor INTO @yKProductID,@yKProductName
70	END			
70	CLOSE ProductTypes	scursor		

```
DEALLOCATE ProductTypesCursor
          SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver, Finished with Entity '+@EntityClDx+',Pool '+@IncludeInWaspx+'...'
          EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
 5
10
          SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
          SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON
15
          CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN(
                                                                                 @GasMonthx DATETIME,
                                                                                 @WhichPricex INTEGER,
                                                                                 @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12),
20
                                                                                 @KProductIDx INTEGER,
                                                                                 @KServiceIDx INTEGER,
                                                                                 @IncludeinWaspx VARCHAR(10)
25
           AS
           BEGIN
           Name: usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN
30
           Description: This particular stored procedure is responsible for looping through and
           chasing all volumes back from purchase points back to the respective meter locations
           that originally contained the purchase volumes.
35
           History:
           05/01/2000 JAMIE Original Creation.
           05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the entity, product and service.
40
           07/28/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the IncludeInWaspx parameter so that
           the calculations can be run in a specified WASP order...
           08/17/2000 JAMIE Removed the call to PSWASPCalcPostPurchaseN. This
           was done based on all wasp calculation entries being setup in the
45
           WASPResolvedRouting table.
                 */
50
            * Declare all variables and cursors
            * that are needed by this process.
55
           DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254)
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN Has Started for pool '+@IncludeInWaspx+'...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
60
           * Now invoke the routine that will chase
           * the volumes, prices and amounts back to
            * the purchase points.
65
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN, Tracing back all gas (resolving sales)...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN @GasMonthx,@WhichPricex,@EntityCIDx,@KProductlDx,@KServiceIDx,@IncludeInWaspx
70
```

	* Time to leave	

5	*/ SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN Has Completed for Pool'+@IncludeInWa EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END	spx+''
10	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO	
15	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO	
20	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12),
20		@KProductIDx INTEGER, @KServiceIDx INTEGER, @IncludeInWaspx VARCHAR(10))
25	AS BEGIN /* **********************************	,
	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSales	
30	Description: This particular stored procedure will loop through (iteratively) all of the sales meter records within the WASPResolvedRouting table (type 'S' records) and distribute their respective volumes, amounts and prices back to the purchase points (wieghted).	
35	·	
	All volumes should match here since the routing process routes purchase deals directly to sales deals AND the WASPResolvedRouting table was built on explicit volumes and links found in the LegDetail (main routing) table.	
40	Inputs:	
45	GasMonthx - Gas Month WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals EntityCIDx - owning company KProductIDx - product id (oil, gas, liquids, etc.) KServiceIDx - service id (marketing, passthrough, etc.) IncludeInWaspx - ('Common' or 'None' or 'Dedicated')	
	History:	
50		
	05/01/2000 JAMIE Original Creation.	
55	07/20/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to capture and save resolved total amounts along with the resolved volume amounts. This was required in order to correct a calculation problem.	
	07/28/2000 JAMIE Modified to take into consideration which WASP pool is currently being resolved.	
60	12/05/2000 JAMIE Modified to ensure that the receipt amount will not be exceeded when determining the volume to use. This situation only arose when certain unresolved records were ordered a certain way (during the resolution ritual). Confusing, I know, but that is the best I can do The field zTempLeft contains this information	
65		

70	* Declare all variables and cursors	

	* that are needed by this process.
5	*/ DECLARE @zTempLeft DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zRound INTEGER DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zAnyUpdates VARCHAR(1)
10	DECLARE @zResolvedReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zResolvedReceiptAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zResolvedDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zResolvedDeliveredAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zResolvedDeliveredAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zReceiptLeft DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zReceiptAmtLeft DECIMAL(19,2)
15	DECLARE @zPercentToApply DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @zSumDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zPercentReceipt DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @zUseVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zUseAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
20	DECLARE @zAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zNewAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zNewPrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @zTempVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zTempAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
25	DECLARE @ZTerripArriount DecliviaL(19,2) DECLARE @zVenountDispersed DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zDifference DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zResolvedIndicator VARCHAR(1)
30	DECLARE @zLinkUpdate VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @zDeliveredLeft DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yDelMID INTEGER
35	DECLARE @yRecMID INTEGER DECLARE @yReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yTransportAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yGatheringAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
40	DECLARE @yAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yDedicatedPurchasePKG INTEGER DECLARE @yPrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @yResolvedReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yIncludeInWasp VARCHAR(10)
45	DECLARE @yResolvedDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yResolvedID INTEGER DECLARE @yResolvedReceiptAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yResolvedDeliveredAmt DECIMAL(19,2)
50	DECLARE @IDelMID INTEGER DECLARE @IRecMID INTEGER DECLARE @IReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @IFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @IDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @ITransportAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
55	DECLARE @IGatheringAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @IAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @IDedicatedPurchasePKG INTEGER DECLARE @IPrice DECIMAL(15,6) DECLARE @IResolvedReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
60	DECLARE @lincludeIn/Wasp VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @lincludeIn/Wasp VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @linesolvedDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @linesolvedID INTEGER DECLARE @linesolvedReceiptAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @linesolvedDeliveredAmt DECIMAL(19,2)
65	/* ****** * This loop will iterate until no more * gas can be distributed to various
70	* sales meters within the * WaspResolvedRouting table.

5	*/ SELECT @zRound = ISNULL((SELECT TypeLimit FROM SEProcessingCodes WHERE ProcessingCodeID = @KProductIDx),0) SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN, starting iterative process' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage SalesMeterIterationLoop: BEGIN
10	SELECT @zAnyUpdates='N' DECLARE WASPResolvedSalesCursor CURSOR LOCAL DYNAMIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
10	DelMID, RecMID, Receipt,
15	FuelOrOther, Delivered, TransportAmount, GatheringAmount, Amount,
20	DedicatedPurchasePKG, Price, ResolvedReceipt, IncludeInWasp, ResolvedDelivered,
25	ResolvedID, ResolvedReceiptAmt, ResolvedDeliveredAmt FROM
30	WASPResolvedRouting WHERE (GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND IncludeInWasp=@IncludeInWaspx AND ResolvedIndicator<>'Y' AND
35	ResolvedReceipt<>Receipt AND ResolvedType<>'P' AND Amount<>0 AND Price<>0 AND Delivered<>>0 AND
40	EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx) ORDER BY
45	IncludeInWasp, DedicatedPurchasePKG, DelMID OPEN WASPResolvedSalesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedSalesCursor INTO @yDelMID,
50	@y Receipt, @y Fuel Or Other, @y Delivered, @y Transport Amount, @y Gathering Amount, @y Amount, @y Dedicated Purchase PKG,
	@yPrice,@yResolvedReceipt,@yIncludeInWasp,@yResolvedDelivered,@yResolvedID, @yResolvedReceiptAmt,@yResolvedDeliveredAmt WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
55	BEGIN /* ********************************
60	* Loop through each of the legs that * have the delivery meter the same as * the receipt meter for the given * month and class
65	*/ SELECT @zVolumeDispersed=0 SELECT @zAmountDispersed=0 SELECT @zAmountDispersed=0 SELECT @zLinkUpdate='N' DECLARE WASPResolvedLinkCursor CURSOR LOCAL DYNAMIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
70	DelMID, RecMID,

	Receipt, FuelOrOther, Delivered,
5	TransportAmount, GatheringAmount, Amount, DedicatedPurchasePKG,
10	Price, ResolvedReceipt, IncludeinWasp,
	ResolvedDelivered, ResolvedID, ResolvedReceiptAmt, ResolvedDeliveredAmt
15	FROM WASPResolvedRouting WHERE (GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
20	NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND IncludeInWasp=@yIncludeInWasp AND DedicatedPurchasePKG=@yDedicatedPurchasePKG AND DelMID=@yRecMID AND
25	ResolvedID<>@yResolvedID AND EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx AND ResolvedType<>'S' AND
	ResolvedDelivered <delivered) open="" td="" waspresolvedlinkcursor<=""></delivered)>
30	FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedLinkCursor INTO @IDelMID,
	@IRecMID,@IReceipt,@IFuelOrOther,@IDelivered,@ITransportAmount,@IGatheringAmount,@IAmount,@IDedicatedPurchasePKG,
35	@IPrice,@IResolvedReceipt,@IIncludeInWasp,@IResolvedDelivered,@IResolvedID,
	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
	/* **************
40	* Determine the total volume of gas * where this gas came from (based on * delivery meterid being equal to * the receipt meter id and all WASP
45	* pool and dedicated purchase package * information being identical). *
	* The zUseVolume field contains the * amount of volume from the delivery * motor to apply backward
50	* meter to apply backward. * * The zUseAmount field contains the
	* dollar amount from the delivery meter * that should be applied backward. *
55	* The zPercentToApply field contains the * volume weighted percentage to use. ***********************************
60	*/ SELECT @zResolvedReceipt=@yResolvedReceipt SELECT @zResolvedReceiptAmt=@yResolvedReceiptAmt SELECT @zPercentReceipt=1
65	/* Determine total receipt volume available to apply*/ /* This is based on percentage of delivered that may have*/ /* already been applied. In addition, determine the*/ /* amount that is available*/
	IF (@yDelivered<>0) AND (@yResolvedDelivered<>0) AND
70	(@yDelivered>@yResolvedDelivered) BEGIN

		SELECT		
	@zPercentReceipt=(@yResolvedDelivered/@yDelivered)	END		
5		/* Incorporated this logic to ensure that no more than */ /* the original receipt can be sent back to previous */ /* meter 12/05/2000 */		
10		SELECT @zReceiptLeft=ROUND((@yReceipt*@zPercentReceipt),@zRound) SELECT @zTempLeft=(@yReceipt - @yResolvedReceipt) SELECT @zTempLeft=Round((@zTempLeft *		
	@zPercentReceipt),@zRound);	IF @zTempLeft < @zReceiptLeft		
15		BEGIN SELECT @zReceiptLeft=@zTempLeft		
		END SELECT @zReceiptAmtLeft=ROUND((@yAmount-@yResolvedReceiptAmt),2)		
		/* Determine percentage of the volumes and amounts to apply and		
20	RecMID<>DelMID */			
		SELECT @zPercentToApply=1 SELECT @zSumDelivered=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Delivered) FROM		
25	WASPResolvedRouting	WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx		
	AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND IncludeInWasp=@			
	DedicatedPurchasePKG=@yDedicatedPurchasePKG AND DelMid=@yRecMID AND ResolvedType<>'S' AND EntityCiD=@EntityCiDx AND			
30	KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceID			
		IF (@zSumDelivered<>0) AND (@IDelivered<>0) BEGIN		
35	@zPercentToApply=ROUND((@IDelivered/@zSumDelivered	SELECT Sed),6)		
		ELSE END		
40		BEGIN SELECT @zPercentToApply=0 END		
40		/* Calculate volume to apply backwards for this particular leg*/		
		SELECT @zUseVolume=ROUND((@zReceiptLeft*@zPercentToApply),@zRound)		
45		SELECT @zDeliveredLeft=@lDelivered-@lResolvedDelivered IF @zUseVolume>@zDeliveredLeft		
		BEGIN SELECT @zUseVolume=@zDeliveredLeft END		
50		SELECT @zResolvedReceipt=@zResolvedReceipt+@zUseVolume SELECT @zVolumeDispersed=@zVolumeDispersed+@zUseVolume		
		/* Calculate dollar amount to apply backwards for this particular leg*/		
55		SELECT @zUseAmount=ROUND((@zReceiptAmtLeft*@zPercentToApply),2) SELECT @zResolvedReceiptAmt=@zResolvedReceiptAmt+@zUseAmount SELECT @zAmountDispersed=@zAmountDispersed+@zUseAmount /*		
22		*********************		
60		* Now update the meter feeding * this delivery point with the * information just posted *		
65		* The amount is calculated based * on the previous value plus * the amount being posted from * the delivery meter. The * price is derived based on		
70		* receipt volume into the amount. *		

5	•	* Since we are not forcir * to balance then calcula * based solely on the vo * on delivery.	ate the price slume resolved		
		IF (@zUseVolume>0) A BEGIN	.ND (@zUseAmount<>0) SELECT		
10	@zResolvedDelivered=@lResolvedDelivered+@zUseVolum		SELECT		
	@zResolvedDeliveredAmt+@zUs	seAmount	SELECT		
15	@zNewAmount=ROUND((@IAmount+@zUseAmount),2)		IF (@zResolvedDeliver	edAmt<>0) / BEGIN	AND (@IReceipt<>0) SELECT
	@zNewPrice=ROUND((@zNewAmount/@IReceipt),4)			באום	SELECT
20			ELSE	END	
				BEGIN	SELECT
	@zNewPrice=0			END	
25			UPDATE	WASPRes SET	olvedRouting
	ResolvedIndicator='N',				
30	ResolvedDelivered=@zResolvedDelivered,				
	ResolvedDeliveredAmt=@zResolvedDeliveredA	ımt,			
35	Amount=@zNewAmount,				Price=@zNewPrice
				WHERE	11100 @2.1011/1100
40	ResolvedID=@IResolvedID		SELECT @zAnyUpdat SELECT @zLinkUpda		
		END FETCH NEXT FROM	WASPResolvedLinkCurs		DelMID,
45	@IRecMID,@IReceipt,@IFuelOrOther,@IDelive				
10	@IPrice,@IResolvedReceipt,@IlncludeInWasp,				
50	@IResolvedReceiptAmt,@IResolvedDeliveredA	Amt END			
	DEALLOC /*	ASPResolvedLinkCurso ATE WASPResolvedLin			
55	* After loop	ping through all of the nat can possible associat sale, go ahead and upda nal sales meter information the total volume	ate		
60	* passed (************************************	on to subsequent meters			
	IF @zLink	:Update='Y' BEGIN			
65		UPDATE	WASPResolvedRoutin SET	-	pt+@zVolumeDispersed,
70	ResolvedReceiptAmt=ResolvedReceiptAmt+@	zAmountDispersed,	resolved receipt - Nes	-VIVOUI (EVEI)	programme and the second

ResolvedIndicator='Y'

WHERE

ResolvedID=@yResolvedID

	END
5	FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedSalesCursor INTO @yDelMID,
	@y RecMID, @y Receipt, @y Fuel Or Other, @y Delivered, @y Transport Amount, @y Gathering Amount, @y Amount, @y Dedicated Purchase PKG,
10	@yPrice, @yResolvedReceipt, @yIncludeInWasp, @yResolvedDelivered, @yResolvedID,
	@yResolvedReceiptAmt,@yResolvedDeliveredAmt END
15	CLOSE WASPResolvedSalesCursor DEALLOCATE WASPResolvedSalesCursor /* **********************************
20	* If no more volume was chased backward * then get out of the iterative loop. * At this point all volumes have been * sent back to all meters and weighted * costs should be available at each.
25	*/ IF @zAnyUpdates<>'N' BEGIN COTO SelectMetarttard con
	GOTO SalesMeterIterationLoop END
30	END END
35	
40	
	GO
45	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
40	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
50	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN(
55	AS
	BEGIN /*
60	**************************************
65	Description: This process will build all of the meters within the WASPResolvedRouting table for all of the deals within the gas month. Only those meters that had actual transport volume will be moved. A different routine will iterate through the volumes posted here in order to calculate all of the prices.
	Inputs:
70	GasMonthx - Gas Month

5	WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals EntityClDx - Entity being calculated (owning company) KProductlDx - Product type being calculated. KServiceIDx - Service type being calculated.
5	History:
	05/02/2000 JAMIE Original Creation.
10	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to add the Entity, product and service types to be parameters to this procedure. This will ensure that gas, oil, etc amongst the various types of companies (entities) being serviced do not get in
15	07/20/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to initialize new resolved amount fields for all records that get added to the WASPResolvedRouting table.
20	08/18/2000 JAMIE Modified to go ahead and put the actual purchase point items on the table to include them in the calculations. At this point the WASPResolvedRouting table will contain ALL entries (see 'Type' field on the database). Purchase points thru Sales points.
	10/03/2000 JAMIE Modified to incorporate the 'Other Cost' amount totals into the Resolved table total calculation.
25	01/09/2000 JAMIE For consistency. Modified the rounding (on the prices to two decimal places (for all months previous to December 2000).

30	*/ /*
	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.
35	*/ DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zIncludeInWasp VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @zVolume DECIMAL(19,2)
40	DECLARE @zType VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @zPrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @zAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zOtherCostAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zDedicatedPurchasePKG INTEGER
45	DECLARE @zGatheringAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zTransportationAmount DECIMAL(15,2) DECLARE @zAmountWithCosts DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME DECLARE @zPrevSalePKG INTEGER
50	DECLARE @zPrevSaleMID INTEGER
	DECLARE @yPurchasePKG INTEGER DECLARE @yRecMID INTEGER DECLARE @yDeIMID INTEGER DECLARE @ySalesPKG INTEGER
55	DECLARE @yReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yLDIDPrev INTEGER DECLARE @yGasDay DATETIME DECLARE @yPurchasePointTID INTEGER DECLARE @yStep INTEGER
60	DECLARE @xPriceOrRateNom DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @xPriceOrRateAct DECIMAL(19,6)
65	DECLARE @qPurchasePKG INTEGER DECLARE @qLID INTEGER DECLARE @qRecMID INTEGER DECLARE @qDeIMID INTEGER DECLARE @qDeIMID INTEGER DECLARE @qReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
70	DECLARE @qDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @qFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2)

55

60

65

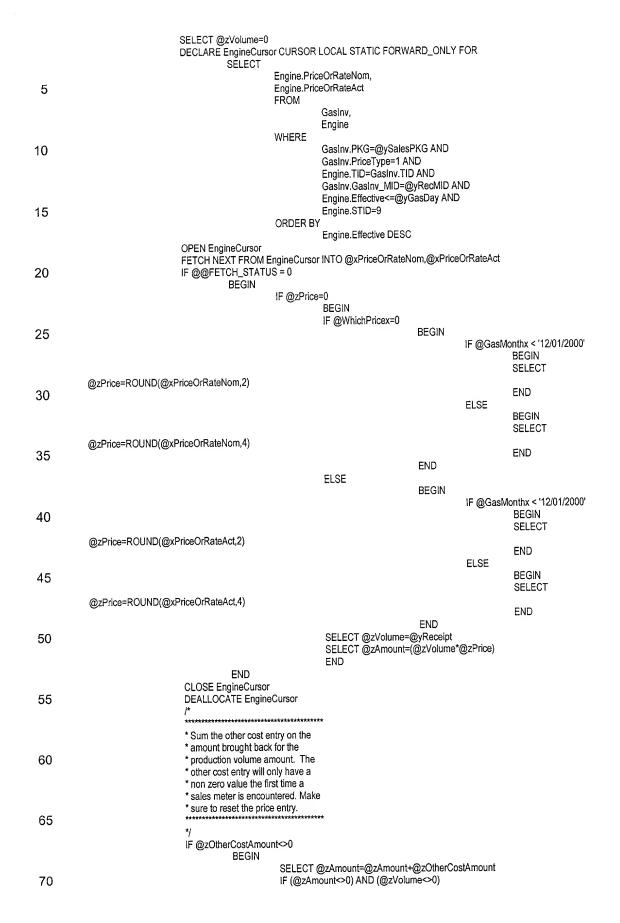
70

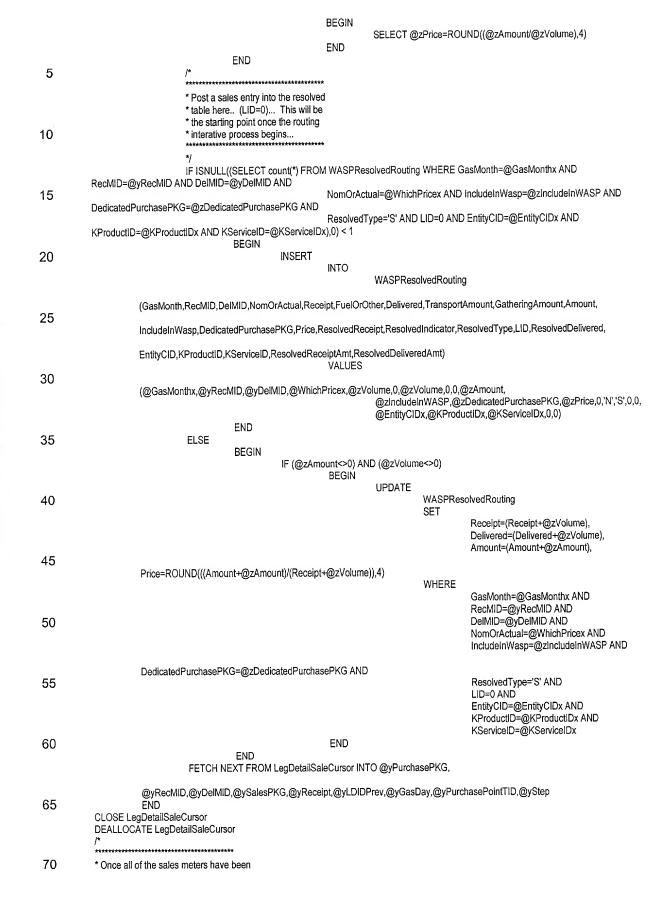
```
5
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN Has Started...'
           EXECUTE usp Message @zMessage
           * Delete any pre-existing resolved entries
10
           * that may exist in the database... These
           * records are the ones related to the
           * entity, product and service tyeps.
15
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, Deleting existing entries off WASPResolvedRouting...'
           EXECUTE usp Message @zMessage
           DELETE
                      FROM
                                WASPResolvedRouting
20
                      WHERE
                                 GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                 NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND
                                 EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND
                                 KProductID=@KProductIDx AND
25
                                 KServiceID=@KServiceIDx
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, Finished deleting existing entries off WASPResolvedRouting...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            .
****************
30
           * Initially loop through the sales links
            * found on the legdetail table (high level
           * loop)... Only looping through those
           * items that are associated with this
35
            * entity and product/service type.
           SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=0
           SELECT @zPrevSaleMID=0
40
           EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT
            DECLARE LegDetailSaleCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                      SELECT
                                 PurchasePKG,
                                 RecMID,
45
                                 DelMID,
                                 SalesPKG.
                                 Receipt,
                                 LDIDPrev.
                                 GasDay,
                                 PurchasePointTID,
50
                                 Step
                                 FROM
                                            LegDetail
```

WHERE LegDetail.PurchasePointTID IN (SELECT DISTINCT TID FROM GasInv, Package, K WHERE GasInv.PKG=Package.PKG AND k.kid = Package.KID AND GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.DBCR=0 AND GasInv.PriceType=1 and Package.KProductID = @KProductIDx and Package.KServiceID = @KServiceIDx AND K.EntityCID = @EntityCIDx) AND LegDetail.GasDay>=@GasMonthx AND LegDetail.GasDay<=@zLastDay AND LegDetail.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND LegDetail.NomOrActuals=@WhichPricex AND LegDetail.LID=0 AND LegDetail.PurchasePKG>0 AND LegDetail.SalesPKG>0 ORDER BY LegDetail.SalesPKG, LegDetail.RecMID, LegDetail.PurchasePointTID, LegDetail.GasDay, LegDetail.PurchasePKG

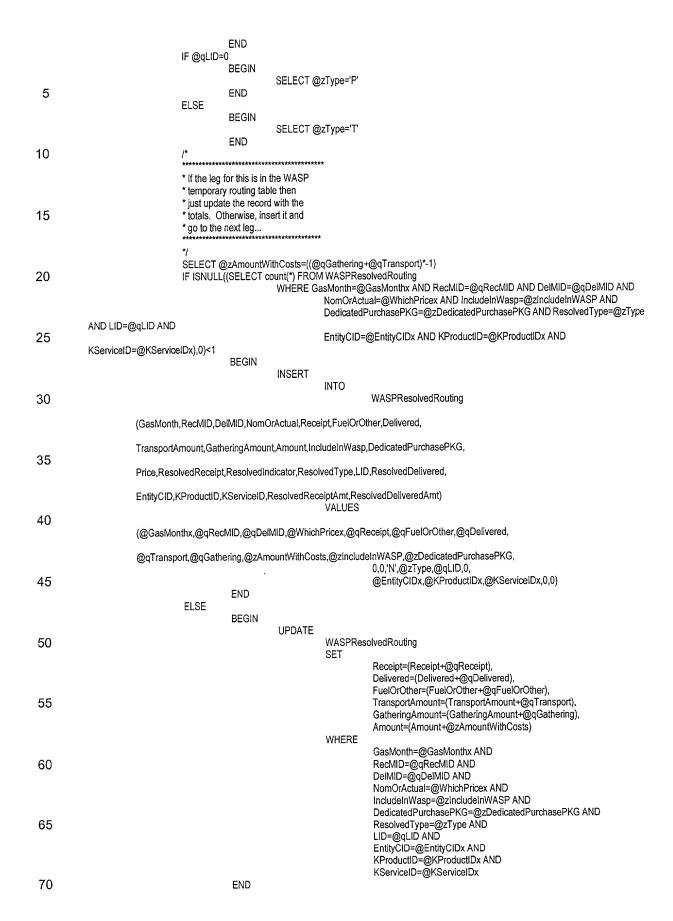
DECLARE @qTransport DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @qGathering DECIMAL(19,2)

```
SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, opening main sales cursor (LegDetailSaleCursor)...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           OPEN LegDetailSaleCursor
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, finished opening main sales cursor (LegDetailSaleCursor)...'
 5
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailSaleCursor INTO @yPurchasePKG,
                                           @yRecMID,@yDeIMID,@ySalesPKG,@yReceipt,@yLDIDPrev,@yGasDay,@yPurchasePointTID,@yStep
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
10
                                 ,
<del>*******************</del>
                                * Determine the classification of the
                                 * purchase deal attached to this sales
                                 * volume right here...
15
                                EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspIndicator @yPurchasePKG,@zIncludeInWasp OUTPUT
                                IF @zincludeinWasp='Common'
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @zDedicatedPurchasePKG=0
20
                                           END
                                ELSE
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @zDedicatedPurchasePKG=@yPurchasePKG
25
                                           END
                                 * If sales package has changed OR
                                 * the meter within a sales package
30
                                 * has changed then (amongst other
                                 * things) sum up any/all other costs
                                 * for the meter (this ensures that only
                                 * one instance of other cost entries
                                 * are totaled for a given sales deal
35
                                 * at a given meter).
                                 SELECT @zOtherCostAmount=0
                                 IF (@ySalesPKG<>@zPrevSalePKG) OR (@yRecMID<>@zPrevSaleMID)
40
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=@ySalesPKG
                                                      SELECT @zPrevSaleMID=@yRecMID
                                                      IF @WhichPricex=0
                                                                           SELECT @zOtherCostAmount=ISNULL((SELECT
45
            SUM(Engine.Amount) FROM GasInv, Engine WHERE GasInv.PKG=@ySalesPKG
                                                                                      AND GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
            Gasinv.PriceType=1 AND Engine.TID=Gasinv.TID AND Gasinv.Gasinv_MID=@yRecMID AND Engine.STID<>9),0)
                                                                 END
                                                      IF @WhichPricex=1
50
                                                                 BEGIN
                                                                           SELECT @zOtherCostAmount=ISNULL((SELECT
            SUM(Engine.AmountAct) FROM GasInv,Engine WHERE GasInv.PKG=@ySalesPKG
                                                                                      AND GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
            GasInv.PriceType=1 AND Engine.TID=GasInv.TID AND GasInv.GasInv_MID=@yRecMID AND Engine.STID<>9),0)
55
                                            END
60
                                 * Calculate the price and amount for the
                                 * sales item here (utilizing the Engine
                                  * calculation). The beginning volume is
                                 * the amount pulled off the sales association
                                 * on the database... Break from this
65
                                  * loop once the first price record has been
                                 * obtained (for this day)...
                                 SELECT @zPrice=0
70
                                 SELECT @zAmount=0
```





```
* inserted then it is time to insert the
           * transportation routing leg entries. THese
           * are summarized entries. No day-to-day
           * cursor processing is required only the
 5
           * sum of the unique days.
           * Transport legs (type 'T') and purchase
           * points (type 'P') are posted here..
10
           DECLARE LegDetailChaseCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                     SELECT
                                LegDetail.PurchasePKG,
                                LegDetail.LID,
                                LegDetail.RecMID,
15
                                LegDetail.DelMID,
                                SUM(LegDetail.Receipt),
                                SUM(LegDetail.Delivered),
                                SUM(LegDetail.FuelOrOther),
                                ROUND(SUM(LegDetail.Receipt*LegDetail.TransportationRate),2),
20
                                ROUND(SUM(LegDetail.Receipt*LegDetail.GatheringRate),2)
                                FROM
                                           LegDetail
                                WHERE
                                           LegDetail.PurchasePointTID IN (SELECT DISTINCT TID FROM GasInv, Package, K WHERE
25
           GasInv.PKG=Package.PKG AND k.kid = Package.KID AND GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.DBCR=0 AND GasInv.PriceType=1
           and Package.KProductID = @KProductIDx and Package.KServiceID = @KServiceIDx AND K.EntityCID = @EntityCIDx) AND
                                           LegDetail.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                           LegDetail.GasDay>=@GasMonthx AND
                                           LegDetail.GasDay<=@zLastDay AND
30
                                           LegDetail.NomOrActuals=@WhichPricex AND
                                           LegDetail.SalesPKG=0
                                GROUP BY
                                           LegDetail.PurchasePKG,
35
                                           LegDetail.LID,
                                           LegDetail.RecMID,
                                           LegDetail.DelMID
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, running query to create transportation legs...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=0
40
           SELECT @zPrevSaleMID=0
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, opening cursor (LegDetailChaseCursor)...'
           EXECUTE usp Message @zMessage
           OPEN LegDetailChaseCursor
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, finished opening cursor (LegDetailChaseCursor)...'
45
            EXECUTE usp Message @zMessage
            FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailChaseCursor INTO @qPurchasePKG,@qLID,@qRecMID,@qDelMID,@qReceipt,@qDelivered,@qFuelOrOther,
                                                                                     @qTransport,@qGathering
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
50
                      BEGIN
                                 * Determine the classification of the
                                  purchase deal attached to this transort
                                 * volume right here...
55
                                 IF (@qPurchasePKG<>@zPrevSalePKG) OR (@QLID<>@zPrevSaleMID)
                                           BEGIN
60
                                                      SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=@qPurchasePKG
                                                      SELECT @zPrevSaleMID=@qLID
                                           END
                                 EXECUTE usp fGetWaspindicator @qPurchasePKG,@zIncludeInWasp OUTPUT
                                 IF @zincludelnWasp='Common'
65
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @zDedicatedPurchasePKG=0
                                           END
                                 ELSE
                                           BEGIN
70
                                                      SELECT @zDedicatedPurchasePKG=@qPurchasePKG
```



$\label{eq:perconstruction} FETCH \ NEXT \ FROM \ Leg DetailChase Cursor \ INTO \\ @qPurchase PKG, @qLID, @qRecMID, @qDelMID, @qReceipt, @qDelivered, @qFuelOrOther, \\$

@qTransport,@qGathering

5	END CLOSE LegDetailChaseCursor DEALLOCATE LegDetailChaseCursor SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN Has Finished' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
10	END
15	
20	
25	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
30	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPClearMonth(@GasMonthx DATETIME)
35	AS BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON /*
40	Name: usp_PSPriceWaspClearMonth Description: This routine will represents the common 'clean up' routine that will purge anything on the database that can be purged.
45	The tables cleared include the following:
40	GasInvD (zero volume days for EstAct, Nom, PipelineActuals) LegDetail (zero volume routing entries)
50	Inputs:
30	GasMonthx (gas month to calculate),
	History:
	and the same of th
55	06/30/1999 JAMIE Original creation
55 60	08/04/1999 JAMIE Original creation 08/04/1999 JAMIE Modifications to not delete the entries in the WASPPurchaseMeterTotals table. This is becuase this table contains the information necessary to calculate the margins on a deal. All other supporting table entries will be deleted.
	08/04/1999 JAMIE Modifications to not delete the entries in the WASPPurchaseMeterTotals table. This is becuase this table contains the information necessary to calculate the margins on a deal. All other

```
this is for any/all other residuals.
          08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to remove obsolete cleanup tables
          such as old routing tables/etc.
 5
          DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254)
          DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME
10
          DECLARE @wTID INTEGER
          DECLARE @wGasDay DATETIME
          DECLARE @gLDID INTEGER
15
          SELECT @zMessage = '**** STARTED, PSPriceWASPClearMonth' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
          EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT
20
          * Remove daily inventory items that
          * are now zero...
          DECLARE GasinvDCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
25
                    SELECT
                              Gaslnv.TID,
                              GasInvD.GasDav
                              FROM
30
                                       Gaslnv,
                                       GasInvD
                              WHERE
                                       GasinvD.TID = Gasinv.TID AND
                                       GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
35
                                       GasInvD.EstAct = 0 AND
                                       GasinvD.Nom = 0 AND
                                        GasInvD.PipelineActuals = 0
                              ORDER BY
                                        GasInv.TID,
40
                                       GasInvD.GasDay
          SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Started removing ZEROd out Inventory Items...'
          EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
          OPEN GasInvDCursor
          FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvDCursor INTO @wTID, @wGasDay
45
          WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                    BEGIN
                              BEGIN TRANSACTION
                              DELETE FROM GasInvD WHERE TID=@wTiD AND GasDay=@wGasDay
                              COMMIT WORK
50
                              FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvDCursor INTO @wTiD, @wGasDay
                    END
           CLOSE GasInvDCursor
           DEALLOCATE GasInvDCursor
           SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Finished removing ZEROd out Inventory Items...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
55
           * Remove any routing items that had
           * no entries within them.
60
           DECLARE LegDetailCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                    SĒLECT
                              LDID
65
                              FROM
                                        LegDetail
                              WHERE
                                        GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                        Receipt=0 AND
70
                                        Delivered=0 AND
```

Balance=0 AND FuelOrOther=0

ORDER BY

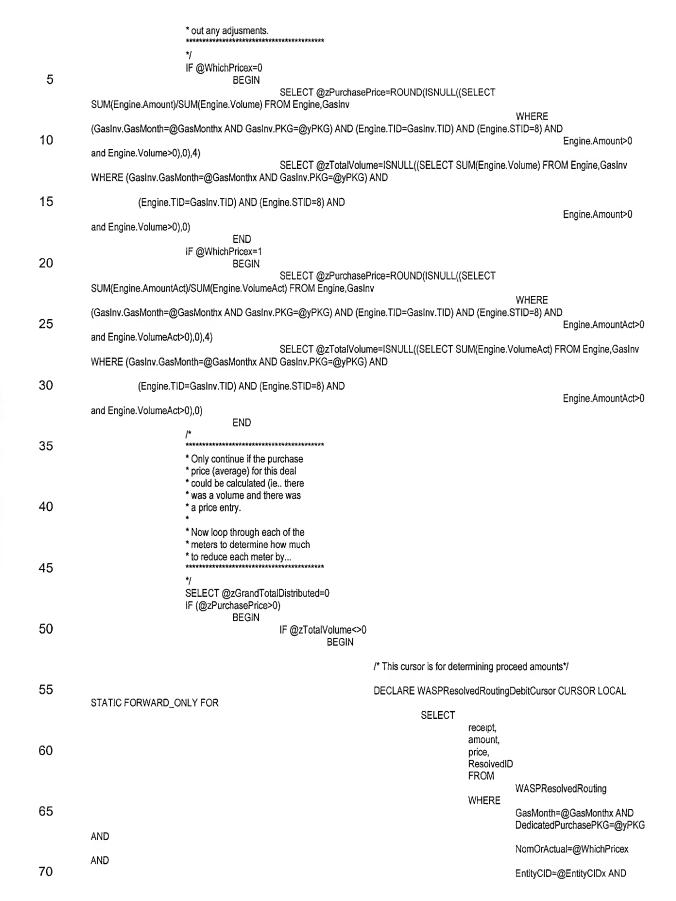
PurchasePointTID

	PurchasePointTID
5	SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Started removing ZEROd out Routing (LegDetail) Items.
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
	OPEN LegDetailCursor
	FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailCursor INTO @qLDID
10	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
10	BEGIN TRANSACTION
	DELETE FROM LegDetail WHERE LDID=@qLDID
	COMMIT WORK
	FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailCursor INTO @qLDID
15	END
	CLOSE LegDetailCursor
	DEALLOCATE LegDetailCursor SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Started removing ZEROd out Routing (LegDetail) Items.
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
20	SELECT @zMessage = '**** FINISHED, PSPriceWASPClearMonth'
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
	END
0.5	
25	
	GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
	GO
30	
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
	GO
	CDEATE DDOCEDUDE upp. DSDripp\MASDDivipOutDroppeds\/
35	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN(@GasMonthx DATETIME,
55	@WhichPricex INTEGER,
	@EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12)
	AS
40	
70	BEGIN
40	BEGIN /* **********************************
40	/* ***********************************
40	/*
45	/* ***********************************
	/* ***********************************
	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order
	/* ***********************************
45	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another.
	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table
45	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id
45	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table
45 50	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id or a common wasp meter pool point that is to receive the proceeds). These fields are mutually exclusive on the deal table.
45	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id or a common wasp meter pool point that is to receive the proceeds). These fields are mutually exclusive on the deal table. The default for all deals is the deal itself (for owning the proceeds). Only
45 50	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id or a common wasp meter pool point that is to receive the proceeds). These fields are mutually exclusive on the deal table. The default for all deals is the deal itself (for owning the proceeds). Only if the FinancialPKG or FinancialMID field has been entered will it be
45 50	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id or a common wasp meter pool point that is to receive the proceeds). These fields are mutually exclusive on the deal table. The default for all deals is the deal itself (for owning the proceeds). Only if the FinancialPKG or FinancialMID field has been entered will it be distributed elsewhere. The distribution amount (if any) will be posted
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45 50 55	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id or a common wasp meter pool point that is to receive the proceeds). These fields are mutually exclusive on the deal table. The default for all deals is the deal itself (for owning the proceeds). Only if the FinancialPKG or FinancialMID field has been entered will it be distributed elsewhere. The distribution amount (if any) will be posted on the from deal record (either in the FinancialNomAmount or FinancialActAmount field, dependant on which price is calculating). This procedure works for 3rd party deals only (deal classification rule is equal to 'None'). The reason for this is because these are the only types of deals where we know the actual margin ('Common' (Wasp)
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45 50 55	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description: This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another. These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id or a common wasp meter pool point that is to receive the proceeds). These fields are mutually exclusive on the deal table. The default for all deals is the deal itself (for owning the proceeds). Only if the FinancialPKG or FinancialMID field has been entered will it be distributed elsewhere. The distribution amount (if any) will be posted on the from deal record (either in the FinancialNomAmount or FinancialActAmount field, dependant on which price is calculating). This procedure works for 3rd party deals only (deal classification rule is equal to 'None'). The reason for this is because these are the only types of deals where we know the actual margin ('Common' (Wasp) and sanctioned sales (Dedicated) are netback calculated deals. For all FinancialPKG/MID entries this procedure will:

Inputs: 5 GasMonthx - Gas Month WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals EntityCIDx - owning company/entity History: 10 07/27/1999 JAMIE Original Creation. 10/13/1999 JAMIE Modified to cast the distribution amounts to decimal(18,4). This is because of bug receiving correct amount to distrubute when dividing 15 two integers. 03/30/2000 JAMIE Modified the program to not use the 'PackageLinks' table but to use the FinancialPKG field stored on the deal table. This was done as part of the integration with linking and the new route 20 05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the owning company/entity. 07/28/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to post the updates of what is 25 being distributed back to the Package table (for the 'from' deal) and then post the amounts to the WASP Purchase Meter table (for deals) or WASP Legs for meters. This change was done in order to facilitate the reordering of the calculations. 30 08/07/2000 JAMIE Modified so that even if diving to a specific deal IF that deal is a wasp deal then all deals that share the same original purchase point meters as the deal being divied to (in the 'Common' pool) will share in the divie. 35 08/18/2000 JAMIE Modified so that if diving to a specific deal then the amount will go to the WASPResolvedRouting table versus the obsolete WASPPurchaseMeterTable. 40 */ * Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. 45 DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME DECLARE @zPurchasePrice DECIMAL(19,6) 50 DECLARE @zincludelnWasp VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @zTotalVolume INTEGER DECLARE @zGrandTotalDistributed DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zTempVolPercent DECIMAL(19,4)
DECLARE @zAmountToDistribute DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zMarginPrice DECIMAL(18,4) 55 DECLARE @zMarginAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zFoundDedicated VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters INTEGER DECLARE @zAmountToCredit DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zSumofFBOPKGMeters INTEGER 60 DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER DECLARE @yFinancialPKG INTEGER DECLARE @yKProductID INTEGER 65 DECLARE @yKServiceID INTEGER DECLARE @yFinancialMID INTEGER DECLARE @yWASPReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yWASPAmount DECIMAL(19,2) 70 DECLARE @yWASPPrice DECIMAL(19,6)

volume weightings to the deal.

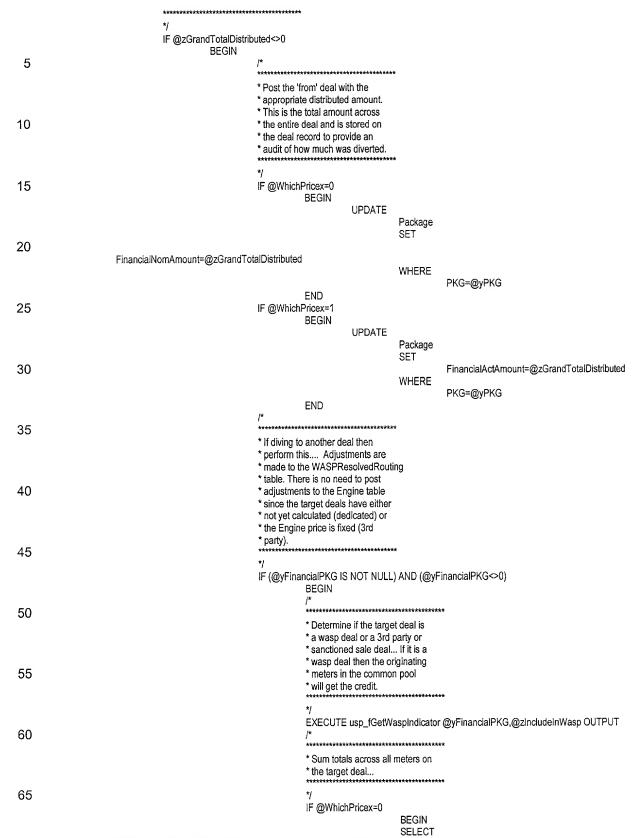
	DECLARE @yWASPRe	solvedID INT	EGER	
5	DECLARE @yWASPCreditReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yWASPCreditAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yWASPCreditPrice DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yWASPCreditResolvedID INTEGER			
10	DECLARE @qDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @qAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @qPrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @qResolvedID INTEGER			
15	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN, ***STARTED*** EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT /*			
20	* At this point we want to loop * through all of the packages * (deals) on the system that had * requested that the proceeds * be divied to other deals.			
	*/			
25	DECLARE ProceedsCu SELECT	irsor CURSO	R LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR	
30		PKG, FinancialPK KProductID, KServiceID, FinancialMll FROM		
35			Package, K	
40	(FinancialMID<>0)))	ORDER BY	(K.KID=Package.KID) AND (K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx) AND (StartDate BETWEEN @GasMonthx AND @zLastDay) AND (((FinancialPKG IS NOT NULL) AND (FinancialPKG<>0)) OR ((FinancialMID IS NOT NULL) AND PKG	
45	OPEN ProceedsCursor FETCH NEXT FROM F WHILE @@FETCH_S' BEGIN	roceedsCurs	or INTO @yPKG,@yFinancialPKG,@yKProductlD,@yKServiceID,@yFinancialMID	
50	VARCHAR(12))	SELECT @	ANSACTION IZMESSAGE = 'PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN, Proceeds divied from deal' + CAST(@yPKG as usp_Message @zMessage	
55		* Get the ag * price from * 'from' purc	greed upon purchase the engine for the chase deal. The total	
60		* obtained h * * Base the p	oross all days is also nere (for all meters). price on the weighted for all entries within e table.	
65			s the single weighted oost across all wells	
70			should be the price ound PRIOR to diving	



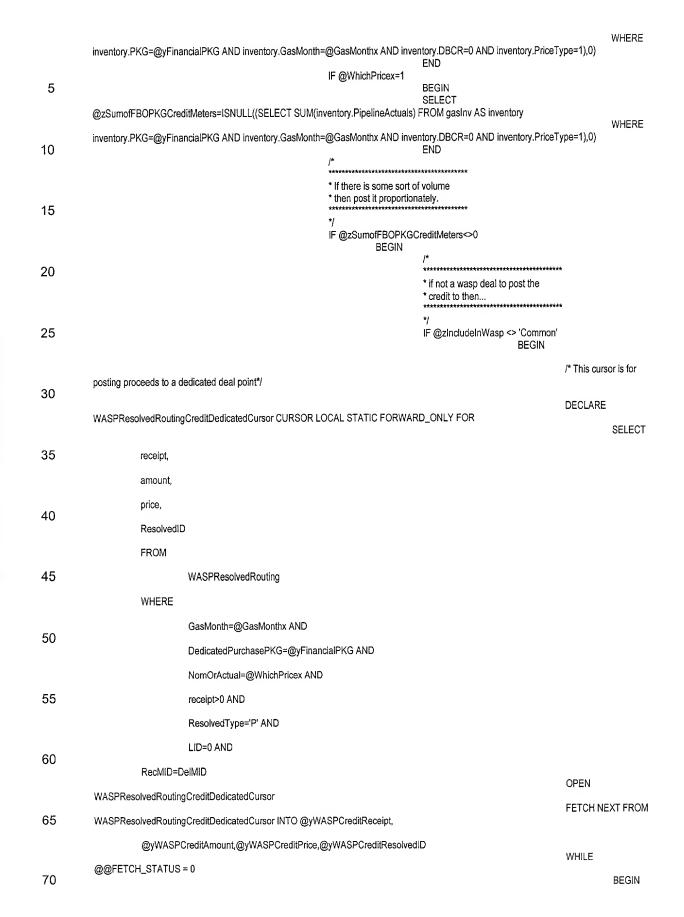
5

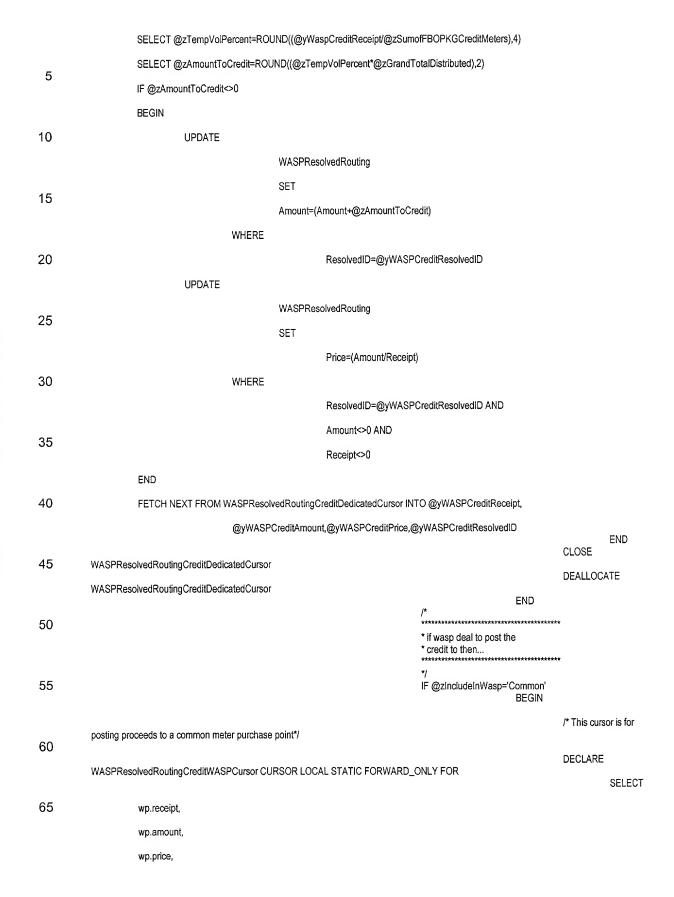
KProductID=@yKProductID AND KServiceID=@yKServiceID AND ResolvedType='P' AND LID=0 AND RecMID=DeIMID

Ü	OPEN WASPResolvedRoutingDebitCursor FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedRoutingDebitCursor INTO				
	@yWASPReceipt,@yWASPAmount,	OTT 12/11 11 10 11 11 11	To Thomas County of the County	20,	
10	@yWASPPrice,@yWASPResolvedID		FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN		
	@zPurchasePrice),4)	;	SELECT @zMarginPrice=ROU	IND((@yWASPP	rice-
15	@zMarginAmt=ROUND((@zMarginPrice*@zTotalVolume),2)	:	SELECT		
	<u>g</u>	١	IF @yWaspReceipt>0 BEGIN	SELECT	
20	@zTempVolPercent=ROUND((@yWaspReceipt/@zTotalVolume)),4)		SELECT	
	@zAmountToDistribute=ROUND((@zTempVolPercent*@zMargin	nAmt),2)		SELECT	
25	@zGrandTotalDistributed=@zGrandTotalDistributed+@zAmountT	ToDistribute		UPDATE	
	WASPResolvedRouting				SET
30	Amount=Amount+(@zAmountToDistribute*-1)				WHERE
	ResolvedID=@yWASPResolvedID			UPDATE	
35	WASPResolvedRouting			OFBATE	SET
40	Price=(Amount/Receipt)				WHERE
	ResolvedID=@yWASPResolvedID AND				
45	Receipt<>0 AND				
40	Amount<>0		END		
50	INTO @yWASPReceipt,@yWASPAmount,		FETCH NEXT FROM WASPR	esolvedRoutingD	ebitCursor
00	@yWASPPrice,@yWASPResolvedID		END		
		CLOSE WAS	END SPResolvedRoutingDebitCurso TE WASPResolvedRoutingDel		
55	END		TE WASFResolvedRoddingDel	Modisor	
	END /* **********************************				
60	* At this point, if there has been any * proceeds distributed from the * purchase deal then go and distribute * the amount back to the deal where				
65	* that is receiving credit. This is * based on the volume weighting * distribution at the target 'to' meter. * The fold of the target 'to' in the south in the				
70	* The field zGrandTotalDistributed contain * the total dollar amount to be credited * the the meters (based on volume * weighting.	115			



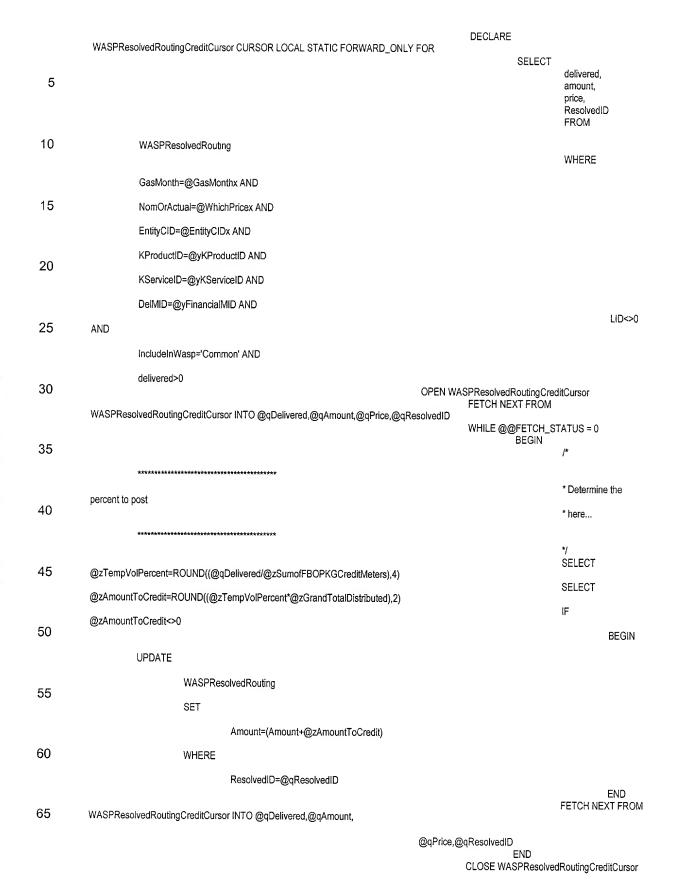
@zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(inventory.Nom) FROM gasInv AS inventory





	wp.ResolvedID			
5	FROM			
ວ	WASPResolvedRouting AS wp,			
	GasInv AS g			
10	WHERE			
	g.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND			
45	g.PKG=@yFinancialPKG AND			
15	g.Gasinv_MiD=wp.RecMiD AND			
	wp.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND			
20	wp.DedicatedPurchasePKG=0 AND			
	wp.lncludeInWasp='Common' AND			
25	wp.NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND			
23	wp.receipt>0 AND			
	wp.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND			
30	wp.KProductID=@yKProductID AND			
	wp.KServiceID=@yKServiceID AND			
35	wp.ResolvedType='P' AND			
33	wp.LID=0 AND			
	wp.RecMiD=DelMiD	OPEN		
40	WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPCursor	FETCH NEXT FROM		
	WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPCursor INTO @yWASPCreditReceipt,	TETOTINEXT TROM		
45	@yWASPCreditAmount,@yWASPCreditPrice,@yWASPCreditResolvedID	WHILE		
70	@@FETCH_STATUS = 0	BEGIN		
	SELECT @zTempVolPercent=ROUND((@yWaspCreditReceipt/@zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters),4)	250		
50	SELECT @zAmountToCredit=ROUND((@zTempVolPercent*@zGrandTotalDistributed),2)			
	IF @zAmountToCredit<>0			
55	BEGIN			
	UPDATE			
	WASPResolvedRouting			
60	SET			
	Amount=(Amount+@zAmountToCredit)			
65	WHERE			
	ResolvedID=@yWASPCreditResolvedID			
	UPDATE			

WASPResolvedRouting SET 5 Price=(Amount/Receipt) WHERE 10 ResolvedID=@yWASPCreditResolvedID AND Amount<>0 AND Receipt<>0 15 **END** FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPCursor INTO @yWASPCreditReceipt, 20 @yWASPCreditAmount,@yWASPCreditPrice,@yWASPCreditResolvedID **END** CLOSE WASPR esolved Routing Credit WASP CursorDEALLOCATE 25 WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPCursor **END** END **END** 30 * If diving to the WASP pool then * the total distributed is posted * proportionately on each leg that * contains this meter in the 35 * 'Common' pool. , IF (@yFinancialMID IS NOT NULL) AND (@yFinancialMID<>0) BEGIN 40 * Sum totals across all legs that * have the same meter in the * 'Common' pool for the month. 45 SELECT @zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Delivered) FROM WaspResolvedRouting WHERE 50 GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND LID<>0 AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND IncludeInWasp='Common' AND EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@yKProductID AND 55 KServiceID=@yKServiceID AND DelMID=@yFinancialMID),0) * If there is some sort of volume 60 * then post it proportionately to * each of the legs in the WASP * resolved routing table. 65 IF @zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters<>0 BEGIN /* This cursor is for posting proceeds to a wasp pool (non entry point)*/ 70



DEALLOCATE WASPResolvedRoutingCreditCursor

END **END**

5 END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM ProceedsCursor INTO @yPKG,@yFinancialPKG,@yKProductiD,@yKServiceID,@yFinancialMID

END CLOSE ProceedsCursor

10 DEALLOCATE ProceedsCursor

SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN, ***FINISHED***

EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage

15

20

30

25

SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON

SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON

GO

CREATE PROCEDURE usp_fGetCalcIndex(

@TIDx INTEGER,

@NomOrActualx INTEGER, 35 @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12), @KProductIDx INTEGER, @KServiceIDx INTEGER,

@GasMonthx DATETIME,

@rReturnValue DECIMAL(19,6) OUTPUT 40

> AS **BEGIN**

45 Name: usp_fGetCalcIndex

> Description: This is the main process for finding the actual price that was calculated for a WASP purchase deal. The WASPResolvedRouting table contains all of the prices for WASP purchases.

50

An attempt should first be made to see if the price can be resolved by reading for a 'Dedicated' wasp pool (sanctioned sales/purchases are more or less dedicated). The purchase deal id must match the dedicated purchase pkg field

on the WASPResolvedRouting. 55

If the specific package cannot be found then the purchase meter will be used

(ie.. 'Common' wasp pool).

Inputs:

TIDx - Unique Key to gas inventory record (GasInv)

NomOrActualx - 0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations

EntityCIDx - owner KProductIDx - product id

65 KServiceIDx - service

GasMonthx - Current gas month rReturnValue - OUTPUT return value

History:

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60

```
06/29/1999 JAMIE Modified from original creation
           (date of original creation?) to support WASP calc changes V2.20.
           06/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to get wasp prices based on entity,
  5
           product, and service.
           08/18/2000 JAMIE Modified to get the wasp prices off the WASPResolvedRouting
           table versus the obsolete WASPPurchaseMeterTable.
10
           11/07/2000 JAMIE Modifications to convert from Watcom-SQL to
           Transact-SQL.
                15
           * Declare all variables and cursors
           * that are needed by this process.
20
           DECLARE @ymid INTEGER
           DECLARE @ypkg INTEGER
           DECLARE @ygasmonth DATETIME
           DECLARE @yWorkValue DECIMAL(19,6)
25
           DECLARE @message VARCHAR(255)
           * Initialize key fields and then get
           * the meter and deal information
30
           * off the gas inventory table.
           SELECT @rReturnValue=0
           SELECT
35
                     @ymid=gasinv_mid,
                     @ypkg=pkg,
                     @ygasmonth=gasmonth
                     FROM
                                gasinv
40
                     WHERE
                               tid=@tidx
           ******
           * Now try and read the price off the
45
           * WASPResolvedRouting with
           * an assumption that it could be a
           * sanctioned sale deal.
           */
50
           ,
*******************************
           * If price is a dedicated purchase
           * price then get that number. Otherwise,
           * the the price from the WASP pool.
55
           IF ((SELECT count(*) FROM WASPResolvedRouting
                     WHERE DedicatedPurchasePKG=@ypkg AND GasMonth=@ygasmonth AND IncludeInWasp='Dedicated' AND
           NomOrActual=@NomOrActualx AND RecMID=@ymid
60
                                         AND DelMID=@ymid AND ResolvedType='P' AND LID=0 AND EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND
           KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx) > 0)
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @yWorkValue=Price FROM WASPResolvedRouting
                                         WHERE DedicatedPurchasePKG=@ypkg AND GasMonth=@ygasmonth AND IncludeInWasp='Dedicated'
65
           AND NomOrActual=@NomOrActualx AND RecMID=@ymid
                                                   AND DelMID=@ymid AND ResolvedType='P' AND LID=0 AND EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND
           KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx
                     END
           ELSE
70
                     BEGIN
```

SELECT @yWorkValue=Price FROM WASPResolvedRouting WHERE RecMID=@ymid AND DelMID=@ymid AND LID=0 AND ResolvedType='P' AND gasmonth=@ygasmonth AND IncludeInWasp='Common' AND NomOrActual=@NomOrActualx AND EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx END

* If some sort of price was found then

* return with it... Otherwise zeros

* are returned (no price calculated).

*//
/*

15

SELECT @message = 'WASP Price' +

CAST(@yWorkValue AS VARCHAR(12)) +

' for meter id' +

CAST(@yWorkValue AS VARCHAR(12)) +

' for meter id ' +

CAST(@ymid AS VARCHAR(12))

EXECUTE usp_message @message

*/

IF @vWorkValue IS NOT NULL

IF @yWorkValue IS NOT NULL BEGIN

END

SELECT @rReturnValue=@yWorkValue

25 END

5

20

35

40

45

50

GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

The present invention has been disclosed, illustrated, and described in relation to a client-server application that facilitates pricing and distribution of fuel to a customer. Although centralized data storage and manipulation is preferred in regard to the version of the system that has been provided, the inventors contemplate other applications and enhancements that certainly are within the scope of the present invention. For example, the present invention relies on data inputs and feeds from a variety of entities such as producers, transporters, etc. Although such data inputs are often entered manually into the systems provided by the present invention, such data inputs could be automatically delivered and stored within data store 106 (FIG. 2). For example, transporters controlling actual meters along a gas pipeline, for example, could be outfitted with remote sensors and transmitters that provide shipment volume, etc. details directly to the systems provided by the present invention. Moreover, data inputs such as indexing datum used to drive pricing, etc. may be similarly obtained. And, since such data inputs can come from a variety of sources,

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modern communications technologies such as the Internet, wireless technologies, etc. could all be used to couple an operator of the systems and methods provided by the present invention with such sources. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to any particular data retrieval system, topology, method, or paradigm. Those skilled in the art will be immediately able to adapt and modify the underlying data collection capabilities of the systems and methods provided by the present invention to incorporate such new and modern technologies and techniques.

Finally, it should be noted that the present invention contemplates and provides for an elaborate reporting capability as provided within the software contained on the attached compact disc. Those skilled in the art of computer programming and those familiar with fuel deal management will immediately understand that any number of report may be prepared to suit and satisfy management requirements. The database tables maintained by the present invention certainly support all types of relational type queries that such reports may require.

Thus, having fully described the present invention by way of example with reference to the attached drawing figures, it will be readily appreciated that many changes and modifications may be made to the invention and to any of the exemplary embodiments shown and/or described herein without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention which is defined in the appended claims.